THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

W. A. HEMPHILL & CO. | ATLANTA, GEORGIA, SUNDAY, SEPTEMBER 7, 1873. | VOLUME VI—NUMBER 69

SPECIAL.

Funeral Mr. W. A. Hopson.

POISONING CASE IN JONES COUNTY.

Macon Special to Atlanta Constitution.

MACON, GA., September 6, 1873.

The funeral of W. A. Hopson, this afternoon, was a very large one. There was a large attendance. Many of the business houses were closed. The Masons, the Macon Volunteers, the Board of Trade, and a great concourse of citizens were in the procession.

The Reverand Mr. Johnson officiated. The following gentleman acted as pall-bearers: From the Masons, Capt. Thaddeus Y. Holt and Mr. A. Nix. From the Board of Trade and citizens generally, Col. C. A. Nutting, Mr. John Fort, Col. J. H. Blount, Mr. A. R. Tinsley. From the Macon Volunteers, Chas. Emmili, and W. W. Wrigly.

The funeral testified to the deep hold that the deceased had taken upon the entire community by his excellencies of character and genial deportment.

POISONING CASE.

Jones county has a tragic sensation in the shape of a horrible case of wife poisoning. A man by the name of James Greene is the poisoner, and his wife died after several day's painful illness. Greene is now in jail. No particulars of the terrible event are yet furnished.

THE STATE FAIR.

Most extensive preparations are being generally made for the State Fair. Mr. E. E. Brown, the enterprising proprietor of the Brown House, left for New York to-night to make arrangements for the eight hundred or one thousand people he expects to entertain at his hotel during the fair.

DEATH.

It is rumored that John W. Price of Americus, has died from typhoid fever.

BY TELEGRAPH

TO THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

SATURDAY NOON NEWS.

SUNBEAMS.

DEFAULTER ARRESTED.

ST. LOUIS, September 6.—Whitcomb, formerly agent of the St. Louis Life Insurance Company for Indiana, has been arrested. He is charged with $200,000 defalcation.

PRIZE FIGHTER DEAD.

LITTLE ROCK, September 6.—Australian Kelly, the prize fighter, is dead.

Johnson, a lawyer of Williamsburg, has been indicted for the implication of railroad bond forgeries.

SERRANO GONE TO SPAIN.

LONDON, September 6.—Haur has a special from Bearritz stating that Serrano has gone to Madrid.

POLITICS.

BUTLER FALLING BEHIND IN MASSACHUSETTS—THE CALIFORNIA ANTI-MONOPOLY VICTORY CONFIRMED.

In Texas the Democrats Nominate Judge Richard Cake for Governor.

MASSACHUSETTS.

BOSTON, September 6.—The Journal's returns give Washburn 290, Butler 262, doubtful 36.

CALIFORNIA.

SANFRANCISCO, September 6. — Reports from the interior, confirm the success of the anti-monopoly candidates.

TEXAS.

AUSTIN, Septembur 6.—On the first ballot for Governor, Richard Cake received 309 votes, Charles Demonz 243, John Ireland 143, C. M. Winkler 105, R. D. Walker 75, scattering 9, necessary to a choice 474.

LATER.—On the sixth ballot yesterday in the Democratic convention for candidate for Governor, Richard Cake, of Waco, received 659 votes—more than two-thirds of the entire vote—and was declared the nominee of the convention. When the vote was announced Colonel Hubbard, only opponent of Cake in the last ballot, moved that the nomination be declared unanimous. The motion passed unanimously, amidst throwing up of hats and wildest excitement.

Judge Cake was called to the stand, and in a short speech thanked the convention for the honor bestowed upon him.

Col. Charles Stewart, of Houston, moved that the Hon. R. B. Hubbard be declared the unanimous choice of the convention for Lieutenant-Governor. Col. John Henry Brown in a short speech withdrew his name as a candidate and seconded the unanimous nomination of Hubbard. He was followed by the other aspirants Col. Findly, W. H. King and L. J. Jones. Col. Hubbard was then declared the unanimous choice of the convention. Stephen H. Darden, of Lockport, was unanimously declared the choice of the convention for Comptroller.

THE HALIFAX GALE.

STILL DETAILS OF THE DISASTER POUR IN.

HALIFAX, September 6.—The American revenue cutter Wooding, from Boston for Cape Breton and Magdalen Islands, arrived this morning, The coast wrecking steamer Lackawanna, engaged for several months on the Atlantic wreck, sailed for New York to-day, the company having abandoned the wreck, which will now be sold.

The cable steamer Kangaroo sailed for London last evening. Heavy southwest wind and rain storm prevailed last night and to-day. A letter received here to-day from Magdalen Islands gives the following particulars regarding the late storm there:

The tide rose to an extraordinary height, causing a very heavy sea in the bay, and the vessels to ride heavily at their anchors. At daylight on the morning of the 25th, the scene that presented itself at Amherst harbor is above description. Nine American schooners were already ashore and wrecked between Amherst and Bacque harbors, and during the day vessel after vessel continued to break adrift from her moorings; those far enough to windward ran for harbor, and anchored with ground tackle they had left on board, while others, who had none, were obliged to run on the beach to save the lives of the crews. Many did not strike the channel and were wrecked. At noon the barometer fell to its lowest point, 2690, the sea and beach at this time being covered with the debris of the wreck, and hundreds of shipwrecked, destitute mariners were wandering about the beach, not knowing where to go to find food or shelter from the storm. The inhabitants of the village did all in their power to relieve the sufferers, and administered to their wants as well as their humble means would afford.

About 4 P. M., the barque Swift from Jersey from Blanc Labon, which had been riding with four anchors and cable ahead, was driven from them all, and having one hundred souls on board she endeavored to reach the harbor for safety, when nearing the breakers she became unmanageable and was drove upon the beach at its entrance, and became a wreck. When night closed in forty-three vessels were on shore wrecked. Fortunately the loss of life has been small, only three bodies are missing from schooner E. Smith, of Wellfleet, Mass. One of the bodies have been recovered.

EARLY NIGHT NEWS

THE TEXAS DEMOCRACY.

THE PLATFORM—A BOLD ARRAIGNMENT OF RADICALISM AND ADHESION DECLARED TO DEMOCRATIC PRINCIPLES.

AUSTIN, September 6.—The following are the leading points of the platform adopted by the Democratic State Convention after the usual preliminaries:

The Convention congratulates the people on the repeal of many odious and oppressive acts passed by the Republican Legislature.—They proclaim that when the Democratic party comes into power they will administer the government in the interest and for the benefit of the whole people and not for party ends, however so much they have been provoked to hostile and retaliatory measures bo outrages committed upon them by Republicans and the State Government.

It will be part of the great Mission to rise superior to their just resentments and restore the government in such a manner that every citizen of whatever politics, religion, nationality or color, shall feel he is really protected in his life, liberty and prosperity. That the Democratic party affirms the past opinions and policy it has ever pursued; that it is bound in duty of state to maintain an efficient system of common schools, and to insure means of securing a common education to every child in the State, and that every adopted citizen may enter into the spirit of perfect freedom and act in matters of conscience. The Democracy of Texas declare it to be their firm conviction, that legal interferance with merely social habits of any class of citizens of native or foreign birth is contrary to sound policy, to genuine Democracy, and to the enlightened spirit of the age.

They favor the calling of a constitutional convention by the next legislature.

The Democracy of Texas adhere to their past policy of developing the material resources of the State, and favoring the best interests of the people by encouraging the construction of railroads. That to this end and to encourage investments of capital in such enterprises, they will favor granting liberal charters to companies able to build such railroads, and the donating to such companies of alternate sections of vacant lands under proper restrictions, and with such provisions of law as will protect people against oppression and unreasonable action, until each section of the State has its equal proportion of road. They are opposed to granting money subsidies by the State to builders of railroads as unequal in the distribution of burdens and benefits, and unjust in principle.

This Convention denounces as false and slanderous the refstations sought to be attached to the State of Texas by her enemies that she contemplates repudiation of any of her just and legal liabilities; that the situation and sufferings of our frontiersmen and their families are deplorable and demand our sincere sympathy; and that the most earnest exertion of the Democratic party will be used to renew their speedy and adequate protection in the future, believing this to be paramount to all other duties.

The report of the committee is signed by John H. Reagan, Chairman, and other members.

The following resolutions were unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That we deprecate the action of anddenounce members of Congress who cooperated with the Republican majority and President Grant in the passage of the back salary bill. The resolution passed by the Ohio Democratic Convention, denouncing Grant's policy in regard to Louisiana, was concurred in and the report of the committee on platform was unanimously adopted.

NEW ORLEANS, September 6.—The Austin Convention remained in session until 2 o'clock this morning, when it adjourned sine die.

OUR CALAMITY DEPARTMENT

BUTLER AHEAD—MEXICO SOOTHING—YELLOW FEVER—FATAL GAMBLERS FIGHT—POISONING—DEATH—RAILROAD TROUBLE.

MASSACHUSETTS.

BOSTON, September 6.—Footings at Butler's Head Quarters show Butler 316; Washburn 293.

TROUBLE IN TEXAS.

MATAMORAS, September 6.—An outbreak is threatened over the contest for the Governorship of Nuevo Leon, no candidate having a majority the result will be with the Legislature.

YELLOW JACK.

NEW ORLEANS, September 6.—Great anxiety is felt at Galveston and Shreveport. Private telegrams state that boats for Galveston are quarantined at Houston, thereby stopping all through travel.

GAMBLERS KILLED.

SAN FRANCISCO, September 6.—Wm. Dwyer, a prize fighter, stabbed and killed Andy F. Ruegate and Jack White. The gamblers exchanged the contents of their six shooters. Both of them are dead. Each were hit three times.

DETROIT DISASTERS.

DETROIT, September 6.—Ddward Moore, charged with poisoning his mother-in-law, succeeded.

A portion of the new round house of the Michigan and Central Railroad fell to-day, killing three of the Coronor's jury.

At Muir on the Detroit and Michigan Railroad disaster, it was found that Wm. Brown, brakeman on the express train was criminally guilty of disobeying orders of the conductor, to go back further towards the freight train. The jury also said the conductor Shearan, engineers Montrael, and Bakeman, Colnay and Law of the freight train, guilty of criminal negligence; the engineer for running at a greater rate speed than the companies rules allowed. The conductor for not having the brakesmen at their posts, and the brakemen for not being at their posts They are are all in custody except Brown, who is in Canada.

NEW YORK ARRESTS AND DEATHS.

NEW YORK, Aug. 6.—Jos. Y. Yates and James M. Johnson are arrested on charge of complicity in recent forgeries in Wall Street. They were taken before Judge Davis to-day on writs of habeas corpus. Counsel assisting District Attorney said indictment against Yates was under consideration and would probably be returned Monday. The writs were then adjourned to Oyer and Terminer Court on Monday.

Chas. A. Lomont, a prominent member of the Board of Brokers, fell from the third story in his residence on Fifth Avenue last night and was killed.

THE WEATHER.

PARTLY CLOUDY WEATHER AND OCCASIONAL RAIN IN GEORGIA.

WASHINGTON, September 6.—Probabilities—For New England, on Sunday, light to fresh winds from the northwest and northeast will prevail, with clear or partly cloudy and cool weather.

For the Middle States, gentle and fresh winds, mostly from the northeast and southeast, and partly cloudy weather, with possibly rain over the Southern portion.

For the South Atlantic States partly cloudy weather and occasional rain areas.

For the Gulf States east of the Mississippi partly cloudy weather, with rain areas for Tennessee and the Ohio valley.

Partly cloudy weather for the upper lake region; diminishing pressure, southerly to easterly winds and partly cloudy weather, with probably occasional rain over the northern portion.

The majority of the afternoon telegraphic reports from upper Michigan, Dakota and Rocky Mountain stations are minus.

THE PATENT CIGAR BOX.

WASHINGTON, September 6.—The Commissioner has not adopted the Patent Cigar Box, against which dealers have protested, but invites dealers to suggest some means by which the government and tax-paying merchants may be protected.

GOTHAM CLEANINGS.

BENDER SPOTTED—HEALTH—GREAT EXCITEMENT IN WALL STREET.

KINGSTON, N. Y., September 6.—Dispatches say that a straggler has been identified by a lady residing near Acra, Greene county, as Bender, the Kansas murderer. He stopped at her house for something to eat, and when asked if he was Bender, hastily left for the mountains They are now being searched.

The American Public Health Association convenes here September 11th.

Deaths for the week 615; increase 2.

There was a good deal of excitement in Wall street to-day, both in gold and stocks. It was reported that the clique for bulling gold had gone into liquidation, the decline of yesterday having been construed as an evidence of it the price at one time during the day fell to 12 7-8 and closed at 13 1-8. Rumors that the bank statement would be even more unfavorable than expected were current, and by the time the statement came out the excitement increased and there was a rush to sell stocks, money also advancing to 7 per cent. In gold and commission there was no abatement in, the excitement until near the close of bank hours, when a quieter tone characterized the markets. During the excitement of the day failures were rumored, but the day closed without the corroboration of them. The foundation of them, it is said, was the gold clique did not provide for carrying all their gold until after the usual hour. It would appear that the clique had not succeeded in selling their gold. The bankers seem to think that the worst of the flurry is over and that the disruption of the gold clique will leave plain sailing for all during the autumn. The day closed with the street full of rumors, but with the market comparatively quiet.

At a meeting of the Committee of Arrangements for a celebration by the survivors of the Mexican war this afternoon, it was announced that delegates would attend the celebration from Pennsylvania, Maryland and the District of Columbia.

Specie shipments for the week $670,108.

ABROAD.

FRENCH NEWS.

RANC'S TRIAL — APOCHRYPHAL LETTER OF DE BROGLIE.

LONDON, Sept. 6.—A special dispatch from Paris to the Times says the trial of Ranc, which was authorized by the National Assembly, for participation in the insurrection of the Commune, will not take place until after the case of Marshal Bazaine is disposed of. It is also stated in the same dispatch that a letter purporting to be from Duc De Broglie to the English Diplomatist giving reasons for the overthrow of Thiers, which was lately published in the New York Journal, is apocryphal.

THE GREAT EASTERN.

LONDON, September 6.—The steamship Great Eastern, which for some time past has been grappling for the Atlantic Cable, is expected to return to Sherness on the 15th of this month.

GERMANY NOT AFTER MEXICAN DIRT.

BERLIN, September 6.—The statement which has recently appeared in American newspapers, that Germany intends purchasing Lower California from Mexico, is without foundation.

SPAIN.

CASTELLAR'S CONDITIONS FOR THE PRESIDENCY.

MADRID, September 6.—In the session of the Cortes to-day Senor Castellar further demanded as conditions upon which he would accept office, that he be empowered to increase the army purchase five thousand rifles, organize the militia and impress forced loans, or be furnished means by which he can obtain 500,000,000 reals to meet the expenses of war against the Carlists.

Financial and Commercial.

Telegraphic Markets.

NEW YORK, September 6.—Cotton quiet and steady at 20¼a20⅜; sales 675 bales.

Cotton—net receipts 182 bales; gross 1,637.

Sales of cotton for future delivery to-day closed firm; sales 12,400 bales, as follows: September, 18 31-32a19. October, 18¼. November, 18. December, 17 15-16a18.

Flour 5a10c. better, with a fair export trade demand; common to fair extra $7.15 a 8.50; good to choice $8.55a11.00. Wheat dull and 1a2c lower for spot parcels. Corn unsettled, closing with noon's advance partly lost. Pork heavy at 17 5-8a17 3-4. Lard quiet and weak. Freights firm. Groceries and naval stores quiet.

Money 7, gold to commission. Sterling advanced, 8. Gold 13a13 1-8. Governments dull and lower. States, nothing doing.

Bank statement—Loans, decrease, $500,000; specie, decrease, $1,875,000; legal tenders, decrease, 6,000,000; deposits, decrease, $7,500,000. Week's importations, $7,750,000, including $3,750,000 for dry goods.

The Wall street markets were excited today with considerable anxiety and wide fluctuations. Money is active at 7 to gold interest. Foreign exchange has advanced to 1 08 for short; sterling 1 08½ for sight. The bank statement shows the following changes: Gold active and fluctuating; opening at 14¼; then declining to 11 3-12, with subsequent rally to 11 3-8; rates for carrying were 5 to 2 per cent. to flat. The market was excited at intervals. Government bonds are weak with a further decline in sympathy with gold. Southern State securities are dull and steady. Stocks opened fair and then declined.

Stocks opened firm and then declined, St. Paul and Wabash common and Ohio's being most prominent in the fall; St. Paul and common fell from 43½ to 46; Wabash 67 to 66; Ohio's 38 3-4 to 37 1-4; Western Union advanced from 90 1-2 to 91 1-4; and afterwards, lost the improvement; a decline in theremainer of 1-4 to 1-2 per cent., but without pressure to sell. The decline was in anticipation of a very unfavorable bank statement.

LATER.—81s 19; 62s 16; 64s 16; 65s 17 new 15½; 67s 17; 68s 16; new 5s 16; 10-40s 12½. Tennessees 81 7-8; new 81 3-4. Virginias 42; new 50. Consols 51; deferred 12. Louisianas 46½; new 43. Levee 6s 55; 8s 55. Alabama 8s 70; 5s 45. Georgia 6s 65; 7s 90. North Carolinas 27½; new 16; special tax 11. South Carolinas 32½; new 14. April and October 28½.

The market for cotton on spot during the week has been quiet and active and most of the sales have been to spinners and quotations, have in consequence, advanced on all grades, and closed quiet and firm. Contracts have sold to a fair extent and rates have steadily improved. The total sales of the week aggregate 95,219 bales, of which 1,900 bales were for forward delivery, and 14,219 on spot, divided as follows: 1,291 bales for export, 12,575 for spinners and 353 for speculators.

Naval stores have sold quite freely.

LOUISVILLE, September 6.—Flour unchanged. Grain unchanged. Pork easier; clear rib 10 7-8 packed; hams steady at 13a13 1-4; plain 14½, for sugar cured. Lard steady at 9 3-4a9 1-4; tierces 10 1-2a10 3-4; keg 8; steam in small lots 1-8 to 1-4 higher. Whisky declining, at 90.

CINCINNATI, September 6.—Flour firm. Corn firm at 52. Rye firm at 78a80. Provisions firmer. Pork firmer at $16, held at $16 25. Lard steady; steam 7 7-8a8; summer 7¾; kettle 8 1-8. Bacon firm; clear rib 10 1-4; clear 10 1-2. Whisky steady at 90.

BOSTON, September 6.—Cotton firm; middlings 20 3-4; gross receipts 137 bales; sales 350; stock 9,500.

SAVANNAH, September 6.—Cotton—middlings 18; net receipts 338 bales; sales 160: stock 1,914.

WILMINGTON, September 6.—Cotton steady; middlings 18 1-2; net receipts 20; sales 20 bales; stock 200.

MEMPHIS, September 6.—Cotton higher; middlings 18 1-4a18 1-2; receipts 81 bales; shipments 90; stock 8,147.

BALTIMORE, September 6.—Cotten firmer; middlings 19 7-8; low middlings 19; good ordinary 17; gross receipts 12; exports coastwise 27; sales 105; stock 535.

NORFOLK, September 6.—Cotton firm; low middlings 18 1-4; net receipts 552; exports coastwise 530; sales 80; stock 112.

GALVESTON, September 6.—Cotton—Net receipts estimated at 140 bales; stock 5,597.

PHILADELPHIA, September 6.—Cotton firm; middlings 20 1-2; low middlings 19 1-2; strictly good ordinary 17 1-2.

NEW ORLEANS, September 6—Flour dull; treble extra $6 75; family $8 50a9 70. Corn in good demand; supply light; mixed 65a66; white 67; yellow 70. Oats scarce at 46a47. Bran firm at 85. Hay in good supply; choice $25a26. Pork dull at $17 50. Dry salted meats—shoulders at 9 1-4c. Bacon shoulders 9½; clear rib sides 10¼; clear sides 11¼. Lard—tierce scarce at 8¾a9; keg dull at 10¾a10¾. Sugar in good demand; fair 9¾a10. Molasses—no movement. Whisky—Cincinnati $1; Louisiana 94. Coffee strong; prime 22 3-4a23 1-4c; good 22 1-4a22 3-4; fair 21 3-4a22 1-2.

Exchange—Sterling nominal at 23 1-2 New York Sight 3-8 premium. Gold 13¾.

MOBILE, September 6.—Cotton steady middlings 18; low middlings 16 1-2; net recepts 14; exports coastwise 31; sales 150; stock 5,646.

NEW ORLEANS, September 6.—Cotton very firm; middlings 18 5-8; low middlings 17 5-8; good ordinary 15 1-2; net receipts 51 bales; gross 54; exports coastwise 2,811; sales 150; stock 5,874.

CHARLESTON, September 6.—Cotton firm for good ordinary; middlings 18; low middlings 17 1-2; good ordinary 16 1-2; net receipts 177; gross 207; exports coastwise 183; sales 3,988.

LIVERPOOL, September 6, noon.—Cotton strong; uplands 8 7-8; Orleans 9 1-8; sales 12,000 bales; speculation and export 2,000; shipments of new crop on a basis of good ordinary, 8 3-4; on a basis of good ordinary, deliverable in September, 8 13-16.

LATER.—Cotton—new crop on a basis of good ordinary, 8 5-8; on a basis of low middlings, 8 11-16a8 3-4; sales include 6,000 bales American.

PARIS, September 6.—Rentes 58f 20c.

AUGUSTA, September 6.—Cotton — middlings 18; receipts 105 bales; sales 210; stock 350.

CHARLESTON, S. C., Sept. 6.—Sailed steamer Charleston.

SAVANNAH, GA., Sept. 6—Sailed, San Salvador, Mentgomery, C. W. Lord, and Sarragossa.

COMPARATIVE COTTON STATEMENT.

NEW YORK, Sept. 5.—The following is a comparative cotton statement for the week ending to-day

Net receipts at all United States ports during the week	11,636 bales
Same time last year	16,084 "
Showing an decrease of	4,448 "
Total receipts at all United States ports to date	10,428 "
Last year	15,086 "
Decrease	4,658 "
Exports from all United States ports for the week	11,686 "
Same time last year	2,055 "
Showing an increase of	9,581 "
Total exports from all United States ports to date	7,221 "
Total exports same time last year	2,055 "
Showing an increase of	5,276 "
Stock on hand at all United States ports	84,804 "
Stock at all United States ports same time last year	61,264 "
Showing an increase of	23,540 "
Stock on hand at all interior towns	10,437 "
Stock at interior towns same time last year	4,787 "
Showing an increase of	5,750 "
Stock on hand at Liverpool	773,000 "
Stock at Liverpool same time last year	839,000 "
Showing a decrease of	64,000 "
American Cotton afloat for Great Britain	41,000 "
Same time last year	80,000 "
Showing an decrease of	39,000 "

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Milton Sheriff's Sale.

WILL be sold before the Court House door in the town of Alpharetta, Milton county, Georgia, between the legal hours of sale, on the first Tuesday in October next, the following property, to-wit:

Three lots of land, Nos. 587, 616, 539, in the first district and second section of originally Cherokee, now Milton county. Levied on as the property of G. W. Arnold, to satisfy a fi fa issued from the County Court in favor of James Camel. James Camel vs C A Dunwoody, G W Arnold, O P Shelton and Robert Webb, security.

Also, at the same time and place, will be sold before the court house door, in the town of Alpharetta, Milton county, Georgia, on the first Tuesday in October next, the following property, to-wit:

One half acre lot, more or less, with a dwelling house on it, in the town of Sheltonville, it being a part of original lot 473, in the first district and first section of Milton county, Georgia. Levied on as the property of A Campton, to satisfy sundry costs and fi fa in favor of the officers of court of the 54th district G. M., and others. Levy made and returned to me by William Ashworth, L. C.

WILLIAM BUICE, Sheriff.

This September the 2d, 1873.
sept7—wtd | Printer's fee $2 50 per levy

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States—Northern District of Georgia—In the matter of Casey Crow, bankrupt—In Bankruptcy.

This is to give notice, once a week for three weeks, that I have been appointed Assignee of the estate of Casey Crow, of Gwinnett county, in said District, who has been adjudged a Bankrupt upon his own petition by the District Court of said District.

MARCUS L. GORDON,
Assignee, Lawrenceville, Ga.
September 1, 1873. | sept7-dlaw3w

TO MERCHANTS.

A SOUTHERN YOUNG MAN, at present in a first class dry goods house in New York, wishes the same position in Georgia. Can furnish satisfactory references from both places. See

MR. JAMES WATSON,
sept7-3t | Decatur, Ga.

Wholesale Store for Rent.

I HAVE TWO STORES (100 feet long) on the business part of Whitehall street, that can be turned into one, for wholesale purposes.

F. D. THURMAN,
sep7—1t | Box 250, Atlanta, Georgia.

NEW CARPETS!

NOW OPENING OF CHOICE DESIGN and at popular prices.

Oil Cloths, Window Shades, Wall Paper, Etc.

☞ Remnants at a sacrifice.

S. S. KENDRICK & SONS,
sep7—1t | Atlanta, Ga.

NOTICE.

DR. N. D'ALVIGNY offers for sale his Medical Library, Surgical Instruments, and a handsome Mahogany Book Case, which, for the convenience of purchasers, can be seen and bought together or separately at Schumann's Pharmacy, Whitehall street

He also offers for sale his Cottage Residence, containing seven rooms and a cellar room, stable, servants room and necessary out-buildings, a good sized yard and garden with good water.

Terms easy. wun,tuesksun

REMOVAL!

GUILFORD WOOD & CO.,

Formerly at 68 Whitehall Street,

Have just opened their MUSIC HOUSE on

MARIETTA STREET, NO. 4,

Where they hope to see their friends and customers, who will find a full assortment of

Pianos, Organs and Musical Merchandise Generally.

sep7—3t

M. E. MAHER,

WHOLESALE LIQUOR DEALER, No. 11 Mitchel street, has just received a large shipment of all kinds of the choicest brands of wines and liquors for the fall and winter trade. Inducements offered to the city and country retail dealers. All retail dealers would do well by giving him a call before purchasing elsewhere. Is also agent for the celebrated brand of whisky "Your Own Bourbon." Give him a call and try it. sept7—tf.

ONLY 24 DAYS

TO BUY

GOODS

AT

T. R. RIPLEY'S,

At Wholesale Prices.

Look out for Bargains!

MITCHELL STREET.

September 7, 1873. sept7—3t.

100 BALES OF GOOD HAY AT AUCTION!

WILL BE SOLD by the Live Auction House of T. C. Mayson, Thursday morning at 9 o'clock. 100 Bales of Hay, Guaranteed Sound. Sold for Charges.

sept7—1t | J. H. BARRETT, Auctioneer.

THE STOCKHOLDERS OF THE ATLANTA ICE Manufacturing Company are notified to meet at the Dollar Savings Bank of Atlanta, on Wednesday, the 17th inst., at 11 o'clock a. m.

It is earnestly requested that every Stockholder will be represented at the meeting, either in person or by proxy, to transact business of importance to the company.

J. M. WILLIS, President.
September 6, 1873. sept7—3t

Have You Found Them?

A PAIR OF GOLD FRAMED SPECTACLES, lost on last Tuesday. The finder will get a reward and thanks by leaving at this office. sept7—1f

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES—Northern District of Georgia—In the matter of Frances M. Dwight, bankrupt—In Bankruptcy.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE, once a week for three weeks, that I have been appointed Assignee of the estate of Francis M Dwight, of Whitfield coun ty in said district, who has been adjudged Bankrupt upon his own petition by the District Court for said District. August 19, 1873.

E. A. BIVINGS, Assignee.
aug20 d1aw3w of Dalton, Georgia.
☞ North Georgia Citizen copy.

U. S. Marshal's Sale.

UNDER and by virtue of a writ of fieri facias, issued out of the Honorable the Circuit Court of the United States, for the Southern District of Georgia, in favor of the plaintiff, in the following case, to-wit:

Samuel J. Armstrong versus J. A. Bean and J. R. Heard.

I have levied upon, as the property of J A Bean, one undivided one half interest in a certain city lot situated, lying and being in the city of Atlanta, Fulton county, Georgia, fronting on the Northeast side of Walton street, near its junction with Marietta street, fifty (50) feet, extending back same width one hundred and forty-six (146) feet and seven inches to an alley; said lot bounded on the West by lot of Simmons & Hunt, on the East by lot owned by Cox, and on the North by lot owned by Brown. Said lot being part of land lot number seventy-eight (78) in the 14th District of originally Henry, now Fulton county, and more fully described in a deed 5th October, 1871, and recorded in Book Q, page 275, in the Clerk's office of the Superior Court, October 13th, 1871, and will sell the same at public auction, at the court house, in the city of Atlanta, county of Fulton, and State of Georgia, on the

First Tuesday in September next

between the lawful hours of sale.

Property pointed out by plaintiff's attorney.

Dated at Atlanta, Georgia, July 7th, 1873.

WILLIAM H. SMYTH,
aug5-dosw5t | United States Marshal.

ATTENTION, SPORTSMEN!

New York State Sportsmen's Association.

Extracts from "Report of Committee on Standard for Shot."

"ALL manufacturers will have eventually to conform, when sportsmen require that their shots shall compare with the *standard of excellence* which your committee has fixed.

"Upon the most critical examination, your committee have determined to adopt as the "AMERICAN STANDARD" the scale presented to us by Messrs. Thos. Otis Le Roy & Co., of New York.

R. NEWELL, Chairman.
N. M. SMITH,
F. G. SKINNER.

Sportsmen and dealers desirous of having the above scale, or any information relative thereto, can promptly obtain the same by applying to THOS. OTIS LE ROY & CO., New York. junes8-dec8ms

NOTICE.

Limited Copartnership.

THE undersigned have formed a limited partnership under and pursuant to section 1910 of the Revised Code of Georgia. The general partners are Andrew J. West and Henry S. Edwards, and the special partner James M. Ball, all of the city of Atlanta, Georgia, under the firm name and style of

WEST & EDWARDS,

For the purpose of conducting a

Wholesale Grocery

—AND—

Commission Business,

In the city of Atlanta, Georgia.

The said James M. Ball, special partner, has contributed to the capital stock Twenty-five Thousand Dollars, in cash, actually paid in.

Said partnership to date from July 1st, 1873, and continue for three years

ANDREW J. WEST,
HENRY S. EDWARDS, } General Partners.
JAMES M. BALL, Special Partner.
july20—d1aw6w

$5 to $20 per day! Agents wanted! All classes of working people, of either sex, young or old, make more money at work for us in their spare moments, or all the time, than at anything else. Particulars free. Address G. Stinson & Co., Portland, Maine.

TOUR OF EUROPE—NO. 31

The Laundries in the River Ill—Strasbourg's Great Cathedral, Since the War—A Glance at the Ruinous Work of German Guns—The New French Frontier—Scenes in Nancy—On the Road to Paris—A Night in Chalons, and the Confusion of Tongues—Paris at Last.

Written expressly for the Atlanta Constitution.

Strasburg is on the great Rhine plain, although it is several miles from the river, with which it is connected by canals. While wandering through its narrow streets, amid tall antiquated houses, of steep roofs and projecting upper stories, I came to another but smaller stream—the little river Ill, a tributuary of the lordly river of fame. And a very curious sight may be seen on the Ill. Its dark waters flow between high walls of stone, along which are moored lsrge open barges, which are the laundries of the city. The town's dirty linen, is literally washed in the eyes of the public. Scores of women, kneeling in boxes of straw, rub the clothes on sloping and well-soaped boards, and immediately reach over and rinse them in the stream that flows conveniently at their side. The clothes are then hung up under the spacious airy roofs to dry, forming a novel and altogether picturesque sight. The washing of clothes in streams, is a prevalent custom in sunny France. A most unromantic commencement is this, I confess, for a letter intended to describe the great

GOTHIC CATHEDRAL

that was founded by Clovis in 510. The present building, however, was not commenced until 1015, to take the place of the one which was destroyed by lightning in 1007. The immense edifice is so large and lofty, indeed, that seen from any elevated position, it absolutely seems to dwarf the rest of the city, although there are nearly a hundred thousand people clustered under its shadow.

As one turns into the short street, at whose head stands the mighty structure, he cannot fail to be impressed by the magnificent facade. It is both imposing in size and extremely beautiful in ornament. Statues, sculptures and endless bas-reliefs adorn the whole front, while the portals are profusely filled with rare works, representing biblical events, many of which came from the hand of Sabina, the gifted daughter of the gifted architect, Erwin von Steinback. My want of artistic knowledge saves my patient readers from a tiresome descriptive paragraph at this point. The tower, however, is too tall to be overlooked. It extends towards the sky almost beyond belief. St. Paul's, of London, measures 340 feet; St. Peter's, in Rome, 455 feet; while the tower of Strasbourg, is 524 feet high,—the tallest erection in Europe, at least. It is open to visitors on certain conditions, but lingering reminiscences of the Riga caused me to decline the sky-ward journey.

The interior lacks the profuse ornamentation of most Catholic churches. Its vast spaces, its lofty and exceedingly beautiful columns, its perfect arches and handsome windows are all the more impressive on that account. May I introduce a few figures for the purpose of conveying an idea of the size of the buildings which the spectacular services of the Catholic church require—figures, you know, that are not apt to lie, but which are pretty sure to tire? Its length is 525 feet or one-tenth of a mile; its width 195 feet, saying nothing about the transepts; height of nave, that is, height inside, 101 feet. Standing at the entrance with the immense space before and above me, taking in the long perspective of graceful arches, constructed of delicately-shaded stones, glancing at the acres of cold pavement devoid of seats, the question involuntarily came to my mind, What good does it all serve? People were devoutly worshipping in the little chapels, hid away in the angles or transepts, but the feet of irreverent tourists alone broke the solemn stillness of the majestic nave.

Through the spectacles or imagination of my guide, I gained some knowledge of the injuries that the Cathedral sustained from German guns. Twenty shells struck the sacred targer, although only one penetrated to the heart of the structure. Many a winged messenger, however, from the murderous needle guns shattered the stained glass of the costly windows, to leave a record on the beautiful columns of the interior. One shell lodged in the organ, and fortunately forgot to distribute itself among the astonished pipes. The outer roof, of copper, was burned; many of the ornaments of the tower were shot away; and the westerly windows were all broken. But the man of repairs is at work making the whole as good as new.

There are many things of interest in and about the Cathedral: the famous clock that was not injured in the siege; the house of the architects, containing models, and the clocks that won't go, and the wonderful staircase; the home of Guttenberg, and the dealers in war-relics—all of which must go unchronicled, for

THE RUINS

claim our attention. Taking a guide, I went out by the porte des Pierres to the farthest of the parallels, each of which is protected by a deep moat. From time immemorial Strasburg has been a walled town, and latterly Vauban improved the defences until they were deemed almost impregnable. And well might one think so. The German line was about a half of a mile beyond us; and right where we stood the siege culminated. The enemy crept up by gradual approaches until they could carry by storm a lunette at that point, and then the city fell after a heroic resistance of forty-six days. Six shells a minute were dropped between the Four Gates, or in the northwesterly part of the city, which is the richest portion of the ill-fated town. Very little damage was done beyond the Cathedral, but over four hundred buildings were destroyed between it and the Iron Gates. This section was entirely deserted, while the men from over the Rhine were raining down their undesired compliments: so, when the great Library was fired, there was no one at hand to save the valuable treasures—all were burned—even the wall fell, naught remaining except the massive entrance, bearing the deep-cut letters, Bibliotheque. One every side are blackened skeletons of once-happy homes, or busy places of business. In one place a girl's school shared the common fate, there an Art gallery, and just beyond a newly-finished Protestant college. Some have great jagged holes in their sides; others were shattered by exploding shells; the most of them though, were the victims of hot shot and other fire-fiends.

The short but bloody war is over, and the city that Louis XIV snatched from Germany and Protestantism well on to two hundred years ago, goes back to the Fatherland in much the same way that it came. German signs and manners and beer are met at every turn in her streets and the spirit of Luther pervades one. Of course the general feeling is very averse to the conquest. My guide was himself bitter, declaring that his boy should go to America rather than wear the spiked helmet, as wear it he must if he stays in Strasburg.

ON THE ROAD TO PARIS.

I took a local train for Nancy, intending to break the long journey across Northern France into three parts that I might see more of the people, and avoid fatigue. As we steamed across the fertile plain that lies about Strasburg, I saw many strips of tobacco, saffron and poppies. The latter grows three or four feet high, and when it is dry and ripe, is bound into sheaves and "stood up" about as we treat wheat. After the plain came the hills, or perhaps I should say the mountains—for we crossed the continuation of the great Jura range that limited my views all the way from Basle. What with much puffing and pulling, and much magnificent scenery, and many tunnels and one famous long one, we got over, and looked on a rolling, sometimes decidedly hilly, country, thoroughly cultivated, but not, I think, very productive.

Many miles west of the mountains we stopped, in a drenching shower, at a little station called Embermenil. It is Napoleon's rectified boundary of the Rhine with the Kaiser's needle gun modifications. Baggage was examined here, causing a long delay. To my chagrin, after so much trouble in Munich, no one wanted to see my passport. I could not afterwrrds make any one believe that I entered France without showing a passport; yet it was so. I suppose the officials were careless because it was a local train. Toward night

NANCY

appeared on our port bow, and in a few minutes I dropped anchor alongside of one of her public tables, and it was not weighed until I was fully provisioned for an evening's cruise through the streets of what is accounted one of the prettiest of French cities. The angles of her clean white streets are as exact as those in the city of Brotherly Love. I strolled down the main avenue in the evening, to a central square, called, I think, the place Stanislaus. A fine military band was playing in it, and about the players were a hundred or so German soldiers, and a few stragglers like your correspondent—of Frenchmen, not one. No sons of Gaul patronized the cafes around the square while the band played; and, when business necessarily carried them that way, they scud across it like a ship before the wind. We may be sure that the rejoicings over the evacuation which has just occurred, were not exaggerated. Military occupation is a good deal like a boil—the best place to have it is on some other fellow.

The full-formed German, with his everlasting mug of beer and big pipe, and the hard-featured Swiss have disappeared, and in their places we have a dark-haired, mustachioed race, full of gesticulation, shrugs and chatter. The under dogs in the fight, and badly licked at that, their vanity is still indomitable; they only ask for Time, which, they say, will set all things even, and a balance over. There are more blouses, too, which are the distinctive dress of workingmen, and the serving women invariably wear snowy white caps.

Between the heat and the dust, and something that felt very much like fleas, I did not enjoy the next day's ride very much. On nearly every railway platform at the outset, might be seen quietly walking the helmeted intelligent, cleanly rosy-faced boys that fought mit Fritz or Carl. Our causual passengers—for it was a local train—were mostly snuff-takers—about the only thing that they "treat" one another to in the Old World.

But the country—what of that? Northern France is not a delightful country, pastorally considered. There are no grazing cattle, no fences—nothing to break the monotory of its broad shadeless area, except the whitewashed, squatty villages. It is rolling, and naturally unfruitful, and much given to vineyards. Its principal characteristic may be said to be the stiff rows of poplars. No other tree is seen; and it seems to delight Johnny Creapeau to grow the homely tree in formal rows along his highways and canals.

THE TOWER OF BABEL.

My next resting place was Chalons sur Marne, which is a small city, visited by travellers interested in the production or consumption of champagne; and its best hotel is the Cloche d'Or. I took the general omnibus from the railway station, and was set down at that hotel with all the travel confidence imaginable. As I passed up the great paved entrance way the landlady and boots appeared, but—No English spoken there; not a word could they muster. Shoving my bag off onto boots and pointing upwards, I readily got a room—from which good luck brought me back just in time to sit down at the table d'hote, at which the dishes are not specially ordered, but are served in successive courses, enabling one to get what he wants, which was no inconsiderable quantity in my case, I assure you. All went as merry as a marriage bell until dewy morn, when I must be up with the lark to get the early train for Paris. Going down to the coffee room as soon as it was light, I began a short pantomimic performance to procure something to eat, and then the exhibition of some coins meant that I was ready to pay my bill. Readily apprehending the financial part, the landlady counted off seven fingers, and laid a finger across the eighth—seven francs and a half. The change brought back was two francs and fifty centimes. Taking up the fifty centimes from the table where she had laid it, she uttered the only approach to English that I heard in Chalons, "For domestique—for domestique?"

A long forenoon's ride through Eperray, and the Champagne country, as cords and cords of willow baskets testified; and Chateau-Thiervy, and Meaux, and vineyards on the steep, stony hill-sides of the Marne; and over bridges which served instead of the great stone arches that powder had thrown down; and past many a pretty walled garden, and handsome grove, and pretty railway station, surrounded by tasty flower-gardens that were bright with many colored dahlias—brought us at noon to Paris. F.

MISS RATE C. HILLYER.—We are gratified to announce that this accomplished young lady has been engaged by the trustees of the Baptist College to take charge of the Department of Fine Arts in that institute.

As an artist in painting, Miss Hillyer stands pre-eminent in the State, having successfully competed for the prizes at the State Fair at Macon, carrying off a medal and diploma. Her paintings are widely known, and greatly admired.

Her accession to the faculty is a flattering one; and to our social circles she will add a brilliant charm.—*Rome Courier.*

☞ The Postmaster General of Madras, India, has a very mean estimation of linguistic talent. He advertises for a clerk for the Madras dead letter office who can read and write English, Hindustani, Arabic, Bhora, Guzerati, and Mahratti, and all this for thirty rupees per month. The linguists will be able to tell the Postmaster that the pay is too little. They should inform him of the fact in all the above named languages.

☞ Consideration for the rights of the weakest of creatures is one of the characteristics of true politeness. A man who recently sat down in a seat reserved and occupied by a hornet, immediately got up again, feeling very much hurt about what he had done.

Alabama News

Eufaula Times: Warehouse cotton receipts for the year, 29,747; railroad shipments, 29,641 stock on hand, 198; received since September 1, 38 bales.

Henry County Register: Early Wednesday night two mules were killed by lightning in the lot of Judge Owens in this place. It appears that when the heavy rain and thunder storm came up the mules sought shelter under a tree, and were struck while there by lightning, as they were found under the tree dead next morning, with evidences of having been thus killed.

Columbus Sun: Captain C. A. Redd is home from a tour through Russell, Macon, Bullock and Pike counties, Ala., and while he reports the corn crop generally good, his idea of the cotton prospect is a most gloomy one. In some parts of Macon, Russell and Pike, the cotton is badly damaged by the caterpillar and boll worm, while Bullock county, especially on the bottom lands, will lose nearly her entire crop. Pike county has about the best general outlook for a medium crop of any of these counties. The cry is becoming too general, now, to be unheeded, that the cotton crop is doomed to an almost total destruction this year.

Selma Times: General N. B. Forrest left for New York yesterday to endeavor to effect negotiations that will secure the early construction of his road from the end of the track to the town of Eutaw. General Forrest has labored for the Selma, Marion and Memphis Railroad with a perseverance, energy and zeal that is remarkable, and we may say unparalleled. He has encountered obstacles that many would have regarded as insurmountable.

On yesterday the Selma, Marion and Memphis Railroad Company, effected a lease of the right of way over the Alabama Central Railroad, for their trains from Marion Junction to Selma. They can now run their freight and passenger trains through from Greensboro end of the road to Selma, without hinderance or delay. This will enable the Selma, Marion and Memphis Company to make a very material reduction in freight and passenger rates, and will be of very decided benefit to the people along the line of the road. The Alabama Central also furnishes depot grounds to the other company, and the Selma, Marion and Memphis Company will open an office at the head of Broad street, about the 16th instant, when their through trains will commence running. This arrangement will bring to Selma several thousand bales of cotton that have heretofore gone down the Warrior River. This lease being for one year, General Forrest will have ample time construct the link between Marion Junction and the New Orleans Railroad. The present arrangment relieves the trade and commerce of Perry, Hale and Greene, coming to Selma, from many onerous burdens.

MARIETTA TO THE FRONT.

The Grandest Journal-istic Achievement of the Age—Atlanta Constitution "Laid in the Shade."

Owing to frequent changes in the mails, the delivery of the Journal has been delayed at several points. This worked injuriously to us. We knew this was a progressive age and the well known enterprise of the Journal in keeping ahead of such a paper as the Atlanta CONSTITUTION, with a special train, and the New York Graphic, with its balloon, made us undertake the grandest enterprise of the age. We knew we could outstrip any paper when we wanted to. So a "good idea" (not Dickson's) struck us and we concluded to put on foot something bigger than an elephant, a "Credit Mobilier" monkey, or a Cross-eyed Ben Butler Salary Grab. What would it be? Ah! now we have it! We will not only run a "special train," but we will build the *railroad* upon which it should *run*. We consulted our "devil" and told him of our intentions and plans. With a Satanic laugh, he shouted *Eureka!*" We then called around us the "press gang," and they listened and heard with profound astonishment, and cried aloud, "Bully! Go in lemons and get squeezed!" We summoned "Old George Canty," the colored man that turns our power press, and we told him, and he said, "Bless de Lord, how good—dis chile gwine to ride on de kyars one more time! Glory hallareugeum!"

The news of our enterprise spread throughout the city

LIKE WILD FIRE

or the small-pox. A delegation from Lickskillet came up and congratulated us and offered us a half dozen nickles and said they would back us with all the immense wealth of that growing metropolis.

The ladies sent us boquets, and the "bustle" they made was tremendous. Others encouraged us by sending us a "switch," especially adapted to railroad tracks and ringlets. Our red-headed friends offered their services as locomotive head-lights. Our drug men sent us Simmons' Liver Regulator to help regulate our engine. At last the Old Fogies came and remonstrated and said don't do this thing—you will attract the attention of the world to Marietta—population will crowd in, factories and workshops will spring up, and we will be jostled about by greasy mechanics—we want a quiet, pleasant town, where we can rest in peace and pleasure, free from that thrift and activity that will be the consequence of this foolish movement of the Journal.

We laughed in their faces and told them to CLEAR THE TRACK, or they would get run over. We told them they had defeated every railroad project by their antiquated cries and pleas of quietude, but newspaper progress is inevitable. Rats back to your holes! Little children crawl under the bed for dad's coming home drunk, shouting "Long live the Journal and success to the new railroad!" Ye owls and bats hie away to the darkness of your own seeking. The die is cast. Lay on Mackduff. Progressive journalism cannot be impeded! Cobb county must be redeemed!

Our hundreds of thousands of subscribers at Roswell desire us to deliver our paper there FORTY MINUTES SOONER. This would give them the latest news at their breakfast tables. We are therefore goining to construct a narrow gauge railroad from Roswell to the Air-Line Railroad, distance of nine miles. We have just completed the contract with Grant, Alexander & Co., to build the road. The papers have been signed, sealed and delivered. Work has commenced and in *sixty days* the Journal's grand railroad will be completed and our engine will be passing backwards and forwards over that nine miles of track with lightning rapidity, flying the flags of all nations and at morning the shrill whistle of our locomotive, as Guild pushes into town, will awake the inhabitants of Roswell and all the chickens and pigs will make the welkin ring with cackles and squeals. This is a certainty. Oh, you CONSTITUTION, you may gnash your teeth and tare your hair, but your glory is departed.—*Marietta Journal.*

☞ E. G. Squier is to marry a lady Saratoga correspondent. So gossip says.

☞ Thomas Chisholm Ansley, a leading Catholic writer of England, is dead. He was five times member for Youghal, Ireland.

ENOCH MORGAN'S SONS'

SAPOLIO

is a substitute for Soap for all House-hold purposes, except washing clothes.

SAPOLIO

for cleaning your House will save the labor of one dozen. Give it a trial.

SAPOLIO

for Windows is better than Whiting or Water. No removing curtains and carpets.

SAPOLIO

cleans Paint and Wood, in fact the entire house, better than Soap. No slopping. Saves labor. You can't afford to be without it.

SAPOLIO

for Scouring Knives is better and cleaner than Bath Brick. Will not scratch.

SAPOLIO

is better than Soap and Sand for polishing Tinware. Brightens without scratching.

SAPOLIO

Polishes Brass and Copper Utensils better than Acid or Oil and Rotten Stone.

SAPOLIO

for Washing Dishes and Glassware is invaluable. Cheaper than Soap.

SAPOLIO

removes Stains from Marble Mantles, Tables and Statuary, from Hard finished Walls, and from China and Porcelain.

SAPOLIO

removes Stains and Grease from Carpets and other woolen fabrics.

There is no one article known that will do so many kinds of work and do it as well as Sapolio. Try it.

HAND SAPOLIO

a new and wonderful effective Toilet Soap, having no equal in this country or abroad.

HAND SAPOLIO

as an article for the Bath, "reaches the foundation" of all dirt, opens the pores and gives a healthy action and brilliant tint to the skin.

HAND SAPOLIO

Cleanses and Beautifies the Skin, instantly removing any stain or blemish from both hands and face.

HAND SAPOLIO

is without a rival in the world for curing or preventing roughness and chapping of either hands or face.

HAND SAPOLIO

removes Tar, Pitch, Iron or Ink Stains and Grease; for workers in Machine Shops, Mines, &c., is invaluable. For making the Skin White and Soft, and giving to it a "bloom of beauty," is is unsurpassed by any Cosmetic known.

HAND SAPOLIO

costs 10 to 15 cents per cake, and every body should have it. You will like it.

DON'T FAIL TO TRY THESE GOODS.

Buy it of your merchant if he has it or will procure it for you. If not, then write for our Pamphlet. "All about Sapolio," and it will be mailed free.

ENOCH MORGAN'S SONS'

20 *PARK PLACE, N. Y.*

aug30—d&wdm

ALL WHO WISH TO VOTE,

TAKE NOTICE, that by a recent Ordinance passed by the Mayor and Council, every person who is old enough to vote, or wishes to participate in our city elections, is required to come to my office, in the City Hall, and register his name and place of residence. The books for the same will be opened on the 15th day of September, and will remain open for that purpose until the 15th day of November. All failing to attend this—either white or colored—will be debarred from voting at either or all elections.

FRANK T. RYAN, City Clerk.

Atlanta, August 24, 1873. aug24-tf.

F. M. HEATH. S. A. PORTER.

HEATH & PORTER,

Livery and Sale Stables,

Poplar Street, between Second and Third Sts.,

Macon.....Georgia.

Accommodations are ample and complete for the Board of Citizens' and Transient Stock of Traders.

aug23—dtf

FORTY SHARES of STOCK

—IN THE—

Dollar Savings Bank for Sale.

PAYS 20 PER CENT. PER ANNUM.

Apply to JACKSON & CLARKE,

aug21—d1m Attorneys at Law.

THE HANNAH MOORE ACADEMY,

The Diocesan School for Girls, Fifteen Miles from Baltimore.

offers special inducements for those desiring for their daughters careful training, thorough instruction, high culture, and the influence of a Christian home. The next term will begin on WEDNESDAY, SEPT. 10th, 1873. Address, REV. ARTHUR J. RICH, M. D., REISTERTOWN, MD.

PORT ROYAL RAILROAD.

JUNE 28TH, 1873.

ON and after MONDAY, JUNE 30, trains on this Road will run as follows:

Down Day Passenger Train

Will leave Augusta at	6 45 A M
Arrive at Port Royal	2 16 P M
Arrive at Charleston	4 45 P M
Arrive at Savannah	8 30 P M

Up Day Passenger Train

Will leave Port Royal at	9 45 A M
Leave Charleston at	8 10 A M
Leave Savannah at	9 30 A M
Arrive at Augusta	5 38 P M

Down Night Passenger Train

Will leave Augusta at	2 10 P M
Arrive at Port Royal at	11 35 P M
Arrive at Charleston at	5 00 A M
Arrive at Savannah at	12 30 M

Up Night Passenger Train

Will leave Port Royal at	10
Leave Charleston at	6 0 A M
Leave Savannah at	9 50 P M
Arrive at Augusta	8 00 A M

Passengers leaving Atlanta by the 6 00 P M train on the Georgia Railroad arrive at Augusta in time to make close connection with down night passenger train on this road for Port Royal and Savannah.

JAS. O. MOORE,

july1-dtf Engineer and Superintendent.

AT TOCCOA CITY.

LIVERY STABLE

BY THOMPSON & STEELE,

WHERE may be found, at all times, good stock and comfortable vehicles, with safe and accommodating drivers, ready to convey visitors to the various points of interest in the vicinity. Charges reasonable. aug13-dlm

BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

Cards of six lines or less, under this head will be inserted for twenty-five dollars for one year; fifteen dollars for six months; ten dollars for three months; five dollars for one month.

JNO. H. JAMES, Banker, James' Block, june1-dly

H. H. CARLTON & CO., Real Estate Agents, Athens, Georgia. july25-d6mo

H. K. S. BILLUPS, Resident Dentist. Office over Chamberlin & Boynton's, Whitehall street, Atlanta, Georgia. sept7-dtf

T. D. CARPENTER, DENTIST, NO. 47 WHITEhall street, Atlanta, Ga. june7-dly

DAN McDUFFIE & BRO., PLAIN AND ORNAmental Plasterers. Orders promptly attended to. Office at Simmons & Hunt's store, Marietta street, Atlanta, Ga. apr18—dtf

INSTRUCTION IN MUSIC.—WM. W. SHARP, Teacher of Vocal and Instrumental Music. Rooms—Broad street, a few doors below the Sun office. Terms—$8 per month (10 lessons, one hour each. He also instructs BRASS BANDS, and arranges Music for them. sep6—dly

DR. J. E. MURPHY, Resident Dentist. Office over Richards' Book Store, Alabama st. From a practical experience of thirty years, I feel confident that I can meet the wants of all who may need the services of a practical dentist. aug24-d6m

LAWYERS.

JESSE M. GOSS, ATTORNEY AT LAW, will give prompt attention to all business entrusted to him. Office—Corner of Whitehall and Alabama streets, Atlanta, Ga. sep3—d3mo

FRANK P. GRAY, Attorney at Law, Atlanta, Georgia, will give prompt attention to all business intrusted to his care.

Office with Colonel L. E. Bleckley, corner Peachtree and Harris streets. aug27-1y

E. J. KIKER. J. N. KIKER.

KIKER & SON, ATTORNEYS AT LAW, Calhoun, Georgia, (office over Boaz & Brown's store), will practice in all the Courts of the Cherokee Circuit; Supreme Court of Georgia, and the United States District Court at Atlanta, Georgia. sept— junet—dly

M. VAN ESTES, ATTORNEY AT LAW, Gainesville, Ga. Will practice in the counties of the Western Circuit, Supreme Court of the State, and in the District Court of the United States at Atlanta. july13-d3m

JASPER N. DORSEY, ATTORNEY AT LAW, of Gainesville, Ga. Will practice in the counties of Hall, Forsyth, Dawson, Lumpkin, White, and in the Supreme Court and Federal Courts at Atlanta. Special attention given to bankruptcy cases. july13-d12m

ANDREW SLOAN, Attorney at Law, Savannah, Georgia, will practice in the Superior Court of Chatham county, and in the United States Courts of the Northern and Southern Districts of Georgia. Special attention to collections and bankrupt matter s june30-dly

LLOYD & GOODE, ATTORNEYS AT LAW, Montezuma, Georgia. Will practice in the Courts of the Southwestern Circuit and the Supreme Court and Circuit and District Courts of the United States. junel0—dlyr

L. S. ROAN, ATTORNEY AT LAW, Fairburn, Georgia, will practice in the Courts of the Tallapoosa Circuit. Special attention given to cases in Bankruptcy and Collections. Remittances made promptly. june28-d6m

J. H. TURNER, Attorney at Law, Forsyth, Ga., will practice in the courts of the Flint Circuit, and also in the Supreme and Federal Courts at Atlanta. Special attention given to collections. july4-d6m

GEORGE N. LESTER. WM. S. THOMSON.

LESTER & THOMSON, ATTORNEYS AT LAW will give prompt attention to all business entrusted to them. Office in Kimball House, Atlanta, Ga. july13-d6m

E. G. SIMMONS, Attorney at Law, Thomaston, Georgia. nov10—d12m

JAMES C. BARTON, Attorney and Counsellor at Law and Real Estate Agent, Conyers, Ga., will practice in the Superior and Supreme Courts of Georgia. Office first door east of Court House Building, Decatur street.

☞ Special attention given to Collections. apr13—d1y

FRANK S. LOFTIN, ATTORNEY AT LAW, Franklin, Georgia, will practice in the counties of Carroll, Coweta, Douglass, Fayette, Heard, Merriwether and Troup, and also in the Supreme and Federal Courts at Atlanta. may15—dly

J. A. HUNT, Attorney at Law, Barnesville, Georgia, will practice in the counties comprising the Flint Circuit, in the Supreme Court of the State, and in the United States District Courts for the Northern and Southern Districts by special contract. apl97-1y

RICHAT LOUGUER. WARREN G. WINSLOW

LOUGUER & WINSLOW, ATTORNEYS AT LAW, Fort Valley, Georgia. Collections in Southwest Georgia a specialty. Real Estate Agents. july21—dly

JAS. A. HARLEY, Attorney and Counsellor at Law, Sparta, Georgia, will practice in the counties of Hancock, Kibert, Glascock, Hart, Lincoln, Madison, Oglethorpe, Taliaferro, Warren, Wilkes, Baldwin Greene, Washington and Columbia. apr18-dly

MCDANIEL & WHITFIELD, Attorneys at Law Griffin, Ga. Will practice in Superior Courts of Flint Circuit, in Supreme Court of Georgia, and in United States District Court at Atlanta, and elsewhere by special contract. junel-dly

S. D. McCONNELL, Attorney at Law, office corner of Whitehall and Hunter streets. Practices in all the Courts in Atlanta Circuit. junel-dly

J. C. FAIN, ATTORNEY AT LAW, CALHOUN, Ga., will practice in all the Courts of the Cherokee Circuit, Supreme Court of Georgia, and United States Court, at Atlanta, Ga. junel-dly

W. R. RANKIN, Attorney at Law, Calhoun, Georgia. Office—Front room over Boaz & Barrett's Store. may27-dly

EMORY SPEER, Lawyer, Athens, Georgia.—As Solicitor General, will attend the Courts of Clarke, Jackson, Walton, Gwinnett, Hall, Banks, Franklin, Habersham, White, Rabun, and give attention to collections and other claims. mar16—dly

Z. D. HARRISON, Attorney at Law, will practice in the Superior Court of Fulton county, the Supreme Court of Georgia, and the United States District Court, at Atlanta. Office, No. 33, Capitol building. mar. 9-dly

JESSE S. THASHER, Attorney and Counselor at Law, Norcross, Ga., will give strict attention to all business intrusted to his care. Remittances promptly made. dec19-d12

Business Directory of other Cities.

AUGUSTA, GA.

JOHN W. BESSMAN, Wholesale Dealer in Choice Liquors, and Agent for John Gibson's Son & Co., Philadelphia. 237 Broad street.

W. A. RAMSEY, Agent. The People's Clothier. 285 Broad street.

MYERS & MARCUS, Jobbers of Dry Goods, Notions, Boots and Shoes, Hats, Caps and Clothing. 274 Broad street.

J. MYERS. S. MARCUS.

CENTRAL HOTEL—MRS. THOMAS, Proprietress.

GREENE & ROSSIGNOL, Successors to Wm. H. Tutt, Importers and Dealers in Drugs, Chemicals, Essential Oils, Corks, Sponges, and Druggists' Sundries, 264 Broad street.

A. O. MENDLESON, Rectifier and Wholesale Liquor Dealer, 295 Broad street.

J. C. MASSENGALE, Traveling Agent.

CHARLESTON, S. C.

BANKS.

BANK OF CHARLESTON, (N. Banking Association,) 13 Broad street.

WM. B. BURDEN, Cashier, A. S. JOHNSON, President.

☞ Capital, $600,000.

DRY GOODS.

EDWIN BATES & CO., 194 Meeting street.

E. W. MARSHALL & CO., 143 Meeting street.

JOHNSTON, CREWS & CO., 41 Hayne street.

JOHN G. MILNOR & CO., 135 Meeting street.

HARDWARE.

HART & CO., 39 Hayne street.

J. E. ADGEE & CO., 139 Meeting street.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

D. F. FLEMING & CO., 2 Hayne street.

E. B. STODDARD & CO., 165 Meeting street.

T. M. BRISTOLL & CO., 145 Meeting street.

MILLINERY, FANCY GOODS, AND WHITE GOODS.

JOHN S. FAIRLY & CO., 57 Hayne and 1 Market street.

STOVES, HARDWARE, TINWARE, Etc.

WILL M. SHEPHERD & CO., 20 Hayne street.

HATS, CAPS, Etc.

EDMUNDS T. BROWN, (of late firm of T. J. Fleming,) 43 Hayne street.

GROCERIES.

GEO. W. WILLIAMS & CO., 1 and 3 Hayne street.

HENRY BISCHOFF & CO., 197 and 199 East Bay.

O. F. WIETERS, 131 East Bay.

STEFFENS, WERNER & DUCKER, 26 East Bay, 28, 30 and 32 Vendue Range.

W. H. CHAFEE & CO., 95 and 97 East Bay.

WAGENER, MONSEES & CO., 189 and 191 East Bay and 2 and 4 Queen street.

DRUGS AND MEDICINES.

DOWIE, MOISE & DAVIS, Importers and Wholesale Druggists, Meeting street, corner Hasel.

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC FRUIT.

C. BART & CO., 57 and 59 Market street.

PAUL WELCH & CO., 315 East Bay.

CLOTHING.

EDWIN BATES & CO., 194 Meeting street.

I. L. FALK & CO., 194 Meeting street.

JOHN G. MILNER & CO., 135 Meeting street.

DOOR, BLIND AND SASH FACTORY

P. P. TOALE, Factory—Holbrook's Walk, Basement room and Office, 20 Hayne street.

SASH, BLINDS AND DOORS.

I. H. HALL & CO., 2, 4, 6, 7 and 8, Market street.

GENERAL COMMISSION—FLOUR, GRAIN, ETC.

J. N. ROBSON, 68 East Bay, 119 Atlantic Wharf.

CIGARS AND TOBACCO.

MANTOUE & CO., Proprietors of the Charleston Branch Havana Cigar Factory, "La Flambeau," 116 East Bay.

TINSMITHS AND PLUMBERS' GOODS AND TOOLS.

WILLIAM SHEPHERD & CO., 20 Hayne street.

ATHENS, GA.

SUMMEY & NEWTON, Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Hardware, Agricultural Implements, etc.

CHILDS, NICKERSON & CO., Dealers in Hardware, Iron, Nails, Mill Findings, Agricultural Implements, Chicago Farm Pumps, etc.

A. S. DORSEY, Dealer in Dry Goods, Groceries and assorted Merchandise, and Agent for the justly celebrated Sea Fowl Guano.

DUPREE'S OPERA HOUSE, complete in all its appointments; seating capacity 900. Apply to LUCKY & YANCEY.

WASHINGTON, GA.

STUMMER'S HALL, Washington, Ga. For Balls, Concerts, Theatres, etc., apply to JOHN D. FLOYD.

PROFESSIONAL DIRECTORY.

W. LUMPKIN, Attorney at Law, Union Point, Ga., will give strict attention to business entrusted to his care. Refers to P. W. Pitman. may 15-1y

JOHN F. REDDING, Attorney at Law, Barnesville Ga., will give strict attention to business entrusted to his care. sep5-1y

MALCOLM H. JOHNSTON, (late of Georgia) Attorney at Law, No. 21, St. Paul street, Baltimore Md. Refers to Hon. Alex. H. Stephens, Crawfordville, Ga.; Hon. Wm. Hope Hull and Wm. A. Walton Esq., Augusta, Ga.; Gen. A. R. Lawton, Savannah and Col. L. N. Whittle, Macon, Ga. apr13-d6m

GEORGIA STATE LOTTERY

For September.

Drawing Daily at 5 P. M.

FOR THE BENEFIT OF THE

ORPHANS' HOME AND FREE SCHOOL.

CAPITAL PRIZE...$7,000 00

30,316 Prizes, amounting to $53,253 20.

TICKETS $1 00. SHARES IN PROPORTION.

IN the above Scheme, formed by the Ternary Combination of 78 numbers, making 76,076 tickets, and the drawing of 12 ballots, there will be 220 prizes, each having three of the drawn numbers on it; 4,356 each having two of them on; 25,740 each having one only of them on; and also 45,720 tickets with neither of the drawn numbers on them, being blanks.

To determine the fate of these prizes and blanks, 78 numbers, from 1 to 78 inclusive, will be severally placed in a wheel on the day of the drawing, and 12 of them drawn out at random; and that ticket having for its combination the 1st, 2d and 3d drawn numbers, will be entitled to the

CAPITAL PRIZE OF	$7,000 00
That ticket having on it the 4th, 5th and 6th drawn numbers, to	650 00
That ticket having on it the 7th, 8th and 9th drawn numbers, to	650 00
That ticket having on it the 10th, 11th and 12th drawn numbers, to	650 00
That ticket having on it the 3d, 3d and 4th drawn numbers, to	650 00
That ticket having on it the 3d, 4th and 5th drawn numbers, to	650
That ticket having on it the 5th, 6th and 7th drawn numbers, to	650 00
That ticket having on it the 6th, 7th and 8th drawn numbers, to	650 00
That ticket having on it the 8th, 9th and 10th drawns numbers, to	650 00
That ticket having on it the 9th, 10th and 11th drawn numbers, to	650 00
That ticket having on it the 1st, 2d and 5th drawn numbers, to	650 00
That ticket having on it the 1st, 2nd and 6th drawn numbers, to	317 50
That ticket having on it the 1st, 2d and 9th drawn numbers, to	317 50
All other tickets (being 297, with three of the drawn numbers on, each	25 00
Those 66 tickets having on them the 1st and 2d drawn numbers, each	10 00
Those 66 tickets having on them the 3d and 4th drawn numbers, each	5
All other tickets (being 4,356) with two of the drawn numbers on, each	2
And all those tickets (being 25,740) with one only of the drawn numbers, each	1 00

CAPITAL PRIZE.

On Mondays capital will be	$7,000 00
On Tuesdays and Fridays capital will be	4,500 00
On Wednesdays capital will be	5,000 00
On Thursdays and Saturdays	5,000 00

For further particulars send for schemes.

No ticket which shall have drawn a prize of a superior denomination can be entitled to an inferior prize. Prizes payable forty (40) days after the drawing, and subject to the usual deduction of 15 per cent.

All prizes of $20 00 and under will be paid immediately after the drawing, with the usual deduction of 15 per cent.

☞ Prizes cashed at this office.

HOWARD & CO., Managers, Atlanta, Ga

june27-dtf

NOTICE.

DR. B. J. HEAD offers his professional services to the citizens of Atlanta. Having an experience of over a quarter of a century, in the various branches of his profession, he hopes to give satisfaction. Residence and office, Forsyth street, near Seago's store. mar13-d6m

BLIVENS' LUCK.

How a Respectable Citizen was Taken for a Burglar by His Own Wife—But it was His Fault.

Mr. Blivens is married, and lives in a retired portion of the suburbs. He does business in the city, but in general is at home every evening with his wife and two babies. His wife is a model one, and looks up to her husband as a miracle of oracular knowledge. One sad day Blivens was obliged to spend the night in town. Certain unavoidable business would detain him until after the last train. Blivens gave his wife parting instructions when he left her. Taking the family revolver from the shelf said: "Mrs. Blivens, look out for burglars. If you hear mysterious voices in the night, open the window firmly and fire. Don't be afraid, my dear. Be especially cautious, as burglars are desperate. They may even come here and represent themselves as me, my dear, but don't you believe them, as I shall not be home to-night. If anything happens, you just open the window and fire."

Mrs. Blivens looked up trustingly at her husband, for she was a brave little woman, and then she took the revolver and laid it away where it would do the most good.

Blivens worked hard in town that day, and by some chance he finished all in time for the last train. Going home that night he congratulated himself from an escape from the necessity of staying in town. He pictured to himself the delight of his wife at his return, and thus amused himself until he reached his station. Unfortunately for Blivens the night was very dark, and coming up his garden pathway he stumbled and made much unnecessary noise.

Just as he reached the steps, still tumbling he heard the window raise above him, and remembering the instructions that he had given his wife, he became instantly terrified; he knew to a dead certainty that his wife was going to fire. Possessed with terror his knees knocked together like drumsticks, while his teeth rattled with fear, like chickens picking up corn off a board.

"Sme, wife," he said in husky tones. "For God's sake don't fire; let me in."

The window was now raised to its full height.

A moment of silence followed, and then bang! went a revolver from the upper window.

The bullet grazed Blivens' ear, and ploughed a neat furrow through his flowing locks. Did he wait to argue the question of his identity? Tearful reader, he did not, but just started jumping down the garden-walk, leaping seven feet in the air at every pop of the pistol from the window.

Two bullets passed between his legs. Once Mrs. Blivens got him on the raise, and sent one through his hat. Some way he got finally to the garden gate, ten feet high, and cleared it without touching it, and then he dashed madly out in this cold world alone

Coming up the road unknown to him were several policemen, who were after a city criminal, who was supposed to be lurking hereabouts. When they heard the shots and saw in the darkness a man running away from the house they just laid for him, and when Blivens came along one of them jumped on his back and bore him to the earth. The rest jammed around him, and one German patrolman, weighing three hundred and seventy-five pounds, sat on Blivens' stomach, while the rest ironed the desperate burglar.

Blivens did not remonstrate. Very few men in his position would. Let any one of the readers of this article lie down in the solitude of his room, with three hundred and seventy-five pounds upon his stomach, and he will agree with the writer that it takes all the desire out of one for conversation.

An express wagon was gotten from the station and Blivens was placed in the bottom. The policemen put their feet on him to keep him quiet, and every time Blivens moved or endeavored to say a word, they just tapped him on the head with a mace, and he hushed up.

Blivens was put in a cell in the lockup with a lunatic, three drunken men and a colored vagrant. All night long the lunatic amused himself in trying to choke Blivens to death or to bruise the floor with his head. When the lunatic was not caressing him one of the drunken men insisted that Blivens was a long-lost brother of his, and his impassioned embrace as he wept quarts of tears on Blivens' bosom was not encouraging to cheerfulness. Another one of the drunken men was in a musical frame of mind, and howled a cheerful ditty of eighty-five verses, each one exactly like the other, in this fashion:

Cham chowsicka-whoo!
Wot a hull-built-oo!
With his cham chowsick wim,
Wham a choo-oo-ooo!

The last "choo" was given in a tone that would make a dead man revolve in his coffin like a top. Altogether, Blivens did not pass an agreeable evening. Try as he would, he ould not feel at home.

After a century of suffering morning finally came, and Blivens was dragged before the magistrate for a hearing, and then, after being sketched by a morning paper reporter as "another ruffian jugged in a dastardly attempt to commit burglary," Blivens managed to get word to an infiential friend of his to come and identify him.

Though now Blivens wonders how in his distracted state he ever thought of this. Indeed, he might have been sent up for a term of years had it not been for his friend, who was a politician, and knew how to work the ropes. The evidence against him was strong enough to have sent him up for seven years. In that time his wife would have thought him dead, drawn the money on his life insurance policy, and went cruising around after a Philip Ray.

As it was, Blivens went home and told his wife how he had been obliged to go out of town on a collecting tour, and had been out when it rained railroad collisions. His appearance confirmed his story. He would never have dared to tell her the real truth, as this would have sapped the foundations of her confidence in him, and Blivens, as a married man, never would lose his grip on her regard for one lie, you may rest assured. Innocent single men, who emulate the late lamented G. Washington, of Virginia, may not see the policy of this, but there is not a married man on God's footstool but what will drop to this idea like a flash.

When Blivens recovered his wife told him about her adventure with the burglars. "I followed your instructions implicity, my dear," said she, "and it just worked splendidly."

Blivens groaned, and said "yes, my darling;" His wife looked startled, and said, "why do you groan?"

"The pain in my abdominal structure, not yet recovered from that railroad disaster, forces me, my love," says he.

Then she caresses him, and wonders at his nerve and wonderful fortitude to endure pain.

Blivins is well known, and rarely, if ever, is out of evenings. When he is, he leaves the revolver in the well, near the corner of the house.

☞ A darkey from the country was seen upon our streets yesterday, sporting a pair of ear rings which, though neat, were not gaudy, being formed of five cent pieces, hung on brass wire.

THE GHOSTS OF THE WIRE.

THE WASHINGTON REPUBLICAN HANDLES the Telegraph Lines.

As we sit in our sanctum, at night, when nearly all of our citizens are enjoying repose, the most horrible part of the editorial labor is that of arranging the telegraphic dispatches. It is not the mere drudgery of the task that distresses, though bad enough in all conscience, but it is the character of those globe pervading messages. Of late, it would seem that virtue had fled the earth, and defalcation, outrage, murder, suicide, incendiarism, shipwreck and railroad catastrophes had usurped the theatre of events. The mind throbs and the heart droops over such ghastly details, and, as a preparation for sleep, nothing could be much worse than the arrangement of these matters for the morning paper. Talk about churchyard ghosts! They are nothing to the raw-head and bloody bone monsters of the electric fluid! Even the sharp sting of the multitudinous mosquito, the yelp of disputative dogs, and the discordant note of the strayed reveller can bring no distraction. There, on the thin sheets of paper, subject to microscopic scrutiny, the damning record of the world's depravity is unrolled and must be assorted.

It is said that the creatures, of whom Dickens had written on his pictured page, flocked around him betimes and pursued him remorselessly. And so, night after night, the goblins of the telegraph swarm around the poor editor in his den and make him almost afraid of his nocturnal toil. There comes the murderer with his bloody knife, and there his victim with her gasping wound. Here lies bare the guilty heart of the defaulter and the hell within it. Look how the locomotive gores the darkness, wildly rushing with its precious freight to doom. See how the yellow moon shines on the suicide's grave in Potter's Field. Behold how charity is besmirched by godless impurity. Just think how that tottering drunkard, who is applying the torch to his own dwelling, was once a pure baby on a fond mother's bosom. Lo, where the storm-clad Euroclydon swoops to his prey, and see how the great deep swallows navigation up! These are the editor's dreadful ghosts which come regularly from the Western Union office over the way, and will not down at holy exorcism or even at the clarion of the cock. You who read these things, after a gentle and protracted rest, languishing in bed, perhaps, or dallying over your cup of coffee—*you* are not afraid of them, for they have reached you when the blessed sunlight streams over the world, gilding and ennobling everything in its path. Wherefore you, reader, cannot know what awful visitants they are to the lonely editor, at the dead watches of the night. You can not know how he craves something different, how he longs for something honorable to human nature, something that hints of the zephyr blowing from the Peaceful Sea to scatter the fog that broods over the hell-broth of Macbeth's witches. Has total depravity really come upon the earth? Is anti-Christ heralded by these strident abominations, like a prelude of judgment trumpets? Are we approaching the last days, as mentioned in the Apocalypse? Do we hear the thundering hoofs of that spectral White Horse which is to be bestrode by Death?

Heaven send the people some uprising which turns to good instead of evil; send it speedily, too, for the editor, if no one else, is weary of the Ghosts of the Wire.—*Augusta Constitutionalist.*

A Duel that Didn't Come Off.

A Vienna correspondent tells the story of a difficulty between an American General and an Austrian Baron, which came near resulting in a duel. Three American ladies were followed for four hours and repeatedly insulted by some Austrian officers, and at length finding General C., as he is called, they told him of the affair, and he slapped the face of the officer who was most insolent, and who happened to be a Baron. His baronial dander was elevated, at this, of course, and he sent his man around to arrange for the duel. General C. didn't want any duel; he said he was an American officer and a gentleman, and as such was bound to protect his country women from insult; he had done this, and as American customs did not sanction dueling, he did not feel called upon to fight. The Austrians admitted that they had insulted the ladies, but pleaded the freedom of the continent; they confessed their error in that, but the blow could not be excused, the Baron would lose caste if he did not force a duel. Still the General refused, with much dignity, to have anything to do with the affair; but, being annoyed by the persistency of the Baron's friends, he laid it before the American Minister, and the conduct of the officers was brought to the notice of the Government. Foreseeing a great scandal, if they persisted, they consented to arrange the affair by apologizing for insulting the ladies, whereat Gen. C. expressed his regrets for slapping the Baron's face.

Journalistic Gossip.

So many persons have predicted the New York Tribune would cease to be profitable since the last campaign, that it may be interesting to them to know that it cleared some $80,000 during the first six months of the present year, which is at the rate of sixteen per cent. per annum on the price of the latest shares sold—and this is not a good newspaper year either.

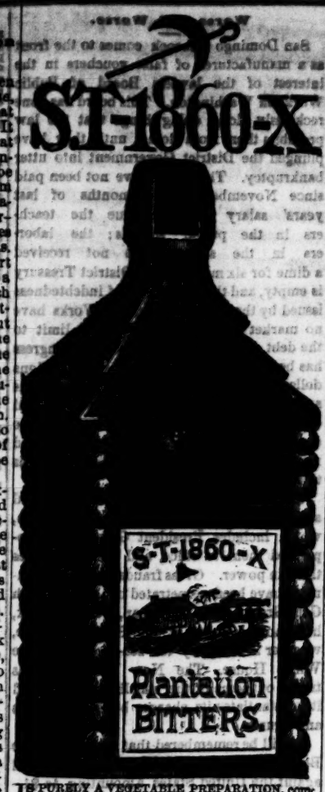
Andrew V. Stout, President of the Shoe and Leather Bank, has just sold his eight shares of Times stock for $12,000 each, to George Jones, the publisher, who, it is understood, has disposed of them to Louis J. Jennings, the managing editor of the paper, at the same rate. Jennings is now said to be the owner of twelve shares, and he and Jones together hold fifty shares, which, with possession, constitute control.

The price of the Times stock, $12,000, is not high because the real estate and the building on it are estimated to be worth $1,000,000. The dividends declared have generally been but ten per cent. on the capital stock, though the journal has made a good deal more. This has been encouraging to outside stockholders; and there are now, besides Jones and Jennings, only two—the estate of James Taylor, and E. B. Morgan, who resides in the interior of the State.

☞ A colored man of Detroit having long admired a colored widow, but being afraid to come out boldly and reveal his passion, went to a white man of his acquaintance and asked him to write the lady a letter asking her hand in marriage. The friend wrote, telling the woman in a few brief lines that the size of her feet was the talk of the neighborhood, and asking her if she couldn't pare them down a little. The name of the colored man was signed, and he was to call on her on Sunday night for an answer.

A day or two afterward the writer of the letter met the negro limping along the street and asked him what the widow said. The man showed him a bloodshot eye, a stratched nose, a lame leg, and a spot on the scalp where a handful of wool had been violently jerked out, and he answered in solemn tones: "She didn't say nuffin, and I didn't stay dar mor'n a minute!"

☞ Lord Gordon is said to be making for one of the posts of the Hudson's Bay Company, where he will probably pass for an English gentleman. He is accompanied by two half-breeds, and the Marshal of Winnipeg is not far behind.



IS PURELY A VEGETABLE PREPARATION, composed simply of well-known ROOTS, HERBS and FRUITS, combined with other properties, which in their nature are Cathartic, Aperient, Nutritious, Diuretic, Alterative and Anti-Bilious. The whole is preserved in a sufficient quantity of spirit from the SUGAR CANE to keep them in any climate, which makes the

PLANTATION BITTERS

one of the most desirable Tonics and Cathartics in the world. They are intended strictly as a

Temperance Bitters

only to be used as a medicine, and always according to directions.

They are the sheet-anchor of the feeble and debilitated. They act upon a diseased liver, and stimulate to such a degree that a healthy action is at once brought about. As a remedy to which Women are especially subject it is unpreceding every other stimulant. As a Spring and Summer Tonic they have no equal. They are a mild and gentle Purgative as well as Tonic. They Purify the Blood. They are a splendid Appetizer. They make the weak strong. They purify and invigorate. They cure Dyspepsia, Constipation and Headache. They actual a specific in all species of disorders which undermine the bodily strength and break down the animal spirits.

Depot, 53 Park Place, New York.

LION'S KATHAIRON

Only 50 Cents per Bottle.

It promotes the GROWTH, PRESERVES the COLOR, and Increases the Vigor and BEAUTY of the HAIR.

OVER THIRTY YEARS AGO LYON'S KATHAIRON FOR THE HAIR was first placed in the market by Professor E. Thomas Lyon, a graduate of Princeton College. The name is derived from the Greek, "KATHRO," signifying to *cleanse, purify, rejuvenate, or restore.* The favor it has received, and the popularity it has obtained, is unprecedented and unbounded. It increases the Growth and BEAUTY of the HAIR. It is a delightful dressing. It eradicates Dandruff. It prevents the Hair from turning gray. It keeps the head cool, and gives the hair a rich, soft, glossy appearance. It is the SAME in QUANTITY and QUALITY as it was over a QUARTER of a CENTURY AGO, and is sold by all Druggists and Country Stores at only Fifty Cents per Bottle.

Woman's Glory is Her Hair.

LYON'S KATHAIRON

GRAND GIFT CONCERT,

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TIME EXTENDED

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Tickets, $1 00 Each, or 6 for $5 00.

$70,000.00.

1 Grand Cash Gift			$40 000
1	"	"	5,000
3	"	$1,000 each	3,000
5 Cash Gifts,		500 each	2,500
10	"	200 each	2,000
25	"	100 each	2,500
50	"	50 each	2,500
100	"	20 each	2,000
200	"	10 each	2,000
400	"	5 each	2,000
3,250	"	2 each	6,500
4,045 Gifts, amounting to			$70,000

The number of tickets to be drawn from one wheel by blind children, and the Gifts drawn from another. This enterprise is indorsed by the best business men of our Territory. The small price of tickets is a guarantee of a speedy sale, making this one of the best chances ever offered. Money can be sent safely in registered letters, post office money orders, by express or by letters, carefully sealed and plainly directed.

Make up Your Clubs

and send orders soon, as only a few tickets remain to be sold.

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ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

WOODRUFF & JOHNSON

HAVE established a Repository at Mark W. Johnson's Agricultural Building, corner of Alabama and Forsyth sts, where they are now receiving a fresh stock of Carriages, Buggies and Wagons, from some of the best manufactories in America, and made especially to their order, for this market. The Woodruff Buggy, which is justly celebrated for its great durability and light draft, will be one of the specialties of this Repository. It is the intention of this firm to supply good warranted work, at the lowest possible price, making it an inducement for parties living at a distance from Atlanta to come here to purchase, or send their orders. Any style of Carriage or Buggy made to special order, at short notice.

W. W. WOODRUFF. MARK W. JOHNSON.
aug24-dtf.

Atlanta Water Cure.

DR. F. KALOW,

Corner of Hunter and Bell Sts.

DR. KALOW, well known through his great and rapid cures, has returned to our city and has opened again an establishment for the cure of all Chronic Diseases, of which he would respectfully inform the citizens of Atlanta and surrounding country.

Liver Complaint, Fevers, Paralysis, Epilepsy, Sterility, Asthma, Nervous Affections, *Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Scrofula, Diseases peculiar to Women, all Impurities of Blood*, Skin Diseases, Kidney and Bladder Complaint, Stoppage of the Water, Piles of all kinds, *Strictures, Gonorrhœa*, Eye and Ear Complaint after Measels and Scarlatina, etc., etc.

As a proof of his success, the Doctor takes pleasure in referring to the following persons: Mr. J. W. Rucker, of Chapman, Rucker & Co., Commission Merchants, Major W. B. Cox, T. J. Hightower, N. S. Walker, James and John Lynch, T. Fleischel, Beermann & Karbt, M. Schalhofer, Dr. M. Mitchell, Atlanta; Superior Vicar, Mr. Turner, Brooklyn; Father Marcory, Philadelphia; Rev. Mr. Smith, Macon; Col. Gaulden, Quitman; Miss Dawoody, Darien; Mr. White, Conjas.

Outside of his Institution he will treat all Acute Diseases with great success.

may13—dly

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apr24-dtf P. S. SHELMAN.

WM. GRAY,

July24—dly

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WE are offering to the public a selection of Fruit adapted to the Southern climate, consisting of Apples, Peaches, Pears, Plums, Cherries, Quinces, Grapes, etc. Our Floral and Ornamental Shrubbery Department is complete. We have every thing usually found in a well conducted Nursery, and of varieties we have TESTED and KNOW to be suited to the Southern climate. We are DETERMINED to make GOOD stock and sell at REASONABLE prices. All orders by mail attended to with promptness and care. We have reliable agents, either local or traveling, in many localities in this and other States South, and we PREFER, where convenient to our customers, to do our business through them. We will, upon application, furnish gratis our Catalogue and Price List. Address P. O. Box 565, Atlanta, Georgia.

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American Cotton Tie!

100 TONS OF ARROW TIES, for sale by STEPHENS & FLYNN.

SEED RYE.—1,000 bushels for sale by STEPHENS & FLYNN.

ARROW TIES.—Weare Agents in Atlanta for the AMERICAN COTTON TIE CO. A Panel Can supply dealers with the famed Arrow Tie. Send in your orders.

Atlanta, Georgia, August 31, 1873.—3imo STEPHENS & FLYNN.

The Live Stove House of the South.

I have returned from the East, where I have purchased

THE LARGEST AND MOST VARIED STOCK

—OF—

HOUSEFURNISHING GOODS,

AND WOODEN WARE,

Tin Plate, Sheet Iron & Tinners' Findings,

HOLLOW-WARE AND STOVES,

Ever Brought to this Market.

I have now in Stock and expect to arrive soon,

30,000 pounds No. 26 and 27 Stove Pipe Iron,
10,000 pounds No. 26 and 27 Pan Iron,
20 bundles Russia Iron,
200 bundles assorted Wire,
1,000 pounds Block Tin,
1,000 pounds Solder,
750 Jno. Savory's Light English Ware—
Wash Pots and Dinner Pots—assorted sizes,
2,900 Stove Pots—assorted sizes,
1,000 Waffle Irons,
2,000 Tea Kettles,
2,000 Fry Pans,
2,000 Griddles,
4,000 pounds Sad Irons,
1,000 Ovens, Skillets and Lids—Jno. Savory's Light English Ware,
250 Loyal Cook Stoves,
150 CHARTER OAK COOK STOVES,
150 Matchless Cook Stoves,
150 No. 6 and 7 Demand Cook Stoves,
150 Atlanta Cook Stoves,
200 Best Cook Stoves,
50 Star Cook Stoves,
350 Heating Stoves—all styles and sizes,
250 Coal Hods,
500 Grates—Plain and Enameled,
50 Fluting Machines—Latest Improved Styles,
50 Fancy Coal Hods and Vases,
350 dozen Juniper Buckets,
150 dozen Blue Buckets,
150 nests Tubs,
100 dozen Sifters,
50 dozen Coffee Mills,
25 dozen Heavy Horse Buckets,
50 dozen Bread Trays,
50 nests Wood Bowls,
100 nests Wood Measures,
50 racks Sugar Boxes,
25 nests Flour Pails,
50 dozen Brooms,
500 Brittania Dippers,
The largest lot of TIN-WARE ever in the city.
An elegant stock of PLATED WARE AND TABLE CUTLERY,

I am prepared to offer SPECIAL INDUCEMENTS TO MERCHANTS and DEALERS.

Thanking the public for past patronage I respectfuly solicit a continuance of the same.

L. B. LANGFORD,

Whitehall Street, Atlanta, Georgia.

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Atlantic Coast Line Passenger Route!

REORGANIZED FOR THE SUMMER OF 1873.

DAILY ALL RAIL CONNECTION

—VIA—

AUGUSTA, WILMINGTON, RICHMOND,

AND AN ADDITIONAL DAILY CONNECTION VIA

Augusta, Wilmington and Portsmouth,

—AND THE—

MAGNIFICENT BAY LINE STEAMERS,

CLOSE CONNECTION, WITH WHICH, IS MADE AT PORTSMOUTH, VIRGINIA

The equipment of the Roads of this is First-Class;

Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars Are Upon All Night Trains.

DOUBLE Daily Schedules are operated upo entire route, from New Orleans and all terminal points in Alabama and Georgia. Atlanta, passengers connect with the 5:30 p. m. By taking morning train out of Savannah, Macon train out of Augusta, and can choose between all the nnections via Richmond, or the route up Chesapeake Bay, having, in the latter case,

But One Night Railway Travel

NO CHANGE OF CARS BETWEEN AUGUSTA AND WILMINGTON.

Elegant Palace Day and Sleeping Cars run through without change from Weldon to Baltimore.

Through Tickets to all prominent points on sale by both routes at all terminal points South. Also, full lines of Virginia Springs and Excursion Tickets to Attractive Summer Resorts.

Through Tickets to Cincinnati and all principle points West via Richmond and Chesapeake and Ohio Railroad.

Buy Your Tickets via Wilmington, and be Sure They Read that Way.

And be assured you will make close connections—this being the most certain and reliable route.

Remember that this is the Only Route that Gives the Bay Line Connection.

For Time Schedules, Price Lists, and all information, apply to the following named agents of the line.

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THE DAILY CONSTITUTION

OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF STATE, COUNTY AND CITY.

The Largest City, County and State Circulation.

DEFIES REFUTATION

To Lawyers.—A full report of the decisions of the Supreme Court is furnished to THE CONSTITUTION by the Reporter of the Court.

To Correspondents.—We do not read anonymous letters and communications. The name and address of the writer are indispensable. Rejected communications we cannot undertake either to return or preserve.

ATLANTA:

SUNDAY, SEPTEMBER 7, 1873.

Brevities.

The Fort Sill massacre was a silly hoax.

The last installment of the French war indemnity was paid yesterday.

A baby has been born at Wilton Junction, Iowa, with a full set of teeth.

A condensed milk factory down East uses over three tons of sugar a month.

A Cincinnati Miss, aged 7, was tired of life, and committed suicide recently.

A Saratoga railway thinks that it is preeminently entitled to call itself a "grand trunk line."

A bridal procession in Milwaukee was four hours passing a given point. The point was a beer saloon.

The war of the sewing machine will soon re-open, to show, of course, that they all got the first prize at Vienna.

Indiana has the largest public school fund of any State in the Union, amounting to over $8,000,000.

The New Orleans Herald thinks there is nothing so effective in bringing a man up to the scratch as a healthy, high-spirited flea.

The large supplies of Australian tin now coming into the European markets are reported to be seriously affecting the English tin mining interests.

Mrs. Victoria Woodhull, who was lately at the point of death, seems now to be in the best of health. That heart disease of hers was a disastrous failure.

Whilst the exports from the United States have been much larger during the present year than they were for the same period 1872, our imports have thus far been nineteen millions less.

'Twas night. A real warm couple stood in the pale, cold moonbeams. Their lips touched, and there was a sound like a cow hauling her hoof out of the mud.

A Cincinnati man on his dying bed remembered that his wife was smoking some hams, and he said: "Now, Henrietta, don't go snuffling around and forget them hams."

Cincinnati fine art, as represented in hog-killing pictures, was duly recognized at Vienna. They were mistaken, however, for representations of a riot among citizens.

One young lady at Saratoga creates a sensation by wearing diamond buckles in her shoes. She is awfully careful about holding her dress up when the walking is wet or dirty.

The girls all declare that next winter they intend to use extreme measures to put a stop to the nuisance of having men join them when they are out on shopping expeditions.

Commodore Vanderbilt controls 2,150 miles of railroad, representing $215,000,000 of security, with a gross income of $45,000,000. This involves the mastery of the trade of the three great States of New York, Ohio, and Indiana.

A great cathedral of the Protestant Episcopal Church is to be erected in New York, as soon as the requisite funds can be raised, at an entire cost of $3,000,000. Among the subscriptions received are two of $100,000.

The Hon. Jacob G. Vale, people's candidate for Governor of Iowa, is not President of a railroad company, as has been widely charged by the machine newspapers. The railroad President is Judge Vale of Ottumwa.

The President has strong inclinations to appoint Mr. Stanley Mathews to the bench lately occupied by Mr. Chase. Judge Mathews is well known in this State. He married a Tennessee lady, and the famous young editor of the Louisville Courier-Journal is his nephew.

The New York Evening Post says: A third edition of Timrod's poems has just been issued by E. J. Hale & Son. It is deserved success that has been reached by this beautiful volume, the best that southern poets of the present generation have produced.

The Duke of Sutherland, who is constructing, at his own cost, the Sutherland and Castlehuss Railway, in England, is a practical engineer, and often mounts the locomotive and drives his own cars up and down the line.

In Madgeburg 213 persons died of cholera in the second week in August. The epidemic continues to rage in Stettin, Konigsberg, and Dantzic. Hungary has suffered most from the disease. Since the outbreak there on July 18, 18,389 deaths have been caused by it, and 48,150 attacks have occurred.

A Frenchman never forgets to be polite. After the physicians had examined Henri Rochefort and pronounced him able to bear transportation in accordance with his sentence, he bowed silently, and, although the physicians had consigned him to virtual death, said, as he left the room: "Gentlemen, I do not know whether I shall have the honor of seeing you again. Allow me to salute you."

Gen. Von Kantenfel, after the complete evacuation of the French territory, will be appointed to the command of a German army corps to be formed of those corps of which the army of occupation was composed—viz; the Second, Third and Tenth. He will also be promoted to the rank of Field-Marshal. The General has been very kind and charitable to the French people in the place under his immediate command.

The great event of the season occurred at Newport on Tuesday, it being the marriage of Charles E. Gregory, the millionaire of Jersey City, to Miss Fannie, daughter of Dr. J. Marion Sims, of this city. The ceremony was performed at All Saints' chapel (which was packed with the aristocracy of the summer population) by Rev. Dr. Potter, of Grace Church, New York. It was the most brilliant affair of the kind that has ever occurred in Newport, and had been the prominent theme of conversation the entire morning. The ceremony was followed by a grand reception at the residence of Dr. Sims, on Key street, and the bridal party took their departure for New York last evening, and from there will proceed to Europe.

Alleghany Springs (Va.) letter to the Augusta Constitutionalist. "Miss Lizzie Cabell, of Richmond, is par excellence the belle and beauty of the Alleghany, as also of Richmond. Her manners are charming, and her conversation so brilliant as to have fascinated even that austere old bachelor and 'woman hater,' General Jubal Early, and to have led him captive in the second Lancers. Nothing during the evening diverted us more than the pas de deux of this remarkable couple—the distinguished old veteran, gray and worn, capering nimbly with the lovely Hebe, incarnate with youth, and beauty, and grace. We were pleased with the sight, and we have no doubt that woman hater is a misnomer for the beloved 'old Jubal,' and that his pillow, if it could reveal the secret thoughts of the night of the 21st, would disclose both the soldier bearded like a bard, and the lover sighing like a furnace."

Cotton.

The receipts this week are 12,000 bales, 2,000 less than last year, and 3,000 more than two years since.

It is likely the receipts for next week will be about 18,000 bales, compared with 30,000 last year, and 12,000 the year before: and the receipts at the interior towns 8,000; compared with 9,000 last year, and 3,000 the year before. The thermometer has averaged 89 degrees at noon. Clear and hot every day. A very light shower one day; when the 25th part of an inch of rain fell.

This week, last year, the thermometer was 81 degrees at noon. Clear all the week. No rain. Five days cool, and two days hot. Next week, last year, the thermometer was 84 degrees at noon. Clear six days and cloudy one day: with rain on two days. The general news, in relation to cotton, next week, last year, was, "Monroe, Louisiana. No top or middle crop; all sent to market by Christmas. Yazoo, Mississippi.—Rust and boll worm destroying the cotton; smallest crop since the war. Coweta county, Georgia.—Crop less than last year."

WEATHER.

The rain-fall for the month of August has been 1.12 inches, which has fallen upon seven different days, usually about five days apart. Largest fall of rain .38 of an inch; time, one hour. Smallest quantity .05 of an inch; time ten minutes. Whilst the fall of rain throughout the cotton region has been as we have indicated, it was likely to be still, in this particular region. The rain-fall for two months has been remarkably small—only 3.62 inches. This week has been very hot, averaging one degree hotter than any week this year.

RECEIPTS.

The last two weeks of very hot weather has had a powerful effect in causing the cotton bolls to ripen and open. There is fully one million of bales now open, ready and waiting to be picked. The receipts at Galveston began to increase August 30; at Savannah September 2, and at Mobile September 4.

ESTIMATE OF GROWING CROP.

For the year 1870, the Agricultural Bureau report of acres planted was 8,885,000, and the crop was 4,847,000, or a bale to a fraction over two acres. For the year 1871, the same report of acres planted was 7,711,000, and the crop was 2,974,000, or a bale to a fraction over two and a half acres. For the year 1872 the same report, of acres planted, was 8,656,000, and the crop marketed will be about 3,900,000, or a bale to two and one quarter acres. For this year the same report, of acres planted in cotton, is 9,885,000. Comparing with the year 1871, two and a half acres to the bale, this crop will be 3,950,000. But how does this year compare with that, which is acknowledged to have been the poorest cotton year in many years. Comparing with the year 1872, two and a quarter acres to the bale, this crop will be 4,400,000; and in many respects, this year is better than the last, as the damage from caterpillars, boll worms and rust is not so nearly as bad as then, and the amount of fertilizers used is much more. Comparing with 1870, two acres to the bale, this crop will be 4,942,000; but that year was almost perfect, whilst the injury from too much rain and worms has been fully half a million of bales this year, as compared with that. There is an error this year in the estimate of acres for Georgia as given by the bureau. Its estimate is 1,472,000 acres, whilst the actual count of acres, as given in by each farmer to the tax collectors of the State, is 1,709,000. Here is an error of 230,000 acres, which, if taken at the product of last year, would add 108,000 bales. Also, we have no doubt there are fully 100,000 bales of all cotton still in the country; and as proof of this the receipts this week, which are almost entirely old cotton, and the stock at the interior towns make about one-fourth of the amount. Taking all the above facts together, as well as our idea that the injury from old causes, to the growing crop, is not so, much, as generally supposed, our *present estimate of the crop is fully* 4,250,000, which may be reduced by severe storms or a killing frost early in October; or may be further increased by fine weather from this on and very late frost.

CROP PROSPECTS.

From all parts the facts we have been able to gather, the past week, the crops have improved. The damage from caterpillars is not nearly so bad as feared; probably about half as much as last year. Whilst some few counties have been almost ruined by them, they have not spread over the country as they did last year, and as it was feared at one time they would do. We will give extracts from the letters of our numerous correspondents, taken just as they come, and our readers can judge for themselves.

CARROLL COUNTY, GA., Sept. 2, 1873.

"I have thirty acres in cotton as high as my shoulders, which will make thirty bales."

SPAULDING COUNTY, GA., Sept. 1.

"I have sixty acres in cotton which will make fifty bales. If any early frost, may be reduced to forty-five. All my neighbors are in fine spirits."

CAMDEN, ARKANSAS, Sept. 1:

"The crops, in every portion of this county, are excellent. Best since the war. We shall make a much larger cotton crop than ever before. We fear the caterpillars; but they have done no damage as yet. Same reports from counties west and south of us."

AUGUSTA, ARKANSAS, Sept. 2.

"We shall make more cotton in this county than we can gather."

TROY, TENN., Sept. 3.

"Cotton around here never looked better. The stalk is not so high as some years, but more branches and full of bolls."

HENDERSON COUNTY, TENN., August 28.

"Cotton very fine. The quantity will be much more than last year."

NATCHEZ, MISS., August 27.

"Our planters are discouraged. The worms have stripped some farms, and are working rapidly on others. We cannot make over three-fourths of a crop."

NEWTON, MISS., September 1.

"I never saw so much cotton before. It looks splendid."

THOMAS COUNTY, GA., September 2.

"The caterpillar is increasing, and our crop will fall far short of what we expected a few weeks ago."

EUFAULA, ALA., August 28.

"Cotton in this county, very fine. The stalks are large and have as much fruit on them as they can bear."

MERIDIAN, TEXAS, August 25.

"It will be impossible for us to save all the cotton we have made in this and adjoining counties, on the Brazos river."

WACO, TEXAS, August 25.

"All over this County cotton is fine. We will make nearly twice as much as last year."

WASHINGTON, N. C., Sept 1.

"Our cotton has been injured by too much rain; causing it to shed off its fruit."

WINNSBORO, LA., Sept. 1.

"Cotton fine. A good deal of talk of worms; but except in one field where they ate out the cotton in the middle of the field, we have not heard of any injury."

NEW YORK.

The market has been active both for spots and contracts. Sales of the first 14,000 bales and a rise of 3-8 of a cent. Sales of contracts 85,000, with the same rise as for spots. This more active market is due to the lateness of the crop and exaggerated reports of injury from worms, which are circulated by the Bull clique.

LIVERPOOL.

The market has been steady with medium sales, but no rise in the price. Nor do we expect any rise of importance.

CORN.

The prospects of the price for this staple article is a gloomy one to the planters of Southwest Georgia who have planted all cotton. The corn crop of the States of Iowa and Illinois is ruined by the drouth, and, at this time, only half a crop is expected. So our farmers who will be dependent upon "shipped corn" next summer must be prepared to pay high prices for it.

MONEY.

We repeat what we wrote last summer, that the present amount of currency is not sufficient for this country.

There is no money here in this city. "Not a dollor on hand" is the answer of the officers of our nine banking houses. A few hundred dollars only can be borrowed, on the streets, at 25 to 50 per cent. per annum.

But how is it at the fountain head? The rates in New York are 7 per cent. per annum, payable in gold. And as the supply there is much less than for years before, and the quantity which will soon be required to move our large cotton, grain and pork crops will be as large as ever before. The rates then will soon rise to one-quarter of one per cent. a day.

PROSPECT.

We would caution our friends against believing the very bad crop reports, and thus being influenced to buy contracts for any of the months now offering. Such purchases can only end in loss and injury. To planters we will say, sell your cotton now, while it is high and so many want it.

☞ Atlanta has been without a supply of postal cards for three weeks. Why is it?

A Religious Daily.

A subscriber, renewing his subscription to THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION, says in a note to the proprietors of that live and meritorious daily, that he gets "all his religion from it." We did not know before that THE CONSTITUTION was a religious paper, or indeed that it had any religion. When did it make a *profession?* and on what page does it print its pious thoughts.—*North Georgia Citizen.*

Wretched sinner! Read the account on the 8th page of the good old Methodist camp meeting in Gwinnett, and then on the 7th page read the beautiful poem of Father Ryan, and under it one of our methods of treating such hardened cases as yourself.

Grantville Mail Failure.

We were much gratified by the promptness of the post-office authorities in their efforts to ascertain the cause of the non-delivery of THE CONSTITUTION at Grantville. The remarks of special agent Thos. B. Long, upon the relationship between the Post-office Department and the Press, and the great value of the latter, does great credit to him. But the correspondence published yesterday, while showing that the Postmaster at Grantville was not at all in fault, only leaves the fault somewhere else. Still, we are entirely willing to let the matter rest, hoping that the authorities will see to prompt delivery hereafter.

A Late Acknowledgement of a Madison, Georgia, Courtesy.

The sweet village of Madison, in Georgia, has a Charade Club composed of some of the best citizens. On the first of September the Club gave an entertainment at the Baptist College for the benefit of the Presbyterian Church. We were invited in terms so kindly that we regret not having received the invitation postmarked the 26th of August, until after the first,

The Club, in their invitation, send "Compliments of 'Club' to editors of the *popular newspaper* THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

We thank our friends most kindly for their compliment, and we wish the Club success.

A Word of Warning.

We copy, in another column, an article in the Marietta Journal, announcing a stupendous enterprise about to be inaugurated by it. We merely desire to intimate, mildly, as we did to another paper, that we shall by no means sit idly by and allow an infringement of our patented rights. Telegraphic, undersea, balloonic, and all similar *newspaper* modes of transportation were invented by us. But we'll compromise. Take us into partnership on the Roswell line, will you? That road ought to be built. Roswell now receives nearly forty copies of THE CONSTITUTION, and there seems to be a determination on the part of the people not to be satisfied till every man, woman and child in that pretty little village, nestled among the high hills of the Chattahoochee, has a copy of the Marietta Journal and THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION. Selah!

Worse and Worse.

San Domingo Babcock comes to the front as a manufacturer of false vouchers in the interest of the lawless Board of Public Works in Washington. This board has gone recklessly along, doing things that the law prohibits them from doing, until they have plunged the District Government into utter bankruptcy. The police have not been paid since November; three months of last years' salary are still due the teachers in the public schools; the laborers in the streets have not received a dime for six months; the District Treasury is empty, and the certificates of indebtedness issued by the Board of Public Works have no market value. The ten million limit to the debt of the District imposed by Congress has been exceeded by at least seven millions dollars, and the floating debt is enormous and rapidly increasing. And yet the Board of Public Works continues to award large contracts, and the same extravagance and recklessness go on unchecked. Why is this so?

The transactions of this notorious Board are known to everybody in Washington, which includes President Grant, who appointed them to office, and who continues them in power. Gross frauds on the Government have been perpetrated by them through Gen. Grant's right-hand man, Gen. Babcock, he who is always at the President's side, whether in camp, by the sea-shore, or at the White House. The New York Sun has traced out some of the startling frauds, and it substantiates its charges by specific facts and figures.

It will be remembered that last winter the Board of Public Works presented a bill against the United States amounting to $1,241,920.92 for work alleged to have been done around Government property. The money was appropriated on the 8th of January, 1873, but only to be paid out upon vouchers approved by General Babcock after all the work had been remeasured, and the prices approved by him. General Babcock approved all the vouchers only two days afterwards, and the correspondent selects one of the fictitious measurements, out of 286, as a sample. It relates to the work done around the Winder building, corner of Seventeenth and F. streets. Under Babcock's vouchers the Government was charged with 21,905 cubic yards of excavations at 40 cents a yard. Actual measurements by a competent engineer show that the bill should have been for 6,587 yards, and that the contract price was only 20 cents. In other words, the amount stolen from the United States on 300 front feet of work was $7,444 60. It is the deliberate belief of the Sun's correspondent, founded on a careful examination of the other Babcock vouchers, that a half million dollars will not cover what has thus been filched from the National Treasury.

Where is the stolen money? If the books of the Board of Public Works are properly kept, the excessive price of work that runs through the Babcock vouchers, cannot go into the Treasury of the Board. Babcock audited the government work at 40 cents, when it was really done by the contractors for from 20 to 27 cents. All that is known is, that this confidential agent in the White House, has grown suddenly rich. His numerous real estate investments at Washington prove that. And Washingtonians believe that he is the link between the reckless, corrupt, and criminal Board, and the appointing and beheading power on the throne.

The Back Salary Grab.

We have never seen a more unanimous demonstration of public sentiment upon any matter than upon the back salary grab. The popular condemnation has been just as near universal as public opinion ever gets to be. All parties have joined in the censure. From the great voice of the people has come one distinct, swelling, unconditional and unbroken note of unstinted censure. If the voice of the people is the voice of God, then, indeed, has the divine will condemned the salary grab.

Daily do we find in our exchanges reports of popular disapproval of the wrong. The farmers especially seem to vie with each other in the hearty, cutting causticity of their reproof of the measure and the perpetrators.

The following for example will illustrate how the Illinois farmers regard it:

"Ex-Congressman Farnesworth, of Illinois, drew his back pay soon after Congress adjourned, and distributed it among the counties in his district. Several of the counties have declined to receive it. In McHenry county the money was accepted, and the farmers of the county, in Convention on Friday last, thus expressed their disapproval:

"*Resolved*, That we, the farmers of McHenry county, in convention assembled, do disapprove the action of their County Supervisors, in accepting the *pro rata* share of the public money stolen from the United States Treasury by our late representative in Congress."

The State Convention of the Minnesota farmers has nominated a ticket, and in their platform, unanimously adopted, they inserted the following bold, trenchant resolution:

"Fifth. In the late act of Congress, increasing the official and Congressional salaries, notwithstanding the pleas and excuses urged in its palliation, we recognize only a corrupt and reprehensible avarice and reckless disregard of the public weal, which deserves the severest censure; and we demand the repeal of the law at the earliest practicable moment, and declare every man who supported and approved, or aided and abetted in procuring its passage, or received benefit through its enactment, whether in the shape of back or future pay, as unworthy the confidence of his fellow-citizens and unfit for the further occupancy of any position of public trust."

These quotations will suffice to show how the virtuous, candid, unpurchaseable yeomanry of the country regard this measure.

The most curious exhibition of the public censure the thing is getting, however, is the rivalry that exists between the two great political parties in its condemnation. It is a lively race between them as to which can pass the heaviest resolutions of disapproval. The Radical party is somewhat embarrassed by the fact that Grant participated in the wrong, and they find it right incongruous some times to reconcile their endorsement of him with their denunciation of the salary grabbers. But not even this perplexity can keep them silent. They thunder at the back pay Congressmen and coolly leave the Democrats to jibe and sneer at their inconsistency. On the other hand the Democrats get taunted with the support that so many of their Congressmen gave to the measure. The Pittsburg Commercial for instance puts the point thus:

"Out of the hundred and twenty-four Democratic members of Congress taking the two houses together, one hundred and eight have given back their pay, eleven have retained it, and five have kept it on deposit within easy reach." Thirteen per cent more Republicans than Democrats have returned the swag, and upward of fourteen per cent. more Democrats than Republicans have pocketed it. The "Liberal" squad also comes out of the test worse than the Republicans—but better than the Democrats."

The Democrats either repudiate their representatives or retort that they were reduced into the flowery ways of the salary grab by the Radical party. For example, the Massachusetts Democratic State Convention resolved "that the Republican party is responsible for the seduction of Democratic members of Congress into corrupt schemes to rob the people of their money."

Many members have refused the back pay. Many have returned it to the Treasury. To crown the matter, and as it were, render nugatory all efforts at repentance on the subject, Treasurer Spinner writes a letter in which he asserts the conviction, that the money cannot be legally restored to the Treasury beyond power of reclamation hereafter, without a testamentary devise in consideration of love for the native land.

This somewhat complicates the subject. But we are disposed to think that Treasurer Spinner stretches the law improperly.

Be that as it may, the subject holds an unabated interest in the public mind, and the torrent of popular disapprobation flows heavily and in a continuous stream.

One or two Congressmen have ventured to defend the wrong in public speeches. And a corporal's guard of super-serviceable party journals have timidly apologized for the thing, but the notes have been feeble, and so coldly received that the attempt has been a woful failure. Even bold Beast Butler, the fitting champion and apologist of the measure, it is said, has lowered his defiant advocacy of the unpopular and ill-begotten thing.

We shall deplore the day when public sentiment in this country can not find words of condemnation for a wrong so palpable and utterly indefensible as the back pay grab.

Ten Thousand Copies.

We have for several weeks past been making preparation for a magnificent edition. We propose to show what Atlanta *is* and *will* be. We shall issue about ten thousand copies of the paper. We have already advertisements for it. Special arrangements must be made for advertisements in this mammoth edition.

A Misapprehension about the Public Schools.

Some of our citizens entertain the incorrect idea that the policy adopted in the public schools in regard to the Bible is a recent thing.

We should state that it was adopted by the Board after careful deliberation, and upon consultation with the leading ministers of the city of all denominations. It was adopted at the beginning, even before the incumbency of the present Superintendent, who has been simply carrying into effect the programme of the Board, adopted before his election.

It will therefore be seen that the matter is official, is of long standing, and was the result of a conscientious desire to serve the great cause of education and keep out of the way all provocations to discord in the great system established.

Local and Business Notices.

ATLANTA AUCTION HOUSE, Wednesday morning at 10 o'clock, will lease to the highest bidder the eligible stand on Peachtree, between Decatur street and the Railroad, known as the John Ficken Tobacco Store. The fixtures will be sold, together with Pipes, Tobacco, Indian Princess, Iron Safe, and many Fancy Articles, Show Cases, Glass Jars, &c., &c.

WITT & JOYNER.

sep7—d-sun-tues-wed

A NOBLE ENTERPRISE.—What a wonderful success has been produced by the Gift Concerts of the Public Library of Kentucky. Since their last drawing on the 8th of July they have paid out to their ticket holders half a Million of Dollars without defalcation or discount in any instance, and now they propose in December to give away one Million and a half of money. Their past history proves that this will certainly be done and who can refuse to take a small risk in so magnificent a gain. Then every ticket-buyer knows that if he is not individually lucky, at least half of his adventure goes to the benefit of the magnificent library which is as much his own as it is that of every other citizen of the United States. (See Advertisement.)

sept6—d1t

B. G. KELLY, wants to sell his fine gray horse. Call at Taylor's Stable. sept5-d1w

B. G. KELLY wants to exchange land and money for a fine cottage near center of city. sept5-d1w

BAGGING AND TIES—car load—at

aug30—d1m MARK W. JOHNSON'S.

WE will keep regularly on hand during the season, the most choice Fresh Fish from Charleston.

JNO. T. HAGAN & Co.

sept4-dtf 94 Whitehall street.

HOTELS, Boarding Houses and Families can get, at all times, Fresh Fish in any quantity at 94 Whitehall street,

sept4-4tf JNO. T. HAGAN & Co.

FRESH FISH.—Fresh fish received daily at No. 94 Whitehall street.

sept4-dtf JNO. T. HAGAN & Co.

FINE Spring and Summer Clothing at panic prices, at M. & J. HIRSCH. July 20-dtf

LADIES will find a full assortment of summer millinery and fancy goods at Knox's Millinery and Variety Store, Whitehall street. We are constantly receiving all the latest novelties in millinery and fancy goods, which we are selling at very low prices. Call in and look through and you will find something you need. We have a very handsome line of sash ribbons, which we are selling cheap; also, a few more of those Florida hats at very low prices. aug11-dtf

FUNERAL NOTICE.

VENABLE.—The friends and acquaintances of Mr. and Mrs. W. R. Venable are requested to attend the funeral of the former from the First Presbyterian Church, Sunday morning, 7th instant, at nine o'clock, A. M.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

PRATT'S ASTRAL OIL.—ABSOLUTELY safe. Perfectly odorless. Always unfailing. Its luminating qualities superior to gas. Burns in any lamp without danger of exploding or taking fire. Manufactured expressly to displace the use of volatile and dangerous oils. Its safety under every possible test, and its perfect burning qualities are proved by its continued use in over 300,000 families.

Millions of gallons have been sold and no accident—directly or indirectly—has ever occurred from burning, storing or handling it.

The immense yearly loss to life and property resulting from the use of cheap and dangerous oils in the United States, is appalling.

The Insurance Companies and Fire Commissioners throughout the country recommend the ASTRAL as the best safeguard when lamps are used. Send for circular.

For sale at retail by the trade generally, and at wholesale by the proprietors, CHAS. PRATT & CO., 108 Fulton street, New York. [aug23-4t-wkly

Barlow House,

AMERICUS.....GEORGIA.

IS FIRST-CLASS AND IN BUSINESS CENTER.

WILEY JONES, Proprietor.

sept6—dtf

ATTENTION,

Builders and Contractors!

JUST RECEIVED, A LARGE LOT OF

White Pine Shingles,

Equal to the Cedar for durability. Will be SOLD LOW TO THE TRADE.

The Celebrated Alabama Lime

—AND—

Louisville Cement,

in full supply, at all times.

BACON, LARD, HAY, OATS (Seed and feed), STOCK MEAL, CORN and MEAL, in ample supply, and all orders filled promptly, at regular quotations.

J. J. WILLIAMS & CO.

Atlanta, September 6, 1873—d1w

WANTED,

SEVERAL WAGONS AND TEAMS FOR HAULing wood. Liberal prices will be paid. Any one wanting to hire will apply to

J. BEN WILSON & CO.,

sep6—d2t Broad Street, Atlanta, Ga.

GEORGIA, DeKalb County.

ORDINARY'S OFFICE, September 4, 1873.

WHEREAS, Andrew J. Thompson and Benjamin M. Thompson, having applied to me for letters of administration upon the estate of Martin Thompson, deceased:

This is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned to file their objections, if any they have, within the time prescribed by law, else leave will be granted said applicant as applied for.

JOHN B. STEWARD, Ordinary.

sep6-wtw Printer's fee $4.

GOODMAN & WADE

Have Removed

FROM CORNER WHEAT AND PEACHTREE TO

No. 80 Peachtree Street,

OPPOSITE WESLEY CHAPEL.

Fresh Stock of Groceries

—AND—

Country Produce,

Constantly on hand. sept5—d3t

POLYTECHNIC COLLEGE

OF THE STATE OF PENNSYLVANIA.

Market Street above 17th, Philadelphia.

TWENTIETH YEAR begins Tuesday, September 16th, 1873. Thorough Professional Training in Civil Engineering, Mine Engineering, Mechanical Engineering, Analytical and Industrial Chemistry, Metallurgy, and Architecture.

The facilities afforded by the College compare favorably with those of the best Polytechnic Institutions of Europe, and the Diploma is received as conclusive evidence of proficiency by the first Engineers and Companies engaged on works of improvement. Address ALFRED L. KENNEDY, M.D., President of Faculty.

sep5—w3t

GETTYSBURG

KATALYSINE WATER—THE GREAT METHOD OF NATURE. Indorsed by the highest Medical Authorities. Restores muscular power to the Paralytic, Youthful Vigor to the Aged, & Develops the Young at a Critical Period; Dissolves Calculi and "Chalky" Deposits; Cures Gout, Rheumatism, Dyspepsia, Neuralgia, Gravel, Diabetis, Disease of the Kidneys, Liver and Skin, Abdominal Dropsy, Chronic Diarrhœa, Constipation, Asthma, Nervousness, Sleeplessness, General Debility, and nearly every class of Chronic Disease. Pamphlet containing History of the Spring and Testimonials from Medical Journals, Eminent Physicians and Distinguished Citizens, sent FREE by mail by WHITNEY BROS., General Agents, 227 South Front St., Philadelphia. For sale by all Druggists. [aug7-3m&w

TAX NOTICE.

THE books are now open for collecting the city taxes. Take due notice and govern yourselves accordingly.

J. H. FRANKLIN,

aug31-d1w City Tax Collector and Receiver.

Splendid Lot for Sale.

WALLACE & FOWLER,

HAVE A MAGNIFICENT CORNER LOT.

The best Unimproved Business Lot

In the center of the city, for Sale.

The owners have made other purchases and do not need it. Apply at once. june10-dtf

Libel for Divorce.

STATE OF GEORGIA.—Joseph L. Robinson vs. Mary M. Robinson—Fulton Superior Court, April Term, 1873. Rule to perfect service.

It appearing to the Court by the return of the Sheriff that the defendant does not reside in this county, and it further appearing that she does not reside in this State, it is, on motion of counsel, Ordered, that the said defendant appear and answer at the next term of this court, else that the case be considered in default and the plaintiff be allowed to proceed; and it is further ordered that this rule be published in the Atlanta Sun once a month for four months.

This June 10th, 1873.

GARTRELL & STEPHENS,

Attorneys for Libelant.

A true extract from the minutes of the Superior Court of Fulton county. W. R. VENABLE,

july15-1am4m Clerk.

THE McAFEE HOUSE,

At Smithville, Georgia,

IS KEPT in the most elegant style. The cars trains from Macon dine at Smithville, and the traveling public will find at this House first-class accommodations. Give him a call. june7—tf

☞ Held is holding sing-by the professors and scientists at the clam bake after the Portland Conference:

Cum clamibus bivalvulus
Consumus by halvulus,
Pocahontas bycharibus
Comes with the grobbulus,

So, now let us gobbulum,
And deem him a snobbulum
Who, when in delirium
Exit lobsterium,

Refuses the ginny
Good spiritus vini
Gallici brandium,
When it is handium.

Summary of State News.

HAMILTON.

The editor of the Visitor says: "Judging from what has been received at this office, we believe the fruit crop of Harris county this year has been a failure."——The citizens of Hamilton are going to hold a meeting for the improvement of the grave-yard.——The first white crow of this season has been seen by Dr. Hanks, on his farm near Ellerslie.——Hamilton has taken a start, and is erecting a couple of new houses.——The Blue Spring Sunday School celebration, on last Saturday, was largely attended.——A guinea fowl and a yearling were knocked over by the engine on the North and South Road on Tuesday last.——The sheriff of Harris county emptied his pistol at a darkey last week, but it wouldn't do. The nigger outran the ball, and has disappeared.—*Visitor.*

CUTHBERT.

Pound, surprise and select parties are the order of the day in Cuthbert just now.——Bethel Female College opened on Monday last.——The weather is warm and dry. Farmers are gathering their corn. Many have enough for home consumption.——One lady, living near Cuthbert, has realized $60 this season from the sale of grapes from one vine.—*Appeal.*

COVINGTON.

Parson Smith realized $10 from the hay mowed on the municipal hay patch.—The young sportsmen of Covington have opened a lively campaign against the bull-bats.——Salem camp meeting began on Friday. The indications are that there will be a large attendance.——Jake Cave was arrested last Tuesday for an assault with a shot gun upon a colored sister of the name of Ann Weaver. He has given bond for his appearance before the Superior Court.——At the home of their mother, Mrs. Mary A. Carter, near Madison, Georgia, on Saturday, August 30th, 1873, Miss Sadie Carter died at half-past twelve o'clock, and within less than one hour her youngest sister, Miss Nannie Carter, followed her. Both died of congestion after suffering from bilious fever for about one week.——A Newton county widower with plenty of money and very good looking wants a wife. He is about 36 years old, and has no family. Would have no objection to a young lady over 18 years old, but will not listen to any proposition from a school girl. For information address editor of "The Local Broad Ax."—*Enterprise.*

MADISON.

The ladies of the Baptist Church gave a supper on the night of the 2d instant, which was the finest given in this city for many years.——The superior Court is in session.—*Home Journal.*

GAINESVILLE.

An eminent antiquarian of Gainesville has recently discovered that the manly game of checkers was in vogue before the flood.——Work on the new school building is progressing rapidly.——The nuptials of Mr. John Rodgers and Miss Mattie Whitner, were celebrated in the Presbyterian church in this city on Sunday evening last by the Rev. T. P. Cleveland.——Mr. C. H. Alford, of Gainesville, was married to Miss Lula Brandon, of Gwinnett County, on last Sunday evening.——Prof. Morgan H. Looney will take charge of the Gainesville school in January next.—*Eagle.*

COLUMBUS.

Mrs. M. A. Johnson, wife of Mr. Robert G. Johnson, died at her residence in Muscogee county at half past three o'clock last Thursday morning.—The crusade against the Columbus dogs is still progressing and their numbers are becoming beautifully less.—Mr. Charles Morris, formerly a policeman of Columbus, died Wednesday night, aged 36 years.—Miss Rebecca Chappell, of Wynnton, was married to Mr. J. H. Toomer of Norfolk, Virginia, last Friday morning.—Eighty-six marriage licenses were recorded in the Ordinar'y's office last month.—A handsome and accomplished married lady of Columbus has written a novel which is soon to be published by a new York House of prominence.—*Sun.*

AUGUSTA.

A German school will be opened at the Lutheran Church, on Walker street, next Monday.——Mr. R. H. Wyllly, agent at Augusta of the Charlotte, Columbia and Augusta Railroad, resigned his position on Thursday. Mr. D. H. Van Buren, the freight clerk at the office of the Southern Express Company, has been appointed in his stead.—*Chronicle and Sentinel.*

An enterprising Augusta beggar goes about the city asking for dresses for his daughter, who, he says, was badly burnt a short time ago. The dresses he obtains invariably find their way into a pawnbrokers shop and his daughter has been discovered to be a myth.

NEWNAN.

Tuesday night, Leroy Glover, alias Stephens, colored, was brought before Justice Dent, charged with bestiality committed on Mr. Thompson's premises, four miles south of this city. The negro confessed his guilt and is in jail.——The first bale of new cotton received in Newnan this season was from the plantation of Dr. A. S. Calhoun, under the management of Mr. A. M. Hill.—*Herald.*

Gossip of the Granges.

The San Jose (Cal.) Grange numbers over 300 patrons.

The California State Grange will meet at San Jose, in October.

Fifty members of the Grange at Napa, California, own property worth $1,125,000.

The Mississippi State Grange will have its annual meeting at Jackson, September 9th.

The Nebraska State Grange was organized August 2d, 1871, with 15 subordinates; now there are 300.

The farmers of Kansas organized a State Grange at Lawrence on the 30th ult. Delegates from 409 Granges were present.

A large number of the Grangers and the members of the Jackson County (Mo.) Horticultural Society met at Lee Summit, August 3d.

The farmers of Butts County, Cal., are jubilant over the announcement that officers are about making a tour of the county to institute new Granges.

Special Deputy N. W. Garreston, of the Patrons of Husbandry, left Napa County, Cal., July 26th, for Oregon and Washington Territory, to organize State and subordinate Granges.

W. Dudley Adams, Master of the National Grange, and A. B. Smedley, Master of the Iowa State Grange, have both resisted the lucrious pleasing of the political lute. They were wanted for Senators.

The Lawrence (Kan.) *Tribune* is glad to see so judicious an adviser as Judge Hanway among the Grangers. He is one of the best men, as well as one of the best farmers in Kansas. If the Grangers turn a deaf ear to all the played-out political shysters who try to inveigle them, and listen to the counsels of such intelligent and honest counselors as Judge Hanway, they will not be likely to go far astray.

At the organization of the Central Council of Patrons of Husbandry of Cass County, Missouri, a series of resolutions were adopted, of which the following is one: "Since Abram Comingo was unmindful of the true interests of his constituents in his recent acts of Congress, and, as we have no further use for him, we ask that he resign his seat in the XLIIId United States Congress." The Grangers are not yet forgotten the "salary steal."

☞ A thrifty young farmer in Maryland has stocked his six hundred acre farm with forty-five children, all after his own likeness.

☞ Mr. Edward Jenkins ("Ginx's Baby,") defeated candidate for Parliament at Dundee, Scotland, has been presented with a piece of plate and a check for £1,000.

☞ A handsome monument to Commodore Perry has been placed over the remains of that officer in Island cemetery, Newport, R. I.

☞ An old lady out West, having read the last paragraph about "Mr. Jenkins, the father of Ginx's baby," says "Ginx owes it to the public to explain things."

Atlanta Wholesale Price Current.

COMMERCIAL OFFICE,
ATLANTA, September 6, 3 o'clock, P. M.

REMARKS.—In our rounds to-day we notice considerable activity amongst the grocery merchants. Coffee is firm and advancing. The stock in the United States is 38,300 bags. The consumption per month is 138,000 bags. There is less stock now in the United States than has been in 25 years. Messrs. A. C. & B. F. Wyly inform us that they are advised by their correspondent in Cincinnati that meats have advanced from an 1-8 to 1-4.

Cotton—Cotton we quote firm at 17 for middlings.

Atlanta Money Market.

Financial.—Gold, buying at 1 14; selling at 1 16. Silver, buying at 1 06, selling 1 10.

Exchange—Buying at par, selling at ¼ premium. Bonds and Stocks—Georgia 6s, 70a75, 7s, 86a86; new Georgia bonds at the State Treasury, 8 per cent. nontaxable, $1. Atlanta city bonds, 7s 70 a72; 8s, 80a83. Augusta, 88a95. Georgia Railroad stock, 90a92; Georgia Rail Road bonds, 98a93. Atlanta and West Point Railroad stock, 80a82; Atlanta and West Point Railroad bonds, 94a96. Central Railroad stock, 75a78. Rome city 7s, 68a72 Savannah, 83.

Atlanta Dry Goods Market.

Prints—Wamsutta, 8; Bedford, 8. Amoskeag, 9½; Arnold, 9; Albions, 11; Sprague, 11; Richmond, 11; Dunnells, 11.

Roswell Mills—4-4 sheeting 12½c; 7-8 11c. yarns $1 50; sewing and knitting thread 50c

Sheetings, etc.—Graniteville—3-4 sheetings, 8½ per yard, 7-8 sheetings 10½ per yard, 4-4 sheetings 12 per yard, 7-8 drills 12 1-2 per yard. Augusta—3-4 shirtings 8½ per yard; 7-8 shirtings 10½ per yard, 4-4 sheetings 12 per yard, 7-8 drill 13 per yard.

Atlanta Provision Market.

Market firm as follows:

BULK MEATS—Clear sides 11 1-4; clear rib 11; shoulders 8¼.

BACON—Clear sides 12½; clear rib sides 12; shoulders 10 1-2.

LARD—Choice in tierces 10 1-2a10 3-4; kegs 11; buckets 11 1-2.

CHOICE HAMS—Sugar-cured canvased 16 1-2a17.

BREAKFAST BACON—Sugar-cured 13 1-2.

DRIED BEEF—Canvased 18¢.

BEEF TONGUES—Per dozen $6.

Atlanta Produce Market.

DRIED FRUIT—Rough peaches 5.

EGGS—Sales from wagon to-day at 25a 27 1-2.

POTATOES—Sweet $1 1 25.

FEATHERS—Market steady at 55a60 for prime selections.

BEESWAX—Dull at 27.

RAGS—Market dull at 3a3¼.

HAY—We quote old at $1 60.

POULTRY—Spring chickens command 20a 22½.

BUTTER—We quote good country at 20a25.

Atlanta Flour and Grain Market.

FLOUR—Market fairly active as follows: Fancy $10 50a11; extra family $9a10; family $8 50a9; extra $6 50a7 50; superfine $6a6 50.

CORN MEAL—Market quiet. We quote 83 a85.

CORN—Yellow 78a80; white 82½.

WHEAT—White $1 65a1 75; amber $1 60a 1 65; red $1 50a1 60.

OATS—We quote 50a55.

BRAN—We quote $12 per ton.

Atlanta Grocery Market.

SUGARS—New Orleans, in hogsheads, 9a 11 for fair to choice; Demarra 12; standard hards 13 1-4; clarified white 12; do yellow 11¼a11½; A coffee 12½; B do 13 1-4; extra C do 13; Porto Rico 10½a11; yellow C 10a11.

MOLASSES AND SYRUPS—New Orleans 70 a75; refined syrups 45a75.

COFFEE—Market still advancing. We quote Rio, common to choice, 25 1-2a28; Laguayra 28; Java 30.

NAILS—We quote at $5 50 for 10ds, and 25c additional for diminishing grades.

SALT—We quote $2 per sack.

CANDLES—We quote star 20 per pound.

FISH—We quote as follows: Half barrels, Nos. 1, 2 and 3, $9, $7 50 and $6; in kits, Nos. 1, 2 and 2, $2, $1 75 and $1 50.

RICE—We quote at 9¼a10.

TEAS—We quote Imperial at $1a1 50; Young Hyson $1 15a1 50; Black 75a$1 25; Gunpowder $1a1 50.

POWDER—Dupont $7 50; Sycamore Mills $7 50; blasting $5; fuse per 100 feet 65.

SHOT—We quote patent $3 90; Buck $3 15.

LIQUORS—We quote common rectified whisky per gallon $1; Robertson county $1 25a3; Bourbon $1 25a5 50; corn whisky $1 15a2.

COTTON TIES—We quote at 9¼.

BROOMS—We quote at $3 50a3 50 per dozen.

SOAP—We quote at 5a8c per lb, or $3a4 50 per box.

BAGGING—We quote at 13¼a14 for West India. Roll bagging, flax thread and Double Ancho 16¼a17¼.

Sundries.

SEEDS—Clover $8; timothy $5; orchard grass $3; blue grass $3; herd's grass $2 50.

COTTON YARNS—We quote at $1 50 per bunch all numbers.

CANDIES—We quote stick candy 14¼a16; common fancy 17a25.

CORDAGE—Jute 13; grass 20; cotton 30.

PEPPER—We quote at 27.

SPICE—We quote at 16.

GINGER—We quote at 16.

CRACKERS—5 3-4a12.

TOBACCO—Common sound 43a45; low medium 47a50; medium 52a55; fine 60a70; extra fine 80a$1; Spencer's Calhoun $1 13.

IRON—Bar iron $4 25 two horse tyer: axes $14; steel 20a22; shovels, Ames', $15; horse and mules shoes 8a9; horse shoe nails 20a30.

NOTICE.

Elizabeth J. Wilson, vs Mary C. Hatcher, Ellender Wallace, et. al.

Bill for Injunction and Relief in Fulton Superior Court.

IT appearing to the Court by the return of the Sheriff, that Ellender Wallace, one of the Defendants in the above bill, does not reside in Fulton county, and it further appearing that said Ellender Wallace does not reside in the State of Georgia, it is ordered by the Court that service be perfected on the said Ellender Wallace, by publication of this order once a month for four months, in the Atlanta Constitution, a newspaper published in the city of Atlanta, Fulton county, Georgia; that the said Ellender Wallace may appear and defend said cause at the next fall term of this Court. And in default thereof the Court will proceed, as to justice shall appertain. This May 6, 1873.

W. A. Tigner, Peeples and Howell, complainant's Solicitors.

A true extract from the minutes.

W. R. VENABLE,
july 21-dt Clerk.

NATIONAL HOTEL,

(FORMERLY TIBBS HOUSE.)

Dalton, Ga.

O'NEILL & BARCLAY, Prop'rs.

O'NEILL. JOHN BARCLAY.
y26-dtf.

THE GRANDEST SCHEME EVER KNOWN.

Fourth Grand Gift Concert
FOR THE BENEFIT OF THE
Public Library of Kentucky.

12,000 Cash Gifts $1,500,000

EVERY FIFTH TICKET DRAWS A GIFT.

$250,000 for $50.

THE Fourth Grand Gift Concert authorized by special act of the Legislature for the benefit of the Public Library of Kentucky, will take place in Public Library Hall at Louisville, Ky.,

WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 3d, 1873.

Only Sixty thousand tickets will be sold and one-half of these are intended for the European Market, thus leaving only 30,000 for sale in the United States, where 102,000 were disposed of for the Third Concert. The tickets are divided into ten coupons or parts and have on their back the Scheme with a full explanation of the mode of drawing.

At this concert which will be the grandest musical display ever witnessed in this country the unprecedented sum of

$1,500,000,

divided into 12,000 cash gifts will be distributed by lot among the ticket holders. The numbers of the tickets to be drawn from one wheel by bits children and the gifts from another.

LIST OF GIFTS.

ONE GRAND CASH GIFT		$250,000
ONE GRAND CASH GIFT		100,000
ONE GRAND CASH GIFT		50,000
ONE GRAND CASH GIFT		25,000
ONE GRAND CASH GIFT		17,500
10 CASH GIFTS	$10,000 each	100,000
30 CASH GIFTS	5,000 each	150,000
50 CASH GIFTS	1,000 each	50,000
80 CASH GIFTS	500 each	40,000
100 CASH GIFTS	400 each	40,000
180 CASH GIFTS	300 each	54,000
250 CASH GIFTS	200 each	50,000
325 CASH GIFTS	100 each	32,500
11,000 CASH GIFTS	50 each	550,000
TOTAL, 12,000 GIFTS, ALL CASH, amounting to		$1,500,000

The distribution will be positive whether all the tickets are sold or not, and the 12,000 gifts all paid in proportion to the tickets sold—all unsold tickets being destroyed as at the First and Second Concerts and not represented in the drawing.

PRICE OF TICKETS.

Whole tickets $50 00; Halves $25 00; Tenths, or each coupon $5 00; Eleven Whole Tickets for $500 00; 22½ Tickets for $1,000 00; 113 Whole Tickets for $5,000 00; 227 Whole Tickets for $10,000 00. No discount on less than $500 00 worth of Tickets at a time.

The unsurpassed success of the Third Gift Concert as well as the satisfaction given by the First and Second makes it only necessary to announce the Fourth to insure the prompt sale of every ticket. The Fourth Gift Concert will be conducted in all its details like the Third, and full particulars may be learned from circulars which will be sent free from this office to all who apply for them.

Tickets now ready for sale and all orders accompanied by the money promptly filled. Liberal terms given to those who buy to sell again.

THOS. E. BRAMBLETTE,
Agent Publ. Libr. Ky. and Manager Gift Concert,
Public Library Building, Louisville, Ky.
aug19—d tues & thurs & w till dec1

The Great Southern
PASSENGER AND MAIL
ROUTE!

VIA

ATLANTA and AUGUSTA!

TO Charleston, Columbia, Charlotte, Raleigh, Wilmington, Weldon, Richmond, Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York.

RUNNING A DOUBLE
Daily Through Passenger Train,

CONNECTIONS by THIS LINE are most certain and sure at all seasons.

The Eating Houses

On this Line have been thoroughly overhauled and refitted. Ample time is given for Meals, and at regular hours.

CONDUCTORS on this line are affable and courteous to passengers.

The Quickest Time and Sure Connection made by this Route.

Passengers can purchase Through Tickets and have their Baggage Checked through from
New Orleans, Mobile,
Montgomery, Columbus, and Atlanta
TO
Richmond, Baltimore,
Washington, Philadelphia, and New York.
BY
Four Different Routes, via Augusta, Kingsville, and Wilmington; via Columbia, Charlotte and Raleigh; via Columbia, Danville and Richmond; via Atlanta, Augusta, Wilmington and Bay Line.

Fare as Low by Augusta
AS ANY OTHER ROUTE.

PULLMAN'S PALACE SLEEPING CARS
ON
ALL NIGHT TRAINS LEAVING ATLANTA
BY THIS ROUTE.

Passengers wishing to go North by Sea will find a
Splendid Line of Steamships,
From Charleston, S. C., to Baltimore, Philadelphia, Boston and New York.

The Charleston Steamships

Offer every inducement to Passengers, with Tables supplied with every luxury the Northern and Charleston Markets can afford, and for Safety, Speed and Comfort are

Unrivaled on the Coast.

Through Tickets on Sale at
MONTGOMERY, WEST POINT AND ATLANTA
TO
NEW YORK VIA CHARLESTON STEAMSHIPS
S. K. JOHNSON, Superintendent.
J. A. ROBERT, General Ticket Agent.
jan24-dtf

SELECT SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES
At Charlottesville, Va.

MRS. GEN. ARMISTEAD L. LONG will open a Select School for young ladies, in Charlottesville, Va., on the 1st of October, 1873, closing the last of June, 1874. It will be a first-class school in its appointments.

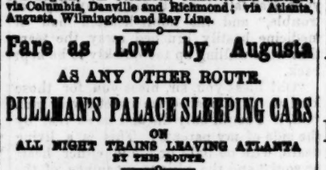
Payments for tuition, board, etc., must be made one-half in advance, the remainder on the 15th of February, 1874.

Board, per session of 9 months (fuel and lights included,)	$200 00
Lower English	30 00
Higher English	50 00
Modern Languages, each	30 00
Ancient Languages, each	30 00
Music on Piano	50 00
Vocal Music	50 00
Use of instrument	10 00
Drawing and Painting	30 00
Washing extra—can be had at $3 to $3 50 per month.	

As to the probable character of her school, Mrs. Long is permitted to refer, among others, to Gen. G. W. C. Lee of Washington and Lee University; Rev. W. H. Pendleton, D.D., Lexington, Va.; and Gen. J. F. Gilmer and Gen. A. R. Lawton, Savannah, Ga.

Address, until the 15th September, 1873, Mrs. A. L. Long, care Gen. A. L. Long, Big Island, Bedford, Va.; after that time, Charlottesville, Va. july27 tf

CHAS. BOHNEFELD,



UNDERTAKER
And Dealer in Metallic Burial Cases
CASKETS AND COFFINS.
Of all sizes and descriptions.

Also Agent for TAYLOR'S CORPSE PRESERVER. Receive orders for carriages at any hour, both day and night. No. 1 DeGive's Opera House, corner Marietta and Forsyth streets. aug2-3dm

For Sale.

WE WILL SELL THE TYPE, PRESS, STANDS, CASES, &c., of the Sun Office, at a great bargain
july15-tf W. A. HEMPHILL & CO.

SOUTHERN
TERRA COTTA WORKS.

THE undersigned have their works in full operation and are now prepared to receive orders for all kinds of Terra Cotta Works, such as Window Caps, Enrichments for Cornice, such as Brackets, Medallion, and everything in the Architectural line. Also, Chimney Tops, Vases, Flower Pots, Statuary, etc., etc. Also Manufacturers of

SEWER PIPE

from 8 inches to 30 inches in diameter. Also, interior decoration, such as

Centre Pieces, Cornice, etc.

We will guarantee all the work that we undertake to execute to give entire satisfaction.
may31—d1y WELLBORN & CASTLEBERRY.

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MERCHANTS' LINE OF STEAMERS
Semi-Weekly for Jefferson Direct.
Leaves New Orleans Every Wednesday and Saturday at 5 P. M.

For Jefferson, Shreveport, Grand Bayou, Coushatta, Brownsville, Grand Ecore, Alexandria, and all way landings on Red River. The following first-class and very light draft boats compose this line. (Other boats will be added as business demands.)

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THIRTEENTH ERA.....Capt. Chas. P. Tunslow.
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Special rates of passage made with commercial travelers for New Orleans houses.

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A Great Bargain!!

THE SOUTHERN TIMES AND PLANTER, PUBlished at Sparta, Ga., having a good circulation and in a prosperous condition, is offered for sale. Terms reasonable. For particulars address
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BANK OF THE STATE OF GEORGIA—P. M. Coker, President; W. W. Bell, Cashier. Paper discounted. Deposits received. Foreign and Domestic Exchange bought and sold. Checks on all points in Europe in sums to suit.

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OBSTACLES TO MARRIAGE.

HAPPY RELIEF FOR YOUNG MEN from the effects of Errors and Abuses in early life. Manhood restored. Impediment marriage removed. New method of treatment. New and remarkable treatment. Books and Circulars sent free, in sealed envelopes. Address HOWARD ASSOCIATION, No 2 South Ninth St., Philadelphia, Pa.—an institution having a high reputation for honorable conduct and professional skill.

NOTICE.

Dr. F. C. FORD offers his professional services to the citizens of Atlanta and surrounding country in all the branches pertaining to the general practice of medicine. Strict attention given to all calls by day or night. Office, Peachtree street, over Morris & Bros, by day. At my residence on Calhoun street, between Wheat and Houston street by night. aug30—d1w.

BARNES'
Albany House,
Corner Pine and Jackson St's,
ALBANY, GA.
MERRICK BARNES, PROPRIETOR.
Omnibus to and from all trains. jan15-tf

M. E. MAHER,
Wholesale Liquor Dealer,

KEEPS constantly on hand the Choicest Brands of Foreign and Domestic LIQUORS.

No. 13 MITCHELL STREET.

Country and City Retail Dealers would do well to examine his stock before purchasing elsewhere. apr1-dly

SENOIA HOTEL,
SENOIA, GEORGIA.
W. R. STILLWELL, Proprietor
may18—d1y

To Printers.

WE WILL SELL A COMPLETE OUTFIT FOR a country printing office at very low figures. A good outfit for a job office, also, included.
july15-tf W. A. HEMPHILL & CO

POSTPONED
United States Marshal's Sale

UNDER and by virtue of a Writ of Fieri Facias, issued out of the Honorable, the District Court of the United States, for the Northern District of Georgia, in favor of the plaintiffs, in the following case, to-wit:

Hugh Douglas & Co., versus J. H. Arthur.

I have levied upon, as the property of J. H. Arthur, Lot No. 4, 1st section, 14th district of originally Cherokee, now Gordon county, Georgia, together with the store house thereon, fronting on Railroad street in the town of Calhoun in said county, and occupied by J. H. Arthur as a store house. Also, Lot No. 2, 11th section, 14th district in said Gordon county, with the brick dwelling house thereon and now occupied by said J. H. Arthur, and will sell the same at public auction, at the Court House, in the City of Atlanta, county of Fulton, and State of Georgia, on the

First Tuesday in October

next, between the lawful hours of sale.

Dated at Atlanta, Georgia, March 3, 1873.
WILLIAM H. SMYTH,
sep2-dlaw5w United States Marshal.

COVINGTON HOTEL
COVINGTON, GEORGIA.

WHEN YOU COME TO COVINGTON, REMEMber, if you wish soft beds, clean linen, nicely carpeted rooms, and good SQUARE MEALS, get aboard the Covington Hotel Omnibus.

A LIVERY STABLE connected with the House.
au17—dtf C. COX, Proprietor.

ANNA V. WHITE, versus VALENTINE WHITE. } Divorce, in Fulton Superior Court. Rule to perfect service.

IT appearing to the Court by the return of the Sheriff, that the defendant does not reside in this county, and it further appearing that he does not reside in the State, it is, on motion of counsel, ordered by the Court, that the defendant appear and answer at the next term of this Court, else that the case be considered in default and the plaintiff allowed to proceed.

It is further ordered, that this Rule be published once a month for fourth months in THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

In open Court. This June 25th, 1873.
JULIUS L. BROWN,
Plaintiff's Attorney.

A true extract from the minutes.
june27—d4aw4m W. R. VENABLE, Clerk.

MACON ADVERTISEMENTS.

W. & E. P. TAYLOR,
Macon, Georgia,
DEALERS IN FURNITURE
OF ALL GRADES, FROM THE VERY BEST MANUFACTURERS.
Carpets, Oil Cloths, Window Shades, Etc.,
AT THE LOWEST FIGURES FOR CASH.

METALLIC AND WOOD BURIAL CASES,
Of the latest styles, beautifully finished, at prices warranted to give satisfaction. aug31—dtf

THE COMMONWEALTH
LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY
OF NEW YORK CITY,
Does business upon popular plans that the people can comprehend, and at the minimum rates of all first class companies.
The "Commonwealth" is Safe, Popular and Prompt,
WITH A PRACTICAL AND ECONOMICAL MANAGEMENT.
THOMAS U. CONNER,
Examine the Savings Bank Plan. Macon, Georgia, Manager of the Georgia Department.
sep2—dlawly

1873. FALL TRADE. 1873.

NEW GOODS! NEW STYLES!

PRICES LOWER THAN EVER.

SINGLETON, HUNT & CO.,

Return thanks to their numerous Merchant customers for the very liberal patronage and confidence extended to them in the past.

They also announce that their Fall and Winter stock of

BOOTS! SHOES!

HATS, TRUNKS, UMBRELLAS, ETC.,

For 1873, complete in every respect, has been received, to which especial attention is invited.

Increased facilities, with more extended storage room, and a determination not to be undersold, enable them to guarantee prices as low, at all times, as can be obtained in New York City.

ORDERS SOLICITED AND PROMPTLY FILLED.

SINGLETON, HUNT & CO.
WHOLESALE DEALERS,
49 SEON D STREET and 38 COTTON AVENUE,
MACON, GEORGIA.
aug 31—dtf

ROSS & COLEMAN,
JOBBERS OF
DRY GOODS,
BOOTS AND SHOES,
HATS AND NOTIONS,
MACON, GEORGIA.

THE ATTENTION OF
WHOLESALE BUYERS
Is earnestly called to the fact that we are now prepared to save them both time and money in the purchase of their
FALL AND WINTER STOCK
—OF—
DRY GOODS, BOOTS, SHOES, HATS AND NOTIONS.

WE SELL AT
WHOLESALE ONLY!
OUR STOREROOM BEING ADVANCED
ENABLES US TO KEEP THE
Largest and Most Complete Stock
TO BE FOUND IN ANY MARKET
IN THE SOUTH.

With ample means to take advantage of all DISCOUNTS and DRIVES, and with expenses less, by half, than any house doing the same amount of business, we feel warranted in saying that we can make
Prices and Terms Equal to any Market in the Union.
A heavy Stock of Factory Goods always on hand at Factory prices.
ROSS & COLEMAN,
aug23—sag30-deodtf Macon, Georgia.

FUTURE YEARS.

Sweet little sleeper, with bright rich hair
On the pale pillow-curve clustering fair,
Deep in the darkness of times to be,
Wait the years that shall welcome thee.
Dimly I view their forms and mark
Which are the grave ones and which are the gay.

Some may bear thee the gifts that please,
Ah, thou shalt smile when thou meetest these!
Jewels of [illegible] and [illegible],
Jewels of peace, unsoiled by strife;
And the jewel of love, that o'er the rest
Glitters the rarest and loveliest.

And yet, little sleeper, there wait some years
Eager to bring thee sorrow and tears;
Eager to gird thee with fetters gloomy,
Like that which hides in the fresh made tomb;
Eager to stab thee with pangs of loss,
Eager to give thee thy dreary cross.
For, ah, little sleeper, as years lapse away,
Some are the grave ones and some the gay.

ANNIE SINCLAIR

A STORY OF

MAN'S LOVE AND WOMAN'S DEVOTION,

AND THE

Career of an Ex-Confederate Since the War.

BY H. KINGSHACK,

AUTHOR OF "ADRIFT," "OUT OF THE SNOW," "QUANITA," "THE OLD SCOUT," ETC.

Written for THE CONSTITUTION.]

CHAPTER VI.

THE CONSPIRATORS AT WORK.

True to his word, Colonel Blandford purchased the Barton estate, divided it into small farms of twenty-five acres each, upon which he had small comfortable log cabins erected. These patches he gave to men of his selection, who agreed to do his bidding in all things, with the promise of the protection of his great wealth whenever the clutches of the law should fasten upon them.

Some of these miscreants had families, wives and children, whom they moved into these houses, purchased by a devilish compact of sin, which was bound by no limits save the commands of the fiend in human shape, who controlled them. Others were single, who formed messes of two or four, and lived a semi-military life, with the drilling and marching left out. Thus there were upwards of forty desperate characters in easy call, who would rush to do his bidding at any moment; men who held but slight respect for the sacredness of human life, and who loved the turmoil and excitement of strife.

Judge Robertson continued to be a constant visitor at Blandford Hall, where he drank of fine wines and smoked delicious Havanas, while he plotted with the host against his confiding ward.

By mutual consent, the name of Colonel Blandford had ceased to be mentioned in the presence of Annie, from the day after her stormy interview with her guardian. The Colonel had studiously avoided meeting her, and never again visited the house of Judge Robertson.

By this means she was deceived with the hope that her rejected suitor had given up all hopes of success with her, and had resigned all pretensions to her hand and fortune. This feeling of security was hailed by the wily villain as a good omen, and was encouraged by the Judge, who one day slily hinted to Annie that Colonel Blandford was 'sweet' on a certain young lady over on the Cooper river. The hint was a relief to our heroine, who hoped they would be happy and enjoy a long life.

Not long after she had received the information of the attentions paid the Cooper river beauty, Annie was riding homewards from a visit to a neighbor, two miles away, accompanied by a colored female attendant, when, near a thick wooded bottom, at the foot of a small hill, two villainous-looking, bushy-bearded men rushed out upon her, knocked down her attendant and, seizing the bridle rein, dragged her screaming from the saddle. While one held the horse and stood guard over the prostrate servant, the other held the fair Annie in his arms and rudely covered her face with kisses. She struggled to free herself, but those arms were like bands of steel around her. Shriek upon shriek rang out upon the still air of that autumnal evening.

But hark! was it the sound of horses' feet she heard? Still nearer and louder, and hope filled the imperilled maiden's heart. Another moment and pistol shots were heard; the form of the wretch who was holding the horse staggered past her, groaning, and calling to his companion to fly for his life; that he was shot. The joy was too much for the poor frightened girl, as she beheld the stalwart form of Colonel Blandford rush up, pistol in hand, firing at the robbers as they fled in dismay through the woods, and she fainted as the robber released her and fled.

When she came to her senses she was lying on the ground with her head in the lap of her faithful attendant, while the Colonel stood over her, sprinkling water in her face from the rim of his slouched hat.

Turning to her attendant she feebly asked if the robbers were gone.

"Yes, Misses. Massa Blandford done drove em all away," replied the unsophisticated domestic.

"I hope you have sustained no personal injury, Miss Sinclair?" inquired the Colonel, advancing a step nearer, and eagerly looking down into her pale face. "I thank God I was near enough to hear your screams, and render assistance. Are you hurt?"

"I believe not, sir. Only frightened. Believe me, I thank you sincerely for the timely assistance you rendered. I will ever remember it, sir," said she in her sweet silvery voice, as she endeavored to rise to her feet.

"Permit me to assist you," said he, gallantly assisting her to her feet, and supporting her on his arm, as she walked towards her horse. Seating her in the saddle, he slightly raised his hat and said:

"With your permission, Miss Sinclair, I will see you to your gate. Your nerves are not yet recovered from the fright you received."

"Thank you, sir, if you please."

The Colonel quickly mounted and rode by her side, tenderly watching her horse, leading him over the rough places, and expressing concern about the shock her nervous system had received.

"I shall stir up our neighbors and pursue the villains to the death," said her escort, "for none can be safe even in their *houses*, if such bold attempts at robbery in the heart of the settlement are permitted to go unpunished."

"Indeed, sir, they are bold, but I am inclined to think they were a couple of strolling vagabonds, who saw us approaching, and thinking, perhaps, that we had valuables with us, doubtless thought that we could easily be robbed. They seemed to have no arms, nor did they make any threats or ask for money. You were too quick for them, I suppose."

"I only regret I did not arrive sooner. I was on my return from Webb's plantation, riding slowly, when I heard your screams. Putting spurs to my horse, I came up in time to get a couple of shots at the villain who was holding your horse."

"I think you must have hit him, sir, for I saw him stagger as he ran past his comrade, crying 'fly for your life, I am shot.'"

"What is even better than I expected, for the distance was too great to make sure of hitting him. It was providential."

Here they had reached the gate, when the Colonel quickly dismounted, and assisted his fair companion to the ground. Again she thanked him for his timely assistance with a frankness and innocence that made the heart of the vily schemer smite him for ever daring to plot against her peace.

"No thanks are due, Miss Sinclair, as I only did that which any other gentleman would have done under similar circumstances. Think no more of it, I beseech you. I am always yours to command," said he, bowing low to his horse's mane as he rode away.

"I think that very good acting, by jove, and made a good impression too, judging from the graciousness of her manner towards me. I may win her yet, who knows?" chuckled the villain as he rode towards Blandford Hall, after leaving the fair victim of his persecutions at the gate of her guardian's residence. "She was badly frightened, but that could not be helped; hope I want have to get up another rescue soon; the neighborhood would soon become too hot to hold my sham robbers."

Whilst sitting in the veranda of Blandford Hall that night, enjoying his cigar, and cagitating over the events of the day, and calculating upon the probable consequences, the proprietor was approached by two quiet-looking, well-dressed individuals, and accosted by one with:

"Well, Colonel, how did you like the job to-day? The rescue was first-class in style and execution."

"It was admirable," returned the party addressed. "You did handsomely and shall be well paid for it."

"Thank you, sir," by both.

"How long did you wait for them?"

"About two hours or more."

"Did they resist?"

"Not in the least."

"Who gave the nigger wench that thump on the head?"

"I did, sir," answered the younger of the two, "and I think I got the worst of it from the looks and feeling of my hand. I'll never be fool enough to hit a nigger cocoanut with my fist again. Jerusalem! but it was like hitting a rock!" said he, dolefully rubbing and blowing his hand, like a boy who had picked up a live coal of fire by mistake.

"Why did you strike so hard?" inquired the Colonel, with a smile on his sinister countenance.

"I wanted to make a sure thing of it, sir. I never likes to half do a job."

"That's the way to talk," returned his questioner. "I like to hear that style of talk when there is anything worth doing to be done."

"That's my style, too," joined in the elder of the two.

"Was the lady damaged any, Colonel?" asked the elder villain.

"Oh, no, merely frightened, that's all."

"She's a screamer, though, by jingo! she can beat a steam whistle all hollow."

"Yes, and I'll bet my bottom dollar that wench of hers can butt a bull off a bridge any time," chimed in the younger.

"Do you think she can butt *you* off?" laughingly inquired his companion.

"I wouldn't bet on myself in a match with her," returned he of the swollen fist.

"Nor I either, for if you hadn't a soft spot in your head, you wouldn't have tapped her cocoanut."

"I reckon the cocoanut went to grass, didn't it?"

"Yes, I should think it did," chuckled his companion.

"Well, it was more than you could, so dry up, old snuffy," testily retorted the younger of the two precious scoundrels.

While this conversation was going on, the proprietor of the mansion ordered a bottle of brandy and glasses for the two worthies, who drank deep of the fiery beverage, pledging the health and success of their patron. Smacking their lips with satisfaction, the two bowed themselves out of the presence of the lord of Blandford Hall, and disappeared in the darkness of the night.

CHAPTER VII.

THE PLOT THICKENS.

When Colonel Blandford rode away from the gate of the Robertson cottage, he was watched by the fair Annie, until the bend in the road hid him from her sight. Slowly and thoughtfully she wandered up the shaded walk that led to the house, her mind filled with the incidents of the last hour.

"How came he there just at the proper time?" soliloquised she to herself. "We have not met before for a month."

"Well," sighed the maiden, "I hope he will not feel encouraged to renew his attentions, just because he happened to render me a service."

She entered the house as though nothing unusual had occurred, and repaired immediately to her room.

She threw herself on her bed, and gave way to a train of thoughts growing out of the rescue from the robbers. Rather than be indebted to him, she would willingly submit to be robbed of all the land and gold she possessed. She was fast becoming a serious, thoughtful woman, and began to realize that she must, in a measure, depend on herself for protection. So quietly and peacefully had everything seemed since the departure of Frederick Bolton, that she had neglected to wear the beautiful little revolver he had left with her for protection.

Going to her bureau, she opened a secret drawer within a larger one, and drew forth the tiny weapon, examined the charges, imprinted a kiss upon its ivory handle and concealed it in her bosom.

"There it shall remain until the giver returns to claim its mistress," spoke the determined girl, as a stern expression clouded her beautiful brow.

"Could I use it against an enemy?" murmured she, looking into the large mirror above the bureau, at her pale face and flashing eyes. "I have often fired guns and pistols, but never to harm anything. Ah, I will think and pray over it. It surely cannot be wrong to defend one's self from cruel robbers and murderers. I must wear this pretty weapon, *and do as Fred told me when necessity calls for it.*" And the trembling girl sat down and buried her face in her hands, while her mind was torn by wild, feverish thoughts.

At the tea table Annie related the story of the attack and rescue in a plain, simple manner, which divested the extravagant story of the servant girl of much of the romance she had interwoven with it. The simple creature had received a terrible blow on the head from the fist of one of the villains, and actually believed that all the terrible enginery of war had been brought to bear upon them. That they would both have been cut up and eaten alive had not "Masss Blandford come up and driven them away."

Judge Robertson was fierce in denunciations of the daring robbers, and vowed they should be hunted down and receive the punishment due their crime. He was profuse in the praise of the gallant Blandford, "who," he said, "did what few men would have dared to do, rusk upon two bold robbers, wounded one of their number, and put them both to flight. I did not dream of his having so much nerve. I must ride over and thank him for the act. I hope you thanked him, my dear child, for rescuing you from the clutches of the robbers?"

"I did, indeed, sir," returned Annie, "and I feel grateful to him for his timely assistance."

"That's right, my child; ingratitude is one of the blackest traits in human character. You must let him know you appreciate his bravery and gallantry."

"I did tell him so, sir, at the time, and cannot make further mention of the incident to him."

The delicate Mrs. Robertson, the weak, timid wife of the guardian, was affected to tears at the bare recital of the danger to which her husband's ward had been exposed, and trembled in apprehensions that they would next make an attack upon the house and murder all the inmates while they slumbered.

"Never fear, my dear," soothingly spoke her husband, "we will make the country so hot for them that they will be glad to put many miles between this settlement and themselves, before the sunset of another day. Doubtless one of them is dangerously wounded, if not dead, thanks to the brave Colonel Blandford and his trusty weapon. I shall ride over to Blandford Hall early to-morrow morning, and together we will start men in pursuit of the villains."

"Did they use you roughly, Annie," timidly inquired the wife of the Judge.

"Only in dragging me from my saddle, and trying to stop my mouth when I shrieked," but she made no mention of the rude kisses imprinted upon her ruby lips by the wretch who held her in his framy arms.

On the following morning the Judge mounted his horse and rode quickly over to Blandford Hall to congratulate the Colonel upon the success of his ruse.

He met Blandford with a cordial shake of the hand and a hearty laugh, over the scare created in the neighborhood by the sham attempt at robbery on the public highroad.

"But come, my dear fellow," said the delighted Judge, "let's get up a genuine chase of the supposed robbers, call out the dogs, stir up the neighbors, scour the woods for miles around, and get up a first-class excitement."

"I have everything in readiness, and was on the eve of sending for you to join us when you rode up. Come in and have a glass of old 'Otard' and then we will be off," urged the lively villain, who felt all ardor of a youthful lover under the excitement of the hour.

Space will not allow us to follow the pursuers through the fields, woods and swamps on the east side of Ashley river, where the hunt was mainly kept up through the day and far into the night. Suffice it that no robbers were found, as their trail led directly to the river where it was lost, as no tell-tale tracks could be discovered on its smooth silvery bosom.

Well satisfied with their day's work, the two arch conspirators returned to their respective homes to rest from the fatigues of the hunt, and concoct new schemes for the furtherance of their designs upon the innocent victim of all this villainy.

On the afternoon of the next day Colonel Blandford rode over to the Sinclair plantation to inquire of the health of Miss Sinclair. He was cordially welcomed by Judge Robertson and his wife, but Annie was really too much indisposed to put in an appearance. She was suffering from a nervous headache, which kept her to her room all day. She sent her compliments to the visitor, however, and begged to be excused from coming down to the reception room.

Thus matters wore on until two months or more had rolled away since the departure of Colonel Frederick Bolton and his companions for Mexico. Annie had been permitted by her heartless persecutors, to receive only two letters from him, when all communications between the lovers were cut off. Their letters had been intercepted and read by both Blandford and the Judge, by which they learned the long suspected fact that they were actually under engagement of marriage. The saw from the glowing, burning love of Fred, as expressed in his letters, that the attachment was a strong one, and that he was looking forward to the day when he would return and claim his bride. His combats with the guerrillas of the interior of Mexico were many and bloody, and they daily expected to hear of his being either killed or desperately wounded.

Occasionally stray rumors of the daring, desperate deeds of the young American soldier would find their way into the columns of the Southern newspapers, when honorable mention of the officer's career in the armies of the South would be made.

But one day the *Charleston Courier* announced the death of the gallant officer, slain in battle, like wolfs, in the hour of victory, with the triumphant shouts of his followers ringing in his ears. The article stated that the news came in a letter to a prominent citizen of South Carolina, written by Ned Warren, one of the young South Carolinians who went out with the gallant Colonel from Charleston. The article closed with a splendid eulogy on the bravery and military talents of the deceased, with the usual "peace to his ashes."

This number of the paper was left where Annie would be sure to see it, as she sought out the news from Mexico quickly whenever a newspaper fell into her hands. She took the paper to her room, and soon saw the terrible news, headed in large capitals, for Colonel Bolton was a general favorite in the Carolinas.

Her heart stood still. The blood left her face, and she sat rigid and cold like a marble statue, while her eyes were riveted on the paper.

Oh, the agony of that moment! The wild grief of that faithful heart could find no vent. The tears would not flow; neither moans nor groans came from the cold statue-like maiden. A deathless stillness pervaded the room; even the sparrows in the trees near the windows ceased their chirping, as in sympathy with their beautiful friend. Still she held the fatal paper in her rigid grasp, and gazed with distended eyes upon its columns. Her bloodless face seemed rigid and hard like delicately chiselled marble, and the pupils of her large, lustrous black eyes, looked the stony stare of death, but for their intense brightness.

A tremor passed over her; her eye lids quivered, and closed over the glaring balls, a moan of deep lutense anguish, and the beautiful creature lay senseless on the floor.

This was the work of her relentless persecutors, who forged the letter and its contents, and caused the publication of the falsehood.

How long she remained in that death-like swoon is not known; a servant going into her boudoir, found her mistress still insensible, set up a loud wailing that her "poor misses was dead," which alarmed the household, creating a perfect panic amongst the members thereof. Judge Robertson was out in the field superintending some improvements, when the news was brought that Miss Annie was found dead in her chamber.

The guilty man trembled with fear and consternation. His conscience, what little he had, smote him terribly, for he feared she had committed suicide to escape from her troubles. The agony he endured for the space of ten minutes, was some slight punishment for his crimes.

The family doctor was sent for in haste, while the form of the inanimate girl was placed on a bed, and restoratives hurriedly administered by the afrightened Judge and his wife.

When the good old doctor arrived, not a sign of life had been seen by the terror-stricken family. The doctor hurriedly felt of the pulse, applied his ear to the region of the heart, and immediately commenced a vigorous chafing of the hands and feet of his patient, requesting assistance from the guardian and his wife, who promptly set themselves to work to bring back the circulation of the blood in the rigid form of their ward.

Under the vigorous chafing and rubbing to which she was subjected, the fair victim soon gave signs of returning conciousness, first by a slight tremor, followed by a moan, then quivering of the eyelids as they slightly parted and closed again, as though death and eternal oblivion were preferable to the agony which heart and soul must endure on the return of consciousness.

When fully restored to her faculties, Annie Sinclair would answer no question bearing upon the cause of her sudden indisposition. The professional questions of the good old docter were answered with evasiveness in the presence of others, which he was quick to perceive, and ordered the chamber cleared of all but himself.

"Now, my child," said he, in his kind, fatherly way, "tell me what the matter is; may be I can do something for you."

"I suppose I only fainted, sir," she said, in very feeble accents, between her pitious moaning, "occasioned by a sudden revulsion of feeling at an unexpected piece of news. I beg you not to let any one know it, sir," pleaded the poor girl with tears streaming down her pale and haggard face.

"Never fear, my child, your secret is sacred to me. I am your friend even as your dear father was to me in my days of trouble," and the noble-hearted man of medicine hastily brushed away the tears that were welling up too quickly to be kept back.

"Oh! bless you, sir, bless you for those kind words," moaned the sweet lovely girl. "Oh, if I could only die and be at rest by the side of my parents! This is a living death, with no light or life in either heart or soul," and the pitious moanings of the poor victim would have melted the heart of any but the stony, relentless ones of her persecutors.

All through the long night following, the poor heart-broken lady tossed and moaned in anguish of soul. Words of comfort from her guardian, family or servants, availed naught to assuage her great grief. Tears alone seemed to give relief, and they came, like April showers, to the overcharged heart.

The morning found her calm and composed, but, oh, how changed. Wan and pale, the ravages of years seemed imprinted upon her lovely brow. The sweet smile that ever lighted up her face, was gone, and in its place was the sad, listless look of a hopeless sorrow.

Friends came to condole and inquire after her health, none of whom would she see save the wife of the kind old doctor. Among their number was the urbane proprietor of Blandford Hall; but in vain he sought to get a sight of the object of his machinations. She would have no words with him, for her heart told her he had not given up his hopes of calling her his own.

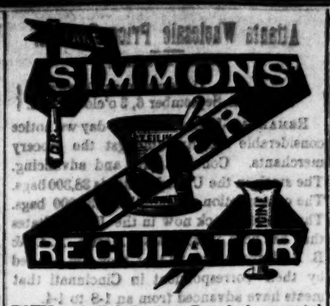
Two weeks passed away, and the plotters again commenced their infamous work. The guardian of Annie, in sounding her feelings towards the owner of Blandford Hall, saw but too plainly that Colonel Nelson Blandford was already all he could ever hope to be to her, that her heart was dead to the pleadings of love, and that she was longing for a place in the old family burying ground, by the side of her father and mother. But the arch-fiends cared not for the sorrows and sufferings of their victim, and plotted deeper and deeper, and drew the coils of the snare closer around the beautiful girl.

[TO BE CONTINUED.]

☞ Historians the wide world over will be shocked to learn that the Chabbaquiddle tribe of Indians is extinct, the last representative thereof having slept the sleep of death at Martha's Vineyard last week. His virtuous memory is embalmed by a local chronicle in the succinct statement that he was a professor of religion a regular attendant upon camp-meeting services, and an inveterate drunkard.

☞ An Indiana lady of an original turn of mind bases her application for a divorce on the circumstance that her husband's legs are too long for her to keep step with him when they take a walk together.

☞ General Schenck has been making a tour of the English summer resorts with his three daughters, who are very much admired and courted in fashionable society abroad.



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RELIGIOUS.

TEARS.

BY PITMAN EVA.

Tears that trickle down our eyes,
They do not fall to earth and dry;
They soar like angels to the skies;
And, like angels, can not die.
For oh! our immortality
Sounds through each tear—sounds in each sigh.

What waves of tears surge o'er the deep
Of sorrows in our restless souls!
And they are strong, not weak, that weep;
Those drops, from out the sea that rolls
Within their hearts forever more,
Within a deep—without a shore.

But, ah, the tears that are not wept—
The tears that never outward fall—
The tears that grief, for years has kept
Within us—they are best of all—
The tears that our eyes shall never know,
Are deeper than the tears that flow!

Each night, upon earth's flowers below
The dew comes down from the darkest skies;
And every night our fears of woe
Go up, like dews, to Paradise;
To keep the blooms, and make fair
The flowers of crowns we yet shall wear.

For ah! the surest way to God
Is up the lonely stream of tears
That flow, when bending 'neath his rod,
And all the tide of our past years
On laughter's billows hearts are tossed—
On waves of tears no heart is lost.

Flow on, ye tears! and bear me home!
Flow on ye waves of deeper woe!
Flow on, ye tears, that are but foam,
Of deeper waves that will not flow!
A little while—I reach the shore
Where tears flow not—forevermore.

HEAPING COALS OF FIRE.

A Story for Our Young Folks.

BY COUSIN ANNIE.

Written for The Constitution.]

"Eh! Ted," said Cousin Arthur, as he came up to where the latter sat, on the back door steps, drawing lines in the sand with his naked toes, and growling sulkily to himself all the while, what's the matter youngster?"

"Its all of that hateful Toby Witcher! He's gone and tore down my dam in the spring creek and smashed my flutter wheel, you made for me yesterday, all to flinders!"

"He has, eh? Why what did he do that for?"

'Cause he's just as mean as dirt! He's a regular sneak, anyhow! Got mad 'cause he didn't have a wheel himself, and didn't like to see other folks have what he couldn't. But he shan't come it over me in that way! I'll take my spite out on him yet, see if I don't. I know just what I'll do! He's got a trap set down by the orchard fence—I'm going there and break it up this very minute!" and full of this new determination, Teddy sprang up and started away at a brisk rate.

"I say, Ted," Cousin Arthur called after him, "come back a moment, I've something to say to you."

Teddy stopped abruptly at the sound of the voice and turned partly around, while he asked:

"What is it?"

"I think I know of a far better way in which you can avenge yourself upon Toby than this one."

"How?" and Teddy was at Cousin Arthur's side now, his face full of eager expectation. "Tell me how, please."

"By heaping coals of fire upon his head," was the reply."

"Why, Cousin Arthur!" and Ted. recoiled a step or two in horror. "I don't want to burn him! No, indeed!" he went on. "I'm not as mean as all that! I only meant to break up his trap to pay him back for the way he did my flutter-wheel."

Cousin Arthur smiled as he saw the sense in which Ted. had taken his words.

"I did not mean it in that way, Ted," he said. "Heaping coals of fire upon the heads of enemies, as the Bible tells us to do, is repaying them in kind words and good deeds for the evil they have done us. This is what St. Paul meant when he said: 'If thine enemy hunger feed him, if he thirst give him drink; for in so doing thou shalt heap coals of fire upon his head. Be not overcome of evil, but overcome evil with good."

"I think I understand you now," Ted said, very slowly. "You want me to forgive Toby for breaking up my wheel, and instead of tearing up his trap, do him a good deed of some kind?"

"Yes," Cousin Arthur said, smiling approvingly, "that's it."

"It's awful hard," Ted muttered, more to himself than to his listener.

"Not so hard as you think. Say it now and see."

Ted came near, while Cousin Arthur whispered something in his ear, which caused his face to brighten perceptibly, while he said: "That's the very thing! I think I'll try it."

The next morning Toby, on his way to his trap, suddenly encountered Ted coming across the orchard, two new flutterwheels in his hand. He tried to sneak away and hide behind some bushes. He felt real mean now for the way he had done Ted's wheel, and he expected angry words, perhaps blood, from the latter; but before he could hide Ted had seen him.

"Is that you, Toby?" he called out. "Come here, I've got something for you."

Toby came slowly out from under cover of the bushes, a sheepish look upon his face.

"See, here!" Ted said, holding out one of the wheels towards him; "this is for you. Some sneaking fellow tore down the one I put up at Spring creek, yesterday, and so I got cousin Arthur to make me another; and as I thought maybe you might like one, too, I got him to whittle it out while he was about it. Here it is," he said, as he laid it in Toby's hand. "Come on, now, let's go down to the creek and fix 'em up."

Poor Toby! this sudden, unlooked-for act, on Ted's part, had so taken him by surprise that, for the moment, he was deprived of speech. There he stood, the wheel in his hand, his head bent downwards, while his brown, naked toes kept digging in and out the soft black sand.

"I—I ain't good enough for this!" he stammered out at last.

"Oh! Ted, you don't know! I was real mean yesterday. It was I who tore down your wheel. I know you'll hate me for it when you know it; but I can't help telling you of it now."

"I knew it all the while, Toby," Ted said quietly. "Don't let that worry you, I'm not mad with you. To tell the truth I was awfully so at first, but I've got over all that now. Let us go down to the branch and fix up our wheel before it is time to go to school."

"Well?" Cousin Arthur queried, as whistling gaily Ted sprang up the steps on his return, his face beaming with smiles.

"Its just as you said, Cousin Arthur, it was a heap better way of revenge than the one I intended! I wish you could have seen Toby face when I offered him the wheel. He couldn't stand it long; he broke down directly, and cried like a baby. Just think of his crying, he who laughs at the other fellows when they do so, and calls them babies. Oh! Cousin Arthur, I'm so glad I followed your advise about heaping coals of fire. I declare I feel real happy!"

"And believe me, you will always feel so if you continue in this way," said cousin Arthur, smiling upon him approvingly. "Revenge may be sweet but this other is far sweeter. Even the 'real coals' of fire themselves do not burn deeper than these coals of kindness and forgiveness Try it, Ted, always, and see if it will not prove true."

Marietta, Ga., September 4, 1875.

SARATOGA.

Eli Perkins' Tale of Love and Hope.

To the Editor of the New York Graphic.]

I write a personal letter to-day.

This morning I met the most disconsolate young man I ever saw. His name is Mason. He is from New York. He has been in Saratoga all summer. He has seemed to know every young lady at the Spa, and has been an immense favorite with all of them. He has also stood a good chance with the dashing young ladies from Chicago, the tipsy-topsy girls of Oil City. He has danced more, sat on the back balcony longer, and in closer proximity to beautiful young ladies, and walked over to the graveyard with more rich and aristocratic girls from the Clarendon, than any beau in Saratoga. And still this young man came to me yesterday almost heart-broken. His eye had the look of despair.

"I am discouraged and sick of life," he said; "I want to die."

"What—you! you want to leave this festive scene, Robert?" I said, taking off my glasses and looking him straight in the face.

"Yes, Uncle Eli, I am tired of life," he sighed, in a hoarse whisper. "I came to Saratoga with a theory. I believed in that theory as I believed in my life. I worked for it day and night. I cherished it, practiced it, and worshipped it, only to see its utter failure—only to work out my own ruination by it."

"What was your theory Robert?" I asked. "Was it to bet continually on the ace—to wager large sums on the same card, hoping and believing it would sometime win and make you rich? Was it——"

"O, no; nothing of the kind. It was a social theory, Eli. You know I have blood and family and good looks. My pet theory was to come to Saratoga and marry a rich girl with a bad cough—with the consumption."

"And you have finally become engaged to the object of your affection, then, Robert?" I asked, becoming deeply interested in this good young man.

"No, sir, alas! O, no! My theory has failed I have been unfortunate. The first young lady I met was from Chicago—Miss Johnson. She was sweet to, and so affectionate and had just the cough suit me. A low hacking, cough. It was fairly melodious; and I knew it would prove fatal to the object of my affection in a year; but, alas!" and then he buried his face in his hand.

"What, Robert?" I asked.

"Alas! in a fatal moment I learned that she had no money to go with it. She was poor, but such a lovely cough. Just the one I had so long and vainly searched for."

"What then?"

"Why; then I met the rich Miss Lilly Thompson, of Madison Avenue. She was very rich. She wore laces and diamonds and a new dress at every hop. She just suited me. She was just the girl I had been looking for, with just one exception."

"What was that, Robert?"

'O, dear, there was no cough to go with it. She was all health and money. There had never been any consumption in that family—just my luck!"—and then he buried his face in his hands again, and wept long and bitterly,

"Again, Eli," he began drawing closer, "one happy day I met the very object of my affection—the paragon I had been searching for for years. She was rich and delicate. She had just the cough, the fatal consumptive cough, I had fancied in my dreams and sighed for in my waking hours. Two hundred thousand in her own right, and yet so frail and delicate—so near death's welcome door"—and Robert's face shone with a joyous light as he described the frail, rich object of his affections.

"And still you are not happy, my dear friend," I remarked as he brushed the ashes of his cigar upon my boot. "Can it be that she refused you?"

"O, no! alas, she accepted me. I took her pale, jeweled hand in mine. I placed upon it a $1,000 solitaire. She was too frail to speak loud. She coughed and only whispered her love, while, overcome with emotion, her languid eyes suffused with tears. I was too happy to live. But, O dear Eli, I was born to be disappointed. Fate ruthlessly plucked the lovely prize from out my grasp. Fate——"

"But how, Robert?" I asked,

"Well, in an evil moment my Lily began to drink the water here. Not the mineral, but the pure water from the village hydrant. If she had stuck to Congress water I would be happy now; but one fatal day she drank some hydrant water. She felt better. Then she drank more—then more, till at last she used to drink ten glasses every morning. Then her appetite came back. She began to grow stout. Her cough went away, her cheeks grew red, and beautiful, frail Lily became a healthful, ruddy holyhock. She took to bowling, then riding on horseback, and this morning——O dear! I cannot tell you."

"Go ahead, Robert, tell me all," I urged, confidentially

"Well, this morning, Mr. Perkins, she—my frail Lily—carried her Saratoga trunk down two flights of stairs just for an excuse. Then she asked me to walk three miles over to the lake, and when we got there. Oh, dear! she ate ham, and woodcock, and potatoes, and almost an entire black bass, weighing three pounds, and when Mrs. Myers asked her if she wouldn't have another, she said no, she was afraid it would take away her appetite for dinner." And here I am engaged to her, with no prospect ahead but just to spend my whole life marketing and spending that $200,000, for her, and I to get only my victuals and clothes."

And then Robert Mason leaned heavily forward on his hands, while the tears trickled through his fingers and pattered down on his white duck pantaloons—a wretched, heart-broken, and ruined man.

☞ Hon. Hiram R. Revels, formerly United States Senator, has resigned his office of Secretary of State of Mississippi, probably intending to confine himself in the future more closely to the discharge of his important and pressing duties as President of Alcorn University.

☞ Apropos of Sothern, his season at Wallack's will begin on September 29, with a new play representative of Dundreary among his friends, and bearing a sufficiently indicative title. We understand that the play will allow the principal actor to make a burlesque dash at one or two well-known Shakspearean *roles*.

☞ The 2d of September, the anniversary of the victory of Sedan, was observed in Germany with great solemnity and display this year. Most of the great German cities have preferred requests that the festivities should wear a national and not a strictly Prussian character.

☞ Temperance men are in trouble about the story of a man who was found lying dead drunk in a sand pit near his dwelling, with a large moccasin snake lying dead beside him. He had been bitten in three places by the reptile, which died of the whisky that saved the man.

RAILROAD SCHEDULE.

Georgia Railroad.

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN.

Leaves Augusta	5.30 o'clock. A. M
Leaves Atlanta	8.35 " A. M
Arrives at Atlanta	5.45 " P. M
Arrives at Augusta	5.30 " P. M

NIGHT PASSENGER TRAIN.

Leaves Augusta	3.15 " P. M
Leaves Atlanta	6.00 " P. M
Arrives at Atlanta	11.15 " P. M
Arrives at Augusta	8.35 " A. M

Accommodation Train.

Leaves Atlanta	5 00 P. M
Leaves Stone Mountain	6 45 A. M
Arrives Atlanta	8 00 A. M
Arrives Stone Mountain	6 15 P. M

Western and Atlantic Railroad.

NIGHT PASSENGER TRAIN—OUTWARD.

Leaves Atlanta	6:00 P. M
Arrives at Chattanooga	1:10 A. M

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN—OUTWARD.

Leaves Atlanta	8:30 A. M
Arrives at Chattanooga	4:28 P. M

NIGHT PASSENGER TRAIN—INWARD.

Leaves Chattanooga	8:45 P. M
Arrives at Atlanta	1:20 P. M

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN—INWARD.

Leaves Chattanooga	5:45 A. M
Arrive at Atlanta	1:20 P. M

DALTON ACCOMMODATION TRAIN.

Leaves Atlanta	4:35 P. M
Arrives at Dalton	12:30 A. M
Leaves Dalton	12:40 A. M
Arrives in Atlanta	9:50 A M

Atlanta and West Point Railroad.

NIGHT PASSENGER TRAIN—(Outward.)

Leaves Atlanta	11 30 P M
Arrives at West Point	4 10 A M

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN—(Inward)

Leaves West Point	1 40 P M
Arrives at Atlanta	5 40 P M

NIGHT FREIGHT AND PASSENGER TRAIN—(Outward.)

Leave Atlanta	12 30 P M
Arrive at West Point	8 20 P M

NIGHT FREIGHT AND PASSENGER TRAIN—(Inward.)

Leave West Point	8 05 A M
Arrive at Atlanta	9 30 A M

Macon and Western Railroad.

DAILY ACCOMMODATION EXCEPT SUNDAYS.

Leaves Atlanta	7:00 A M
Leaves Macon	9:10 A M
Arrives at Atlanta	5:48 P M
Arrives at Macon	3:40 P M

NIGHT PASSENGER—DAILY.

Leaves Atlanta	1:40 P M
Leaves Macon	11:00 P M
Leaves Atlanta	5:44 A M
Arrives at Macon	7:30 P M

Air-Line Railroad.

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN—OUTWARD.

Leave Atlanta	1 45 A M
Arrive at Charlotte	2 30 A M

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN—INWARD.

Leaves Charlotte	4 30 A M
Arrive at Atlanta	11 15 P M

ARCHITECTURE.

Parkins & Allen, Architects.

WILL make Plans, Specifications, and Detail Drawings for Buildings of all descriptions. Office in Republic Block, opposite the Kimball House. jan8-dly

WOFFORD & MILNER,
Attorneys at Law,
CARTERSVILLE, GA.

PRACTICES in all the Courts of Bartow, up stairs, Bank Block. Office at Cartersville. apr24-d6m

MRS. SYLVANUS REED'S ENGLISH, FRENCH AND GERMAN BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES AND CHILDREN, NOS. 6 AND 8 EAST FIFTY-THIRD ST., NEW YORK.

Sleeping rooms to single occupants when desired. THE TENTH SCHOOL YEAR WILL BEGIN SEPTEMBER 24, 1873. LETTERS AND APPLICATIONS TO BE SENT TO THE ABOVE ADDRESS. aug30—d1m

M. BUICE
LUMBER
In Great Variety.

Lumber Yard on Hunter street, second block east of City Hall. Orders solicited. july1-sun&tues6m.

G. VOLGER & CO.,
(Branch Store of G. Volger & Co., Augusta, Ga.,)
IMPORTERS OF AND DEALERS IN
CIGARS, TOBACCO, PIPES,
AND ALL
Smokers' Articles,
Corner Mulberry and Second Street,
Macon.....Georgia.

THEY KEEP COPIES OF
The Atlanta Constitution for Sale.
aug23—dtf

THE "VICTOR."

WANTED—General Agents in every State in the South, for the "VICTOR" Sewing Machine.

The "VICTOR" requires no PUFFING" to sell it.

For terms address R. J. WILES, Atlanta, Ga
aug6—dtf

Reading Notices.

ACT OF CRUELTY.—Chapped hands and face are the most serious annoyances that farmers, and people who labor much out of doors, experience from exposure. Exposed persons, especially children, repeatedly suffer intensely from great cracks upon the hands, that often bleed. It is cruel to allow one's self or others to suffer in this way, when the means of positive prevention are so easy to be had, and so cheaply, as to pay ten cents for a cake of Hand Sapolio. Hand Sapolio is not only better than the costliest soap for removing dirt, but it prevents chapping, and renders the skin soft and pliable. Sold everywhere. sept5-d1w&cw1t

DR. TUTT'S PILLS require no change of diet or occupation; produce no griping. They contain no dratic ingredients. aug19—d1w&cw1t.

BACHELORS' HAIR DYE.—This superb Hair Dye is the best in the world—perfectly harmless, reliable and instantaneous; no disappointment; no ridiculous tints or disagreeable odor. The genuine Wm. A. Batchelor's Hair Dye produces immediately a splendid black or natural brown, leaves the hair clean, soft, beautiful; does not contain a particle of lead or any injurious compound. Sold by all druggists. Factory, 16 BOND STREET, New York. oct3—d1y

NERVOUS DEBILITY.—A depressed, irritated state of mind; a weak, nervous, exhausted feeling; no energy or animation; confused head, weak memory, often with debilitating, involuntary discharges. The consequence of excesses, mental overwork or indiscretions. This nervous debility finds a sovereign cure in Humphrey's Homeopathic specific, No 28. It tones up the system, arrests discharges, dispels the mental gloom and despondency, and rejuvernates the entire system. It is perfectly harmless and always efficient. Price $5, for a package of five boxes and a large $3 vial of powder, which is important in old, serious cases; or $1 per single box Sold by all druggists, or sent by mail on receipt of price. Address Humphrey's Specific Homeopathic Medicine Co., No. 562 Broadway, N. Y.

For sale by COLLIER & VENABLE, T. SCHUMANN and HENRY C. POPE, Atlanta, Ga. apr15—d3taw&cw1y.

PROSPECTUS
OF THE
Georgia Gazetteer
AND ENCYCLOPEDIA.

A complete Directory and Book of Reference for the use of Farmers, Merchants, Manufacturers, Professional and Business Men generally.

The Most Valuable and Practical Work ever Published in The South.

The Georgia Gazetteer and Encyclopedia of Knowledge useful to every Farmer, Merchant, Manufacturer, Professional and Business Man in the State, compiled by JAMES P. HARRISON, will be published on or about JANUARY 1, 1874, by the FRANKLIN STEAM PRINTING HOUSE, Atlanta, Ga.

Determined to supply a want long felt in business circles, the Compiler and Publishers have completed arrangements by which a work will be offered to the public equal, and in many respects superior, to any publication of the kind ever brought out in the United States. The work will probably be the LARGEST EVER ISSUED from the Southern Press, and will be made up in the finest style of the Typographic Art.

THE FIRST EDITION WILL COMPRISE TEN THOUSAND COPIES!

The work will be illustrated with views of Public Buildings, and other points of general interest in the State. It will also contain

MAPS OF THE CHIEF CITIES OF GEORGIA.

Among the leading features of this great and unique work will be a complete BUSINESS DIRECTORY of every city, town and village in the State; giving the names and kind of business of every business and professional man in each of them, alphabetically arranged; also, the name of

Every Farmer in Georgia,

with such information as will contribute toward a correct estimate of the financial standing of every farmer, compiled from OFFICIAL SOURCES. The work will also give the name and office of every public officer and functionary in the State; a list of charitable institutions, Masonic, Odd Fellow, Temperance and other Lodges and Societies, with the names of their officers; also, a list of Churches, Schools, etc., throughout the State; also, interesting tables from the most reliable sources of the condition of our State Finances, and its transactions; also, a valuable history of the material wealth and resources of the State; its railways, chief manufactures, and internal improvements completed, in progress, or contemplated.

It will also contain a census of the State, arranged by counties, with the value of Agricultural, Mining and Industrial products of each county; also, a complete list of Post Offices, Internal Revenue Offices, etc., etc.; also, an accurate TRAVELERS' GUIDE, with such other Statistical, Historical and General information as will make it unsurpassed as an

INVALUABLE BOOK OF REFERENCE!

This work will be the BEST ADVERTISING MEDIUM ever offered to the Commercial World, and a copy of it should be kept in every counting-room in the Southern States, and find a place in every library.

Our Agents are now canvassing Georgia and the adjoining States. We bespeak for them the favorable consideration of the public, and unlimited patronage for the great and invaluable Southern work they represent.

RATES OF ADVERTISING:

ONE PAGE	$60 00
HALF PAGE	40 00
QUARTER PAGE	25 00
CARD, with Copy of the Work	10 00
SUBSCRIPTION PRICE, per copy	5 00

JAS. P. HARRISON,
P. O. DRAWER 24, ATLANTA, GA.

JUDGE T. O. JACOB, General Agent.

Entered according to Act of Congress in the Office of Librarian, at Washington, D. C., August 16, 1875.

South Carolina Railroad
CHARLESTON, December 14, 1873.

ON and after Sunday, 15th instant, the following Schedule will be run on the South Carolina Railroad:

Between Charleston and Augusta

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN.

Leave Charleston	9:30 A M
Arrives at Augusta	5:20 P M
Leaves Augusta	9:00 A M
Arrives at Charleston	4:45 P M

NIGHT EXPRESS TRAIN.

Leaves Charleston	8:30 P M
Arrives at Augusta	7:35 A M
Leaves Augusta	8:15 P
Arrives at Charleston	5:50 A

Between Charleston and Columbia

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN.

Leaves Augusta	9:00 A M
Arrives at Columbia	5:30 P M
Leaves Columbia	9:00 A M
Arrives at Augusta	5:30 P M

NIGHT EXPRESS TRAIN.

Leaves Augusta	6:15 P M
Arrives at Columbia	6:30 A M
Leaves Columbia	7:30 P M
Arrives at Augusta	7:35 A M

Day and night trains connect at Augusta with the Georgia Railroad and Central Railroad.

Night train connects with Macon and Augusta Railroad.

Night train out of Augusta makes close connection at Columbia with Greenville and Columbia Railroad. Passengers for points on the Greenville and Columbia Railroad will avoid a tedious delay at night in Columbia, by taking this route.

Elegant new sleeping cars on night trains between Augusta and Charleston.

S. B. PICKENS, General Ticket Agent. jan2—tf

CROCKETT'S PATENT
GIN GEAR,

MADE WITHOUT A MORTICE, Tenon or Key. Every part Bolted to Iron. Two mules with a 40 Saw Gin can gin three Bales or Cotton per day. IRON RAILINGS for enclosing Grave Lots at New York prices. ALL KINDS OF MACHINERY made and repaired. Plantation Castins always on hand. CROCKETT'S IRON WORKS, MACON, GA. sep2—dtf

Dr. Calhoun's Liver Pills.

I AM engaged in the Manufacture of the Celebrated Family Medicine, known as the Calhoun Liver and Anti-Bilious Pills, under the supervision and assistance of Dr. Calhoun himself. This Pill has been in use for the last thirty-five years, and has taken precedence over all other Family Preparations, by all that have used them. Thousands would certify to their great value if necessary. One fact should supersede any amount of certificates, and that fact is this: Dr. Calhoun has been physician to the Fulton County Prison for over seven years, when the number of prisoners ranged from 50 to 70, laboring under all the diseases incident to this climate. With but few exceptions, they have all been treated with this Pill, and astonishing to say, during that long period not a solitary death occurred under his treatment. This fact is worth any amount of testimonials.

I am now prepared to fill orders from Druggists, Merchants and others. All orders sent me shall receive prompt attention. There is no type of FEVER, DYSPESIA, DIARRHŒA, DYSENTERY, RHEUMATISM, CHOLERA, MORBUS, BILLIOUSNESS and SICK HEADACHE, or other diseases of a Southern climate, but yields readily to this preparation.

Pri 50 cents a Box.

None genuine unless it bears the signature of N. C. Williams and picture of Dr. Calhoun.

Address N. C. WILLIAMS, Post-office Box 240, Atlanta, Ga.

Manufactory No. 118, corner Washington and Peters treets Atlanta Ga. may14-d6mo

Atlanta Furniture Manufactory.

WAREHOUSE AND SALES-ROOM,
96 Whitehall Street.

Manufactory: Cor. Butler and Harris Sts.

IN ADDITION TO GOODS OF THEIR OWN MANUFACTURING, ARE NOW RECEIVING A FULL and complete line of all kinds of Furniture, embracing everything kept at a

FIRST CLASS FURNITURE STORE,

which are now OFFERED AT PRICES WHICH MUST PROVE SATISFACTORY TO PURCHASERS. In fact, we *CHALLENGE ALL COMPETITORS IN THE TRADE*, both in the quality of our goods and at prices we are willing to sell at. EVERYTHING GUARANTEED EXACTLY AS REPRESENTED OR MONEY REFUNDED. aug30—d1m

The Great Southern Freight and Passenger Route
TO AND FROM NEW YORK,
VIA
Savannah, Ga.

THE FIRST CLASS SIDE WHEEL STEAMSHIPS OF THIS LINE SAIL FROM SAVANNAH AND New York, in connection with the CENTRAL RAILROAD OF GEORGIA, every TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY, make as quick time and have superior accommodations for passengers to any steam ships on the Southern Coast.

THROUGH FREIGHT carried at as low rates as any other route. ALL CLAIMS for loss, damage, or overcharge, settled promptly.

Passage from Atlanta to New York - - - - $27 50

Meals and State Rooms Included.

EXCURSION TICKETS.

To New York and Return, Good until 1st Oct. - $45 00.

Meals and Staterooms Included.

SUMPTUOUS Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains for Savannah. Passengers by this route should leave Atlanta on 1:40 P. M. train for Macon, the day before the Steamers sail from Savannah. All other information furnished on application to undersigned.

Atlanta, June 14, 1873. 3m GEO. A. McCLESKEY, Traveling Agent, Steamship Co.'s, Office No. 4, Kimball House

IRON WAREHOUSE
OF THE
Scofield Rolling Mill Company,
Atlanta, Georgia.
NO. 28 PEACHTREE STREET.

Bar Iron of all kinds, warranted equal to any made, wholesale and retail at 4½c. rates.

Call and examine the stock and get a Price List. sept2—1&w1f

...TION

FUTURE YEARS.

...tle sleeper, with bright rich ha... little pillow-curve clustering fa... the darkness of times to be... years that shall welcome her; 7, 1873.

SUGAR CREEK PAPER MILLS
WM. McNAUGHT & CO.

See Daily and Weekly Constitution for specimen of the "cloth." mar15dly

Redwine & Fox Have Kept it Up Since 1865.

To supply the trade with pure drugs, paints and oils. Of a consequence, when the people need a good article call on

july17-dtf REDWIN & FOX.

Carley, Buck & Co.!

Atlanta Branch Great Southern Oil and Paint Works, 35 Pryor street. Pure Lead, Lard, Linseed, and Burning Oils, Colors, Varnishes, Window-Glass, Lamps, etc., at Wholesale. Artists' materials, Crayons, Pencils, Canvass, Stretchers, Waters and Oil Colors, etc., a specialty. apr15-eodly

PRICES of all goods marked in plain figures, only one price. Robes $2 25 to $13 00; walking and train skirts 80 cents to $6 25; chemises, $1 to $3 50, drawers 75 cents to $3, corset covers $1 25 to $6 50, toilet sacques $1 25 to $7, aprons 40 cents to $1—all made of the finest undressed material—at 62 Marietta street, opposite the Post Office.

aug3-deodtf MRS. BROOKS.

LECTURE OF RT. REV. BISHOP GROSS. This beautiful address, delivered at the Capitol to an immense audience, and reported verbatim in THE CONSTITUTION, is greatly in demand. To supply orders received, we are printing *five thousand* copies. The net proceeds go to the Building Committee of the splendid new Catholic church. For sale at the counter at 5 cents per copy, $3 per hundred, $10 per five hundred, $18 per thousand. We will pay postage on orders from a distance. tf

THOUGHT AND ITS CHARIOTS.—Address at Monroe Female College by Rev. Dr. Dixon. In pamphlet form. Prices same as lecture above.

sept5-tf

CITY INTELLIGENCE.

INDEX TO NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.—Milton county Sheriff sales—first Tuesday in October—William Baice, Sheriff.

In bankruptcy—Notice of appointment of Assignee on estate of Casey Crow.

A Southern young man in dry goods business in New York, wishes a similar position in Georgia—See notice.

Wholesale store for rent—F. D. Thurman.

Wholesale liquor dealer—No. 10 Whitehall street—M. E. Maher.

Goods at wholesale prices—T. R. Ripley.

One hundred bales of good hay at auction—T. C. Mayson.

New Carpets—opening of choice designs—S. S. Kendrick & Sons.

Atlanta Ice Manufacturing Company—Meeting of Stockholders—J. M. Willis, President.

Surgical instruments, library, etc., also cottage house for sale—Dr. D'Alvigny.

Lost—Pair of gold framed spectacles.

See notice of removal of music store of Guilford, Wood & Co. to Marietta street.

Lease of John Ficken's tobacco store, together with stock for sale at auction—Witt & Joyner.

THE Magic Balsam.

SEE notices in local column.

Jackson's Magic Balsam.

There will be a meeting of the Chamber of Commerce on Tuesday night.

A young man in a first class dry goods house in New York wishes the same position in Georgia.

EXCELLENT—The Soda Water of Beau Berry. Call at his drug store, Whitehall Street.

BUSINESS at the Georgia R. R. freight depot is very heavy. The "boys" are hard at work to keep up with the freight.

THE CLERKS OFFICE.—The office of the Clerk of the Superior Court was closed during the whole of yesterday, on account of the death of Mr. Venable.

"Annie Sinclair."

Read this thrilling story. It grows more and more interesting.

THE Stockholders of the Atlanta Ice Manufacturing Company, meet on the 17th inst., at the Dollar Savings Bank, to transact business of importance.

DR. F. D. THURMAN, has two stores for rent, one hundred feet long, on Whitehall street, that can be turned into one, for wholesale purposes.

DR. N. D'ALVIGNY offers for sale, his fine cottage residence, his medical library, surgical instruments, and a handsome mahogany book-case.

IF you would look at something for years, and elegant in the way of carpets, just drop in at Chamberlin, Boynton & Co.'s Carpet Store.

THE members of the Atlanta Bar Association are requested to meet at the First Presbyterian Church at 9 o'clock this morning to escort the remains of W. R. Venable, late Clerk of the Superior Court to the city cemetery.

MESSRS. WITT & JOYNER, of the Atlanta Auction House, will sell on next Wednesday the stand on Peachtree street known as the John Ficken tobacco store, with its fixtures, stock, Indian Princess, &c.

SUNDAY, September 7, 1873.

Remember the concert on next Wednesday evening, at the residence of Wm. Solomon, near the City Hall. Tickets for sale by Mr. Haynes, at Phillips & Crews, and Guilford's Music Store.

THE FOURTH BAPTIST CHURCH.—Quite an interesting meeting is at present in progress at this place of worship. Services will be held daily during the present week, and the public are cordially invited to be present.

WATER WORKS.—In the proceedings of the City Council yesterday morning, Alderman Langston and McMillan were incorrectly reported as voting against the resolution authorizing the issue of $300,000 of bonds for water works. There were only three voting against it—Ald. Goldsmith, McDuffie and McLaslin.

M. E. MAHER.—We invite attention to the card of M. E. Maher, wholesale liquor dealer, on Mitchell street. He has a fine stock of choice wines and liquors for the fall and winter trade. Retail dealers would do well to call and see him and examine his stock.

THE RURAL SOUTHERNER.—The September number of the Rural Southerner is a handsome specimen of typographical neatness and its well filled columns of original and selected matter attest the energy and ability of its editorial conduct. Each number is well worth the subscription price—$1 per annum. Published by J. Ben Wilson & Co., and edited by A. C. Van Epps.

Who is Triumphant.

WORLD'S FAIR, Aug. 19, via NEW YORK, Aug 19, '73.

To Howard and Soule, General Dealers [Wheeler and Wilson Sewing Machines, Atlanta, Georgia:

The Wheeler and Wilson was awarded, to-day, the grand medal on progress, grand medal of merit, and the only Sewing Machine Company recommended by the International Jury for the grand diploma of honor.

[Signed.] J. O. WOODS,
Manager W. & W. M'f'g Co.,
Vienna Exposition

aug21-tf

UP THE AIR-LINE.

Toccoa City—Rapid Development!—Toccoa City a Cotton Mart—Every Citizen a Subscriber to the Atlanta Constitution.

TOCCOA CITY, GA., September 5, 1873.

Editors Constitution: Three months ago neither shanty nor shelter could be found here to accommodate the visitor. Now there is a hotel, rough it is true, but has capacity to accommodate about forty persons, with a proprietor who is kind and ready to serve his patrons in every way that will add to their comfort. The fare is excellent, considering the moderate charges—only $2 per day.

FIVE GENERAL STORES.

As Bradstreet would denominate them—are in successful operation. Six other store buildings are now nearly completed, and will soon be occupied. There are five retail groceries. Messrs. Thompson & Steele have a well arranged Livery Stable and keep good safe teams, and decent, comfortable vehicles, at what I consider reasonable rates. Another Livery Stable will be ready to serve the public in a few days. Quite a number of gentlemen are building, and are preparing to build residences. Nearly two hundred lots have been sold at remunerative prices.

LOTS ARE STILL IN DEMAND,

and advancing in value. Altogether, I consider the prospects for the prosperity of Toccoa flattering, indeed.

A COTTON CENTER.

It is estimated upon a reasonable base that 2,000 or 2,500 bales of cotton will be shipped here the coming season.

If the parties most interested should display proper foresight, liberality and energy in the improvement of important highways in the neighborhood, the rapid transition of this village of the woods into a town of considerable importance is only a matter of *short* time.

My short stay here has been very pleasant, and I hope to return often, and stay a long time.

A SENSIBLE TOWN.

Here, I may say, every citizen is a subscriber to the CONSTITUTION. I may write again,

SOON.

Last Order of the War.

In his speech before the meeting of the Ex-Cadets of the Georgia Military Institute, Gen. Capers, of Charleston, alluded to the following, as perhaps the last order issued by Gen. LaFayette McLaws during the "late unpleasantness:"

HEAD QUARTERS, AUGUSTA, GA., May 18, 1865.

SPECIAL ORDER.

The Battalion of Georgia Cadets, will proceed at once to the City Hall, in the city of Augusta, taking one day's rations with them and will bivouac there until further orders, for the purpose of preserving order in said city. They will suppress all disturbances and will make such details for the preservation of order and property, as may be called for by Major Henry Bryan, Inspector General.

Upon the zeal and honor of this battalion rests the good name of their State and the safety of Augusta.

By command of Brig. Gen. FRY.

J. B. DORMAN,
Major and A. A. G.

Approved:
By command of Major Gen. L. McLAWS.
HENRY BRYAN,
Major and Ins. Gen.

To Major Capers, or officers commanding Battalion Cadets.

INCENDIARISM.

Fine Residence Destroyed.

Mr. Moses Cole left Friday morning for Boston. Yesterday morning, between three and four o'clock, his unfinished residence, on the McDonough road, about two miles out, was fired by an incendiary and burned to the ground. The diabolical perpetrators of the crime, to prevent any effort to save the building, knocked the bottom out of the well bucket, and threw the whirl into the well. The house cost about $6,000 and was uninsured. Major Campbell Wallace telegraphed to Mr. Cole at Weldon, N. C., and he is now en route home. It is to be hoped that the incendiary will be captured and brought to punishment.

A Grand Project.

SOMETHING STUPENDOUS.

The Memphis Appeal came a few days ago, with an entire page or more devoted to an annual review of the trade and commerce of the city for the past year, financial condition, status of manufactures, different deportments of business, etc., etc. The idea suggested itself at once that we do likewise, for several good reasons. First, it is a good chance to raise the wind. Secondly, we'll button hole the merchants for advertisements in that edition—"never such a chance before;" "glorious opportunity;" "million copies, more or *less*, issued;" et ceters, ad infinitum, e pluribus unum, and ad nauseam. We are happy to inform the people, that the City Council will take five thousand copies—if they want to. Dear Public, rush into our arms; do not wait for us to call. Send in your advertisements by the wagon load, rail or telegraph.

ON 'CHANGE.—Yesterday Mr. J. A. Stewart presided on 'change. The subject of freights on the Central Railroad was discussed, and Messrs. J. E. Butler, J. C. Hendrix and D. R. Cook, appointed a committee to confer with the authorities of the Central Railroad relative to discriminations against Atlanta on flour.

On motion, Mr. J. A. Stewart was added to the committee.

Williams, Langston & Crane exhibited samples of 8,300 bushels of choice white wheat from Hopkinsville, Ky., and of five hundred bushels of rye.

Mr. A. Leyden exhibited samples of one car load of choice Tennessee white wheat, eight car loads of Kentucky and Tennessee wheat, and of new barley.

Stephens & Flynn exhibited samples of 500 bushels of Georgia red wheat.

THE YOUNG MEN'S LIBRARY.—This excellent institution is prospering finely. At the last meeting of the Board of Directors twenty-six new members were admitted, including several ladies. The new rooms, so handsomely furnished, are attracting a host of visitors, daily.

It may interest our readers to know that the preparations for the Great Library Fair are progressing satisfactorily. It will be held next month, or in November, at the latest.

REAL ESTATE SALES.—The regular fall trade in real estate has set in. During the week Col. G. W. Adair sold a house on Houston street to J. C. Daniel for $3,000; the Dickenson cottage, on Peachtree street, to Col. G. J. Foreacre, for $7,000; the Thomas house, on Ivy street, to Mr. Stockin, for $5,000; a vacant store lot on Peachtree street to Col. N. J. Hammond, for $3,000; a house and lot in Stone Mountain, to W. W. Veal, $800; a plantation in DeKalb to Mrs. Humphries, for $2,500. Total sales $21,300. Verily, "there is life in the old land yet."

The WEED is Triumphant!

AT BOTH *Vienna* AND *Paris*.

Cable dispatches announce the WEED "Family Favorite" as the leading machine at the Vienna Exposition, as the International Jury have decided in its favor, and placed it at the head of the list of awards.

The Weed also occupied a similar position at the Paris Exposition, where it was victorious over about 100 machines.

aug24-tf

MACON MATTERS.

LITTLE CHILDREN.

Quite a number of youngsters were at Central Park yesterday, and it was delightful to hear their laughter, such as can only bubble out of fresh, unsullied young hearts. Merry little imps, what innocent fun in their composition, and such a neat way of getting it out. We never see them without standing ready to drink confusion to King Herod, even in a goblet of undiluted lager.

PERSONAL.

Colonel J. Below Campbell, of Atlanta, is in the city.

"A HORSE, A HORSE! MY KINGDOM FOR A HORSE."

Was the cry of royal Richard. Mention shall not be made as to why he wanted a horse; but the sentiment has been echoed through all the ages down to the present day, and seems to grow in Georgia with the lapse of time. Handsome and rapid horse-flesh has unquestionably a powerful charm for all ages and both sexes. As lovely a sight as the writer ever saw, was at a Fair when the announcement was made of "Fast horses in the ring." In a few moments from the ground to the summit of a large amphitheatre flashed one universal loveliness, arrayed in colors most becoming and most enticing to the eye. A parterre of rare exotics was that semi-circle where bouquets lacked not in freshness the glow of the rose, nor in taste of attire the purity of the lily. It all proved how deep-seated in the human breast is the love for this noblest of the brute creation.

But the intention of this article is not to discuss horse-flesh—simply to ask our readers if they are acquainted with the genial J. J. Clay, and have they ever seen his spanking team, Gray Eagle, Flying Cloud, Tempest and Sunshine! These noble animals have a national reputation and require no word from us. We are indebted to this gentleman for a delightful ride to Rose Hill Cemetery, Mercer University and other places of interest. The writer did not ride behind the full team, only Sunshine. Ah! his step displayed game blood and his even step denoted careful training. Gentle as a lady's favorite, trim and neat in limb and body, with the eye of spirit and the foot fall of grace, our favor was deservedly won by Sunshine.

MUNICIPAL PROSPERITY.

There are various ways and things which bring prosperity to a city. The citizens should have enterprise, and must have practical faith in the future. By a practical faith is meant to be tied to the place, and to engage in such business as will require a permanent residence. The energetic man, even if he comes without a dime, will soon own his lot, improve it, and make a positive addition to the town. Energy will induce him to enhance the value of his property by inducing others to locate and improve, he will exert himself to bring in others, and will be liberal in his inducements to all who wish to purchase. He knows that the value of city property depends on the prosperity of the city, and that to purchase unimproved lots and to hold them for high prices is an incubus on the city's growth, consequently he will sell at inducing rates.

In all of our Southern towns and cities there is a demand for capital. To induce capitalists to come among us is, perhaps, easier than supposed. The young merchant who has no means, but possesses energy, judgment and merit, can generally find some one to furnish him with money. So with a city, capitalists will come to it, if it will show intrinsic merit and an ability that it can help itself. Another thing, to build up a town there should be unity of purpose and action on the part of its citizens. Divisions and factions should be frowned down. In fact, let any city show that it possesses unity and merit and its municipal prosperity is inevitable.

READ THE ADVERTISEMENTS.

A gentleman from below Macon informed the writer on yesterday, that he had purchased one or two articles of furniture in the city, after reading an advertisement in THE CONSTITUTION. Our numerous subscribers in, around, and below the city, who contemplate coming here to make purchases, will doubtless consult their interest by examining our Macon advertisements. THE CONSTITUTION not only indicates the enterprise and business capacity of its managers, but of the business men, the manufacturies, commerce, and in fact all other institutions of Atlanta and Macon, and other places, by its advertisements. The business status of a city, and the rank of her business men, can generally be determined by the advertisements of the paper issued from or in her interest.

WARM.

It would be a pleasure to say that yesterday was pleasant, and that a delightful breeze played around the city, bringing color to every cheek, vigor to every nerve, and health and elasticity to all. Unfortunately, such was not the case, for the sun carried an unwelcome heat in its beams all day.

ALMOST CONGEALED OUR BLOOD.

Seeing a crowd gathered around a countryman's wagon in the neighborhood of Bridge Row yesterday afternoon, this reporter joined in, and found in the owner of the wagon another Titan storming the heavens and threatening to tear the world from its hinges because some one had stolen one of his fifteen cent watermelons.

EXHORBITANT.

A colored individual backed out from having a "court case" yesterday, because, as he said, the attorney wanted to charge "mor'n the case was wurth." The lawyer was right; as Douglas Jerrold says, you must not make justice cheap, it would make her contemptible; therefore you must dignify her by expense and make her glorious by the greatness of costs.

DISPARITY.

For the month of August the Ordinary of this county issued only ten marriage license. To-day, seven have already been issued in September. It can be accounted for by the beautiful walks and shaded paths at Central Park, which are daily being made more attractive. Several couples were riding and walking over there late yesterday afternoon. It is a great verity that moonlight in a sylvan scene intensifies the sublime passion. When the Park is all completed, how many troths will be plighted and vows of love exchanged under those grand old oaks.

MACON CHURCH DIRECTORY.

Elder J. W. Bassett, Primitive Baptist (D. V.), will preach at Windsor Hill Chapel this morning at 10½, and at Second Baptist Church 7½ in the evening. All strangers in the city, and especially strangers to Christ, are invited to attend.

CHRIST CHURCH.

Morning service at 10½ o'clock. Evening 7½, by the pastor, Rev. D. T. Johnson.

PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.

Services this morning at the usual hour, 10½ o'clock, and at 7½, by the pastor, Rev. Mr. Clisby.

MULBERRY STREET METHODIST CHURCH.

The Pastor, Rev. J. O. Branch, having returned, will hold divine service as usual this morning at 10½, and at 7½ to-night.

FIRST STREET METHODIST.

Services at the usual hours, morning and night.

Rev. J. J. Pierce's Sunday School 3½ P. M. Prayer meeting at 8.

FIRST BAPTIST.

Divine services this morning at 10½ o'clock, and this evening at 8.

Rev. W. A. McIntosh, Pastor.

ST. PAULS.

The usual morning service at 10½ o'clock.

Rev. H. K. Beese, Pastor.

Religious Services To-day,

FIRST METHODIST CHURCH—Dr. W. P. Harrison, pastor, will preach at the First M. E. Church this morning at 10 o'clock.

ST. PAUL'S M. E. CHURCH SOUTH, East Hunter street, Rev. Geo. H. Pattillo, pastor—Preaching at 11 A. M., and administration of the sacrament at 8 P. M. Sabbath school 4 P. M. Public invited.

Episcopal.

Divine service at St. Lukes Church this morning at 10½ o'clock. Sunday School 4½ P. M. Rev. George Macauly, Pastor. Seats free.

Christian.

HUNTER STREET CHURCH.—Preaching at the usual hours, morning and night, by the Pastor. Sabbath School at 9 o'clock A. M.

Baptist.

FOURTH CHURCH.—Sunday School at 9 A. M. Preaching at 10½ A. M. by Dr. Shaver. The Ordinance of Baptism at 5 P. M. Preaching at night at 7:45 P. M. by the PASTOR, Rev. Mr. Daniel.

THE COURTS.

The Proceedings of the Supreme Court—The Byrne Case Tried in the United States Court and the Jury Hung—The City Court Adjourned on Account of the Death of Mr. Venable

THE SUPREME COURT.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE SUPREME COURT REPORTED EXPRESSLY FOR THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION, BY HENRY JACKSON, SUPREME COURT REPORTER.

6 Oconee	2	15 Cherokee	9
7 Albany*	23	16 Augusta	11
8 Southwestern	27	17 Middle b	2
9 Pataula†	14	18 Ocmulgee	13
10 Chattahoochee‡	15	19 Eastern	9
11 Macon	10	20 Brunswick	1
12 Flint a	10		
13 Tallapoosa	11		
14 Rome	10		

* 1 Continued. † 4 Continued. ‡ 18 Continued.
‖ 1 Continued. a 2 Continued. b 1 Continued.

SUPREME COURT OF GEORGIA, September 6, 1873.

ATLANTA CIRCUIT.

No. 30, argument concluded.

No. 7, Wm. O'Halloran vs. Ellen O'Halloran; divorce from Fulton; argued. Hill and Candler, by Jackson and Clarke for plaintiff in error; L. E. Bleckley for defendant.

OCONEE CIRCUIT.

No. 1, withdrawn.

No. 2, Macon and Brunswick Railroad Company vs The State ex rel, J. H. Pate; nuisance from Pulaski; argued. Whittle and Gustin for plaintiff in error; no appearance for defendant.

At the conclusion of the argument of Mr. Gustin in the above case, the Court adjourned until ten o'clock A. M. on Tuesday next.

Two cases undisposed of on the Oconee Circuit.

The United States District Court.

This Court met yesterday morning at its usual hour, his Honor Judge Erskine, presiding.

As had been announced the case of Mr. Thomas Byrne was taken up and tried. This is a proceeding on the part of certain creditors to force the defendant into involuntary bankruptcy on a debt of $500, balance due on a protested draft.

The case was elaborately argued by Mr. Sidney Dell for the petitioning creditors, and by Messrs Peeples and Howell for the defense. The jury retired after receiving the charge of the Court, and up to five o'clock had been unable to agree.

A verdict of forfeiture was taken in the case of the United States vs. one barrel of whisky, 36 gallons. No claimant appeared. Court then adjourned until 10 o'clock Monday morning.

The cases set for trial on Monday are, the United States vs. John Goss, illicit distilling.

The United States vs. Frederich V. Mosedorf, carrying on the business of a wholesale liquor dealer without paying the special tax.

The City Court.

This body met yesterday morning pursuant to adjournment, at 9 o'clock, his Honor Judge Cowart presiding. The Judge called the attention of the Court to the death of Mr. W. R. Venable, and ordered an adjournment on this account until next Thursday morning at 9 o'clock. This order was also spread upon the minutes.

Station House Report.

Nine persons were arrested and carried to the Station House during yesterday for imbibing too much whisky. Most of them were darkies who had selected this way of getting rid of their week's wages, and most of whom will have an opportunity given them of getting rid of a little more on Monday morning.

OUR CARROLL COUNTY LETTER.

Crops in Jasper and Jones Counties—The Organization of Granges Rapidly Proceeding—From the Deputy Grange Organizer.

WHITESBURG, CARROLL Co., Sept. 2, 1873.

Editors Constitution: Last week I traversed Jasper and Jones counties in their length, and found the crops of corn generally very fine; cotton has a large weed, but considerable complaint is made of boll worm and shedding, the latter caused by a bug that cuts off the blooms and forms.

From all I could see and hear from the most intelligent farmers, the crop of cotton in Middle Georgia will not exceed 1872. Corn is better than last year—more planted—and after you leave the lines of railroads six to ten miles, the supply grown will about supply the wants of the people. Those nearer the railroads will have to purchase one-half or more of their supplies, I find many farmers raising their own meat.

With the extra fine crop of oats and prospective crop of potatoes, a large proportion of the people of Middle Georgia, will have supplies to carry them through until another crop is grown. I see in my travels marked improvement in farm buildings, fences, roads, etc., which to me are most encouraging of the steady recovery of Georgia from her recent prostration.

THE Patrons are marching steadily on to an overshadowing influence in the material interests in our State. There is no abatement in the desire of the Farmers to organize Granges.

I organized two Granges in Jasper, two in Jones, and one in Newton, last week, travelling to do this over 100 miles by private conveyance.

Organized a Grange here yesterday of Carrol's best citizens. Will do the same in Spalding 3d, Crawford 4th, Jones 5th, and Monroe 6th.

Next week I do Grange work in Columbus and Muscogee county, Jamestown and Harris county, including Hamilton, and still the applications crowd in from all quarters. G. W., A DEPUTY.

O'HARA, THE WALKIST.

He Walks 10 1-5 Miles in One Hour and Twenty-Seven Minutes.

Yesterday afternoon quite a large crowd, consisting of probably five hundred persons, assembled around the Parade Ground on Alabama street to see the performance of O'Hara, the Pedestrian. This gentleman was announced to walk ten miles in the space of one hour and a half. A course 176 yards in length, was prepared for him to walk upon. He, consequently, had to traverse it one hundred times in completing his ten miles.

O'Harra started a few minutes after five o'clock, clad in a suit of tights, and did some of the liveliest walking we have ever seen. He had three agents on the ground, who passed around boxes for contributions from the crowd. He not only filled his undertaking, but a little over, and succeeded in walking ten and one-fifth miles in one hour and twenty-seven minutes.

We hope that his contributions were liberal, as his efforts certainly deserved them.

FIRST NEW BALE FROM DEKALB.—Yesterday Messrs. C. H. Strong & Co. received from Mr. J. W. Weeks, of DeKalb county, the first new bale of cotton from that county. The bale weighed 483 pounds, and Mr. Weeks received a premium price for it. He has been the lucky man for four successive years past.

THE LAWRENCEVILLE CAMP-MEETING.

One of Our Lady Correspondents Makes a Pleasant Visit to Gwinnett and Writes us an Interesting Letter.

A Successful Religious Gathering.

GWINNETT COUNTY, GEORGIA, Sept. 5, 1873.

Editors Constitution: Accepting the invitations of our friends to visit them and attend the Lawrenceville camp-meeting, we left your noisy city for the haunts of the redbug a few days since. Arriving at Suwanee, we were met by a friend who conveyed us to a pleasant neighborhood in the country.

We found the people of all denominations making preparations for the meeting. Having lived in the country, we know how much such occasions are enjoyed. All enter into them heart and soul.

We had the pleasure of meeting with all whom we have ever known in the county. Such seasons are truly refreshing to us.

THE VENERABLE CAMP-GROUND.

The camp-ground is the same that was used forty years ago. During the war the buildings were destroyed by fire, and were not rebuilt until last year. Many of the best families have erected tents, and others have marked out lots for building next year.

We were pleased to see so much harmony existing between the different denominations. There was a good deal of religious interest manifested. Quite a number were added to the church.

REV. J. W. BURKE.

Rev. John W. Burke and his interesting family were in attendance, and it was very evident that the people enjoyed his congenial society and good practical sermons. We think from the many kind expressions we heard and saw that every lady here is *his* friend.

REV. MR. BAXTER.

Mr. Baxter, of Gainesville, preached several excellent sermons. His friends are justly proud of his success as a minister. We look for ward to the time when he will rank among their best.

Rev. W. H. Strickland, of Augusta, preached once during the meeting. His sermon was one of his best efforts, and was listened to with much interest. We regret that we did not have the pleasure of hearing Rev. Mr. Kramer, the minister in charge of the circuit. However, we met him and his charming lady.

GWINNETT AND ITS ATTRACTIONS.

We will venture to say that Gwinnett is not behind any county in the State in the work she has done for the pulpit.

In every respect the Lawrenceville camp meeting was a success, and we would say to the young people of Atlanta, who think they would enjoy a few days in the country, that they will do well to come next year. To the young men we would say that the young ladies are not behind any in intelligence and refinement, besides they possess the valuable acquirements that men admire most—industry and economy. To the young ladies we would say that there are plenty of bachelors, who are doomed to spend their lives in single-blessedness unless they are sought out and captured by the ladies. We must say that they are *well* worth the capturing.

THE FAIRVIEW BURYING GROUND.

We visited the Fairview burying ground, where many of our loved ones lie. A place which is sacred to the hearts of almost every family in the county. How many sad recollections and hallowed associations crowded upon one mind as one walked over the grave-yard and read the names of those who were once in our midst, and of those whose names are familiar to us, although they passed away long before our earliest recollection.

Some stood before us whose sun quietly sunk beneath the horizon in the evening of life. Some whose sun went down just as it attained the meridian of life, and others who were cut down in the morning. The public benefactor, philanthropist, patriot, Christian, moralist, infidel and miser all stood before us in their individuality. The people show their respect for the dead by keeping the grave-yard in order.

THE TOWN OF LAWRENCEVILLE.

We visited Lawrenceville, and met with all of our old friends. The place is old, and presents a dilapidated appearance, but the citizens are much encouraged with the prospect of having a railroad soon, and we yet hope to see the home of our childhood improved.

We visited several of the best farmers. Some are rejoicing at their success this year, while others, on account of the scarcity of labor, have concluded to dispose of their stock, and turn their attention to something that promises to be more profitable.

CROPS.

Crops are fine. Cotton is rapidly maturing under the influence of the genial sun. The farmers are looking forward to a better cotton crop than they have had recently. They are now endevoring to save their fodder. S.

A Georgia Encyclopedia.

With great pleasure we direct the attention of the intelligent reader to the Prospectus of the Georgia Gazetteer and Encyclopedia to be found in this issue of THE CONSTITUTION.

The forthcoming volume will meet with high favor because, we think, of intrinsic merit; because it will meet the want long felt in general, and will at once take position in every counting room, private and public library, as a book of great value. From our knowledge of the admirable arrangements of the work, as far as progressed, and the character of the projection, we commend the Gazetteer to the favorable attention of all intelligent persons within the limits of Georgia, and beyond.

The volume will contain over 1000 royal octavo pages, and will give the names of all county, State and Federal officers in the State; the number of churches of every denomination; the number of schools, public, private and denomination with number of pupils of each, with names of Presidents and principal teachers in each; the names of the boards of education; the names of all benevolent institutions, with names of officers; the number and names of all Masonic, Odd Fellow, and other similar institutions, with names of officers of same; the voting population, (white and black;) total population, male and female; number of post-offices, names of same, and names of post-masters; all railway depots, with names of agents; express offices, with names of agents; the total amount of real and personal property; leading products; climate, soil, minerals found; all factories, name and kind of each, with names of principal directors; area of each county; total amount of mercantile sales, exports, and the kind; average value of improved land per acre, number of acres improved and unimproved, names of all farmers and the amount of tax paid by each, total and amount of revenues. All particularly stated under the head of each county in the State; making it a most valuable compendium of useful information.

The work of compilation is now being vigorously prosecuted, and we are assured will be completed and before the public at an early day, for so comprehensive a book. The compiler is our esteemed friend, Mr. James P. Harrison, of the Franklin Steam House, Atlanta—a publisher of experience, vigor and most commendable enterprise. Read the prospectus

DR. MURPHY.—This most excellent gentleman, after trying Texas, returned to old Georgia, and has been domiciled in Atlanta for some time. We take the liberty of publishing the following:

ATLANTA, September 2, 1873.

Dear Sir—I have lately had the pleasure of examining some of Dr. Murphy's plate work, and the specimens in his office for public inspection, on gold as well as rubber, are as fine as can be put up in any country.

I regard the Doctor as a first-class operator, and one that our citizens should be proud to patronize. I am satisfied that were his superior abilities in this important department fully known and appreciated, he would have his hands full all the time, for what can contribute more to the comfort of those who have lost their masticators than a well-fitting and handsomely adjusted set of teeth. Respectfully,

AN OLD DENTIST.

OVER THE AIR-LINE.

Meeting at Hall of Chamber of Commerce—Friday, 12th, Selected as Day of Celebration—Committees to go to Work.

According to the call of Vice-President Grant, a meeting of the committees, members of Chamber of Commerce and members of the City Council and citizens was held at the hall of the Chamber of Commerce yesterday to consult about the Air-Line Railroad celebration. On motion, Mr. J. A. Stewart was called to the chair.

A telegram to Colonel Larkin Smith was read, saying that the excursion and banquet be brought on before the 15th instant, and suggesting that invitations be sent by telegraph to the Richmond Corn and Flour Exchange, J. D. Crenshaw, President, 125 members; Richmond Jobbers Exchange, R. G. Parry, President, 105 members; Chamber of Commerce, W. McCance, President, 205 members, etc.

It being announced that E. P. Chamberlin could not serve as chairman of the Finance Committee on motion of Capt. O. H. Jones, Dr. C. L. Redwine was appointed in his place.

Mr. T. L. Langston urged the importance of holding on the celebration before the 15th.

Ald. Langston, Beatie, Boring and Youngs spoke their indorsement of the celebration, and while they could not speak authoritatively, they believed Council would donate liberally to the celebration, as the city is a stockholder and inaugurated the enterprise.

After an elaborate discussion of a motion to fix the celebration on the 12th, and appoint a committee to visit Council and ask a donation, the committees were requested to meet with the Council at the Recorder's Court-room, at 8 P. M. on Saturday night.

The following are the committees:

Finance—Dr. C. L. Redwine, R. J. Lowry, A. Ryan, H. Jones, G. T. Dodd, F. P. Rice, Dr. E. L. Connally, McBride, John Keely.

Invitation—G. W. Adair, J. F. Alexander, L. J. Gartrell, C. C. Hammock, L. P. Grant, J. H. Flynn, D. Mayer, W. Lowe, W. B. Cox.

CALLED MEETING OF CITY COUNCIL AND CITIZENS.

Last night a called meeting of the City Council was held at the Recorder's Court Room for the purpose of meeting a committee of citizens to consider the contemplated celebration of opening the Air-Line Railroad. His Honor, Mayor Hammock took the Chair.

It was suggested that a telegram from President Buford had been received in the city, in which it was stated that if any thing can be done it should be before the 15th inst. This giving too short a time, in the opinion of the meeting, to prepare in such a manner an occasion that would do credit to the city, on motion, it was

Resolved, That the celebration of the opening of the Air-Line Railroad should be postponed till the 1st of October, and to take place between then and the 15th, at such time as may suit the convenience of the railroad officials.

The various committees who have in hand the matter were requested to go ahead and do what they can towards making the celebration a success. The meeting then adjourned.

ATLANTA MUSIC HOUSE.—Guilford, Wood & Co., after a year's trial having become satisfied that Atlanta can and will, support separate from other business, a

FIRST-CLASS MUSIC STORE,

opened to-day, at their new place, on Marietta street, as fine an assortment of Pianos, Organs, sheet music and musical merchandise generally, as can be found. We noticed among their stock a magnificent

SQUARE GRAND CHICKERING

piano, which was sold yesterday to a lady in the city, noted for her fine musical talent. We also saw shown us a

MONSTER REED ORGAN,

manufactured by the celebrated organ firms of

J. ESTEY & CO.,

which contains the power sonority and brilliancy of the largest pipe organ combined with pianissimo and forte effects which a reed organ could possess. Had we space or time we should like to give, at least a partial description of this splendid establishment; as it is, we can only ask of our readers to give Messrs. Guilford, Wood & Co., a call and see for themselves the many musical curiosities and attractions this store possesses.

THE early completion of the Georgia Western R. R., an ample supply of pure water for sanitary and other purposes, and one or more cotton factories are things greatly to be desired. But yet there is sure consolation that whether we have all these soon or not, we can go to Hitchcock & Turner's and get a full supply of Atlanta made soap, equal to the best, and as cheap as any. Let all go and get a supply and rejoice.

WHEN WILL THE KISSING TIME COME?—On Friday, a little fellow attending Mrs. Brown's private school, getting very restless and tired, asked, remembering that it was usually the custom to kiss the teacher before going home, after being dismissed, innocently asked, "how long would it be before kissing time came?"

PERSONAL.—General G. T. Anderson, Soliciting Freight Agent of the Great Southern Freight Line via Charleston, has his head quarters at 317 Broadway, N. Y.

Captain John Keely left last night for New York.

Henry F. Russell, Esq., one of Augusta's prime and solid inhabitants, passed through here yesterday en route home from the springs.

OWING to the Stone Mountain Baptist Association being in session at Indian Creek, the regular meeting of the Stone Mountain Agricultural Club has been postponed until the third Saturday in this month.

FIRST WARD DEMOCRATIC CLUB.—There will be a meeting of the First Ward Democratic Club at the R. E. Lee Engine House, on Monday evening, at eight o'clock, to reorganize and elect officers.

CONSIGNEES.

Georgia Central Railroad—Atlanta Division.

ATLANTA, Sept. 6, 1873.

H. F. Emory, H. T. Castleberry, Lemon & Langford, A. & S. Ruther ford, Peter Lynch, Crane, Boynton & Co., Chas. Fechter, T. B. Morgan, J. H. Carr, E. L. Dunn, Hunnicutt & Bellingrath, Henry Bates, W. May & Co, H. & J. Hirsch & Co. G. O. Hanleiter, W. Woodruff & Mack W. Johnson, P. & G. T. Dodd & Co, Silver, Dougherty & Co., Kinman & Fowler, A. C. Smith, Wm. Wellhouse, McNaught & Scrushy, Abbott & Bro, Atlanta Furniture Manufacturing Co., Regenstein & Bro, Morris & Bro, S. A. Nichols, Lee & Co, Bosworth & A. Witt & Joiner, Henry B. Tompkins, R. P. Zimmerman, Cheek & Co., Phillips, Crews & Co., Sam Inman, Williams, Langston & Cone, Guthmann & Haas, S. Frousnitzer & Co., Ingram & Flynn.

H. A. ENNIS,
Delivery Clerk.

MADISON SQUARE HOUSE,

Broadway and Twenty-First Street,

NEW YORK,

S. E. CRITTENDEN, PROPRIETOR,

(Late Proprietor of the Kimball House, Atlanta, Ga.)

Transient Board Four Dollars per Day.

Special Arrangements made for Board with Families from the South who wish to spend a few weeks in the city.

This Hotel is located in the most central part of the city. Several lines of street cars and stages constantly passing the door, makes it desirable for persons on business or pleasure.

The Proprietor is desirous of making this First Class Headquarters for his Southern friends.

june4-dtf